

UNIVERSITI TEKNIKAL MALAYSIA MELAKA

MACHINING DEVELOPMENT OF A TRIPARTITE RUBBER DIE HOLDER

This report submitted in accordance with requirement of the Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka (UTeM) for the Bachelor Degree of Manufacturing Engineering (Manufacturing Design)

by

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APPROVAL

This report is submitted to the Faculty of Manufacturing Engineering of UTeM as a partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Manufacturing Engineering (Manufacturing Design). The members of the supervisory committee are as follow:

Supervisor

ABSTRACT

The title of this project is "Machining Development of a Tripartite Rubber Die Holder". This project will discuss on the process selection and machining operation of manufacturing a Tripartite Rubber Die Holder. The Tripartite Rubber Die Holder is a set of dies includes in a manufacturing of CV joint boot rubber. The function of this die holder is to hold the CV joint boot rubber and eject it while it manufactured. This project is divided into three sections, first is design and analysis, second is material selection and third is machining development of a Tripartite Rubber Die Holder. For machining development of a Tripartite Rubber Die Holder, it consists of process planning, machining simulation by using CATIA software, generating NC codes and a detail step of machining operation on producing a Tripartite Rubber Die Holder. The process development of a Tripartite Rubber Die Holder is specifically based on the design and material proposed. All aspects from design consideration and material selection will gather together in order to produce the Tripartite Rubber Die Holder. By the end of this project we hope the new design of Tripartite Rubber Die Holder has improved and extend the life of the die holder.

ABSTRAK

Tajuk untuk projek ini adalah "Pembangunan pemesinan acuan pemegang getah". Projek ini akan membincangkan mengenai pemilihan proses dan operasi pemesinan untk menghasilkan acuan pemegang getah. Acuan pemegang getah merupakan salah satu komponen dalam pembuatan getah kelajuan malar sambungan but di kenderaan. Fungsi acuan pemegang getah ini adalah untuk menahan dan melepaskan getah kelajuan malar sambungan but semasa proses pembuatannya dijalankan. Keseluruhan projek ini merangkumi kepada tiga bahagian, pertama reka bentuk dan analisis, kedua pemilihan bahan dan ketiga pembangunan pemesinan acuan pemegang getah. Untuk pembangunan pemesinan acuan pemegang getah, maklumatnya adalah sepertin proses perancangan, simulasi pemesinan menggunakan perisian CATIA, penghasilan kod NC dan juga langkah pemesinan yang terperinci untuk menghasilkan acuan pemegang getah. Proses pembangunan pemegang getah ini juga berdasarkan dari reka bentuk dan juga pemilihan bahan yang telah dicadangkan. Semua aspek dari pertimbangan reka bentuk dan pemilihan bahan akan disatukan bersama untuk menghasilkan pemegang getah ini. Pada akhir projek ini kami berharap reka bentuk pemegang getah ini akan dipertingkatkan dan usia penggunaannya akan dipanjangkan.

DEDICATION

To my beloved mother Salmah Bte Abd Ghani, my father Zainal Abidin Bin Hj Abdullah and my siblings.

I love you all.

TABLE OF CONTENT

Abst	ract		i
Abst	rak		ii
Dedi	catio	n	iii
Ackr	owl	edgements	iv
Table	e of (Content	v
List	of Fi	gures	ix
List	of Al	breviations	xiv
		DDUCTION	1
1.1		ackground of the Company	1
1.2		ackground of the Project	2
1.3		oblem Statement	3
1.4		bjectives	4
1.5	So	cope and Limitation	4
2. LI	TEF	RATURE REVIEW	5
2.1	D	efinition of Die	5
2.2	D	es According to their Construction	6
2.	2.1	Die Making	6
2.	2.2	Significance of the Technology	7
2.	2.3	Variety of Dies and Mould	8
2.	2.4	Part, Die and Process Design	9
2.	2.5	Die and Mould Manufacturing	11
2.	2.6	Planning Design for Die and Mould Making	12
	2.	2.6.1 Parameter in Design Process of Die	13
2.3	M	achining Operation for Die	13
2.	3.1	Introduction	14
2.	3.2	Milling	14
2.	3.3	Lathe	15

2	2.3.4	1	Sawi	ng	16
		2.3.	4.1	Characteristics of Sawing Operation	17
2	2.3.5	5	Elect	rical Discharge Machine (EDM)	17
		2.3.	5.1	Wire EDM Design Considerations	19
2.4		Cut	ting T	Cools	19
2	2.4.1	l	Tool	Steel Characteristic	20
3. N	Æ]	(H	ODOI	LOGY	22
3.1		Ide	ntify l	PSM Title	22
3.2		Pro	ject D	Details Discussion	22
3.3		Lite	eratur	e Review	23
3.4		Dei	fine th	ne Problem Statement, Objective, and Scope	23
3.5		Me	thodo	logy	23
3.6		Pro	cess I	Development of a Tripartite Rubber Die Holder	24
3	.6.1	l	Stud	y and Compare both of the Tripartite Rubber Die Holders	24
			$(1^{st} s$	stage)	
3	3.6.2	2	Sorti	ng the Relevant and Appropriate Machining Operation (1st stage)	24
3	.6.3	3	Mac	hining Operation Identification (1st stage)	24
		3.6.	3.1	Lathe Machining	25
		3.6.	3.2	Wire EDM	27
		3.6.	3.3	Circular Sawing Machining	27
		3.6.	3.4	Milling Machining	28
3	6.6.4	1	Crea	te a Process Planning for Tripartite Rubber Die Holder	28
			$(2^{nd} s$	stage)	
3	.6.5	5	Cons	struct a Machining Process and Machining Simulation	29
			(2^{nd})	stage)	
3	.6.6	5	Fabr	ricate the New Tripartite Rubber Die Holder (2 nd stage)	29
3.7		Cor	npleti	ing Report and Submission	29
3.8		Sof	tware	Introduction	29
3.9		Ma	chine	and Specification	30
3	.9.1	l	Haas	CNC Lathe Machine	30
3	3.9.2	2	Bridg	geport CNC Milling Machine	31
3	.9.3	3	Mits	ubishi Wire EDM	32
3 10)	Me	asıırin	ng Instruments	33

3.	10.1	Coo	ordinate Measuring Machine (CMM)	33
3.	10.2	Dig	ital Calliper	34
3.11	Flo	w Ch	ıart	35
3.	11.1	Proj	ject Flow Chart	35
4. PF	ROCE	SS I	DEVELOPMENT OF A TRIPARTITE RUBBER DIE	38
H	OLDI	ER		
4.1	Pro	ject I	Description	38
4.	1.1	Des	ign Improvement	38
4.	1.2	Mat	terial Selection and Preparation	40
4.	1.3	Proc	cess Selection	41
4.2	Pro	cess	Planning	43
4.2	2.1	Calo	culation of Speed Rate and Feed Rate	43
	4.2.	1.1	Calculation for Turning/Lathe Machining	44
	4.2.	1.2	Calculation for Drilling Machining	47
	4.2.	1.3	Calculation for Milling Machining	48
4.3	CA	TIA	Machining	51
4.	3.1	CAT	ΓΙΑ Machining Procedure	51
	4.3.	1.1	Creating a Part Body in Lathe/Turning Machining	51
	4.3.	1.2	Creating a Stock in Lathe/Turning Machining	53
	4.3.	1.3	Creating Lathe Machining Operation for External Side	54
	4.3.	1.4	Creating Lathe Machining Operation for Internal Side	60
	4.3.	1.5	Creating a Part Body in Milling Machining	64
	4.3.	1.6	Creating a Stock in Milling Machining	67
	4.3.	1.7	Creating a Geometrical Set in Milling Machining	68
	4.3.	1.8	Creating Milling Machining Operation	7 1
4.4	Par	t Pro	gram	77
4.4	4.1	Gen	nerating NC Code for Lathe/Turning Operations	78
	4.4.	1.1	NC Code for Lathe/Turning Part Programming	79
4.	4.2	Gen	nerating NC Code for Milling Operations	80
	4.4.	2.1	NC Code for Milling Part Programming	81
4.5	Ma	chini	ing Operation	82
4	5.1	Exte	ernal Lathe Machining Operation	82
	4.5	1 1	Detail External Lathe Process Explanation	83

4	.5.2	Internal Lathe Machining Operation	85
	4.5	5.2.1 Detail Internal Lathe Process Explanation	86
4	.5.3	End Milling Machining Operation	88
	4.5	5.3.1 Detail of End Milling Explanation	89
4	.5.4	Wire EDM Operation	90
	4.5	5.4.1 Detail Wire EDM Explanation	91
5. R	ESUI	LT AND DISCUSSION	92
5.1	Th	ne Completion of a new Tripartite Rubber Die Holder	92
5	.1.1	Product Inspection	93
5	.1.2	Tool Holder and Inserts Selection	95
5	.1.3	Machining Comparison	96
5	.1.4	Limitation during Conducting this Project	97
6. C	ONC	LUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS	99
6.1	Co	onclusion	99
6.2	Re	ecommendations for Future Study	100
REI	ERE	ENCES	101
APF	END	DICES	
A	Ga	antt chart for PSM 1	
В	Ga	antt chart for PSM 2	
C	Ge	eneral Recommendation for Turning Operations	
D	Ge	eneral Recommendation for Drilling Operations	
E	Ge	eneral Recommendation for Milling Operations	
F	NO	C Code for Lathe/Turning Part Programming	
G	NO	C Code for Milling Part Programming	
Н	Lis	st of G Codes and M Codes	
I	Ne	ew Tripartite Rubber Die Holder	

LIST OF TABLES

2.1	Tool material classification	20
3.1	Haas CNC lathe specification	31
3.2	Bridgeport CNC milling specification	32
3.3	Mitsubishi wire EDM specification	33
4.1	Differences between existing Tripartite Rubber Die Holder	40
	and the new Tripartite Rubber Die Holder	
4.2	General properties of mild steel	41
4.3	Process planning for a Tripartite Rubber Die Holder	49
5.1	Inspection table	94
5.2	Tools and inserts specification	. 95
5.3	Machining Comparison between existing die holders and	97
	the new die holder	

LIST OF FIGURES

1.1	CV joint boot rubber (Wenzhou Wendong Rubber	2
	and Plastic Product Co., Ltd. 2010)	
1.2	Tripartite Rubber Die Holder	3
1.3	Tripartite Rubber Die Holder A	3
1.4	Tripartite Rubber Die Holder B	4
2.1	Die in manufacturing industry (Degarmo et al., 2003)	5
2.2	Position of die and mould machining in product life cycle (Altan et al., 2001)	8
2.3	Work piece characteristics in die and mould making (Altan et al., 2001)	9
2.4	Information flow and processing steps in die	12
	and mould manufacturing (Fallböhmer et al., 1996)	
2.5	Working Principle of Milling Machine (Singh & Manish, 2009)	15
2.6	Type of lathe operations (Ronald & Dennis, 2006)	16
2.7	Principle of the circular saw cut (Ettelt, 1987)	17
2.8	Working principle of Wire EDM machine (Ledvon, 2004)	19
3.1	Tripartite Rubber Die Holder A	25
3.2	Tripartite Rubber Die Holder B	25
3.3	Step turning	25
3.4	External taper turning	26
3.5	Straight turning	26
3.6	Drilling operation	26
3.7	Internal grooving operation	26
3.8	Threading operation	26
3.9	Shape of Tripartite Rubber Die Holder A	27
3.10	Shape of Tripartite Rubber Die Holder B	27
3.11	Wire EDM and circular sawing operation for both	28
	Tripartite Rubbers Die Holders	
3.12	Milling operation	28

3.13	Haas CNC lathe machine	30
3.14	Bridgeport CNC milling machine	31
3.15	Mitsubishi Wire EDM machine	32
3.16	Coordinate Measuring Machine (CMM)	34
3.17	Digital Calliper	34
3.18	The Flow Chart of the PSM 1	35
3.19	The Flow Chart of the PSM 2	36
3.20	Flow chart for process development of a Tripartite Rubber Die Holder	37
4.1	Detail drawing of a new Tripartite Rubber Die Holder	39
4.2	Differences between existing Tripartite Rubber Die Holder	40
	and the new Tripartite Rubber Die Holder	
4.3	Size of stock	41
4.4	Process development of a Tripartite Rubber Die Holder flow chart	42
4.5	Creating a solid part	51
4.6	Selecting the plane	52
4.7	Part body and shaft definition	52
4.8	Part body	53
4.9	Creating a stock	53
4.10	Stock dimension	54
4.11	Stock condition	54
4.12	Creating a point	54
4.13	Creating lines	54
4.14	Part operation parameter	55
4.15	Recognizing the part, stock and profile	55
4.16	Machining parameter	56
4.17	Defining stock element and part element for rouging operation	56
4.18	Defining stock element and part element for facing operation	57
4.19	Defining part element for finishing operation	57
4.20	Defining stock element and part element for grooving operation	58
4.21	Defining part element for finish grooving operation	58
4.22	Defining part element for finishing operation	59
4.23	Defining part element for threading operation	59
4.24	Replay mode	60

4.25	Video mode	60
4.26	Defining surface to spot drilling and drilling depth	61
4.27	Defining surface to drilling and drilling depth	61
4.28	Defining stock element and part element for rouging operation	62
4.29	Defining part element for finishing operation	63
4.30	Defining part element for internal grooving	63
4.31	Replay mode	64
4.32	Video mode	64
4.33	Creating an offset plane	65
4.34	Creating a sketch at part body	65
4.35	Pocket definition	66
4.36	Circular Pattern Definition	66
4.37	New part body	67
4.38	The stock	67
4.39	Part body inside stock	67
4.40	Creating a point	68
4.41	Full description of points	68
4.42	Defining Axis System	68
4.43	Creating a plane on surface	69
4.44	Ful description of planes	69
4.45	Creating an offset plane	70
4.46	Detail description of offset planes	70
4.47	Creating a point on plane	70
4.48	Detail description of point on plane	71
4.49	Detail geometrical part	71
4.50	Part operation parameter	72
4.51	Defining geometry of machining for pocketing operation	72
4.52	Defining first point movement	73
4.53	Defining second geometry machining for pocketing operation	73
4.54	Defining second point movement	74
4.55	Defining third point movement	74
4.56	Defining third geometry machining for pocketing operation	75
4.57	Defining fourth point movement	75
4.58	Replay mode	76

4.59	Video mode	76
4.60	Generating the NC code for lathe/turning operation	78
4.61	Generating the NC code for milling operation	80
4.62	Overall external dimension	82
4.63	External diameter	82
4.64	Roughing operation	83
4.65	Facing operation (Parashar & Mittal, 2004)	83
4.66	Finishing operation	84
4.67	Grooving operation	84
4.68	Chamfering operation (Parashar & Mittal, 2004)	85
4.69	Threading operation (DeGarmo, 2007)	85
4.70	Overall internal dimension	86
4.71	External and internal diameter	86
4.72	Centre drill tools (Hoose, 2007)	86
4.73	Centre drilling operation (Hoose, 2007)	87
4.74	Drilling operation (Sinotech Motors Group Ltd., 2009)	87
4.75	Boring operation (Parashar & Mittal, 2004)	88
4.76	Internal grooving operation	88
4.77	Pocketing dimension	89
4.78	End mill cutter (Courtesy of Dura-Mill Ltd.)	89
4.79	End milling operation (Kalpakjian & Schmid, 2006)	90
4.80	Wire EDM dimension	90
4.81	Wire EDM operation (Courtesy of Job Shop Company, 2011)	91
5.1	New Tripartite Rubber Die Holder	92
5.2	External side dimension	93
5.3	Internal side dimension	93
5.4	Diameter for external and internal side	93
5.5	CMM measuring	94
5.6	Digital calliper measuring	94
5.7	Type of tool holders and inserts	95
5.8	Tripartite Rubber Die Holder A	96
5.9	Tripartite Rubber Die Holder B	96
5.10	Tripartite Rubber Die Holder C	96

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

CV - Constant Velocity

Sdn - Sendirian

Bhd - Berhad

R & D - Research and Development

Ltd - Limited

EDM - Electrical Discharge Machine

ECM - Electro Chemical Machine

CAD - Computer Aided Design

CAM - Computer Aided Manufacturing

CATIA - Computer Aided Three-dimensional Interactive Application

CNC - Computer Numerical Control

NC - Numerical Control

ISO - International Standard Organization

PVD - Physical Vapour Deposition

CVD - Chemical Vapour Deposition

CMM - Coordinate Measuring Machine

APT - Automatically Programmed Tools

MCU - Machine Control Unit

UTeM - Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka

mm - Milimeter

m - Meter

min - Minute

sfm - Surface Feed Per-Minute

No. - Number

Rev - Revolution

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

Chapter 1 will give a brief explanation about this project, starting with the background of the company and the background of the project title, "Machining Development of a Tripartite Rubber Die Holder". This chapter will also discuss about the problem statement, the objectives, the scope and limitation for this project.

1.1 Background of the Company

Jebco Company (M) Sdn Bhd located at Kawasan Perindustrian Kg Jaya, Sungai Buluh, Selangor was incorporated in 1975 to produce custom molded rubber products, rubber compounds and moulds for industrial and automotive applications.

Today the company offers design and manufacturing solutions for the country leading automotive and other original equipment manufacturers in their requirements for molded and extruded rubber and plastic products. Their integrated design, tool and die facilities, manufacturing, assembly and R & D facilities offer customers competitive outsourcing advantages, such as access to computer modeling and simulation studies, advanced manufacturing technologies, shortened development as well as throughput time and commitment towards continuous product and process improvements.

ISO 9001 / QS 9000 certified, the company has received numerous quality and service awards from its customers. Its objective to pursue excellence saw the company's network through technical assistances with renowned companies such as

Tokai Rubber Ltd., Hyperlast Ltd., TARRC Ltd., Romar Engineering Pty Ltd.; its subsidiaries with Norcros Adhesives Ltd. And Chung Kwang Rubber Co. Ltd.

The company products are based on the moulded rubber products for all types of applications. Jebco Company (M) Sdn Bhd manufactures high quality products from synthetic and natural rubber for the automotive, motorcycle industries and also for the other diverse industrial application. Each product application places specific demands on the physical and dynamic characteristic properties of the rubber compound developed by Jebco Company (M) Sdn Bhd.

1.2 Background of the Project

Die holder is an essential tool widely used in manufacturing sector. As it well known various die holders have been utilized in the prior art which interface with rotating spindle of a machine tool such as milling or turning machine during cutting of a work piece. Thus, die design making operations play a critical role in maintaining maximum productivity. As for this project, the die holder is used in a CV joint boot rubber manufacturing as shown in figure 1.1. The die holder is one of the die set used to hold the CV joint boot rubber during the process of manufacturing. The shape of this die holder is cylindrical, at the front side of this die holder is diverged into three parts, meanwhile at the middle section of this die holder is slotted and at the end of the die holder is a thread which connected to the other die set. The name of tripartite come from front of this die set because it segmented into three parts as shown in figure 1.2.



Figure 1.1: CV joint boot rubber (Wenzhou Wendong Rubber and Plastic Product Co., Ltd. 2010)



Figure 1.2: Tripartite Rubber Die Holder

1.3 Problem Statement

Reducing a cost is one of the elements used in a company to maintaining their productivity. By reducing the cost of tool selected they also will face certain problem such as the durability and the toughness of the die holder. The problem that can be state in this project is about comparing the two die holders at the different design come with different manufacturer. The factor concerning about this problem where the die holder life span is different from each manufacturer. Thus by selecting appropriate manufacturing processes we will compare both existing die holder processes and the new die holder will be manufactured from the design proposed. Below are the two existing types of Tripartite Rubber Die Holder that used by this company for production of the product as shown in figure 1.3 and 1.4.

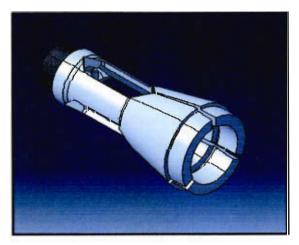


Figure 1.3: Tripartite Rubber Die Holder A

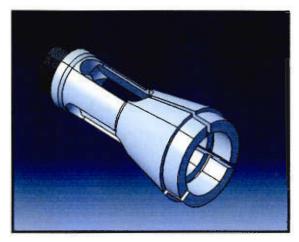


Figure 1.4: Tripartite Rubber Die Holder B

1.4 Objectives

To fulfil the requirement needed for this project, the objectives to be achieved at the end of this project are as below;

- (a) To investigate and propose the process selection of the manufacturing Tripartite Rubber Die Holder according to the proposed design.
- (b) To fabricate the Tripartite Rubber Die Holder according to the proposed processes.

1.5 Scope and Limitation

This project will cover the selected process regarding on the Tripartite Rubber Die Holder. This project will also contain all machining processes after the design proposed has completed and selected material is chosen. There are few limitations to complete this project. The limitation is when the university workshop does not have the material proposed, thus the material that will be use is either mild steel or aluminium. The second limitation is the machining operation, as the machining facilities is limited, thus the machining operation needs to be done at externally.

CHAPTER 2 LITERATURE REVIEW

Literature review or academic study is one earlier research process to help in process introduce new method for the process development of a Tripartite Rubber Die Holder. Through this method early retrieval on a project weakness and advantage will be acquired through study method and comparison with present method and equipment. With this literature review also a product produced can fulfil current need without fomenting.

2.1 Definition of Die

A die is a specialized tool used in manufacturing industries to cut or shape material using a press as shown in figure 2.1. Like moulds, dies are generally customized to the item they are used to create. Products made with dies range from simple paper clips to complex pieces used in advanced technology (Degarmo et al., 2003). According to Britannica Encyclopidia tool holder is a short steel bar having a shank at one end by which it is clamped to a machine and a clamp at the other end to hold small interchangeable cutting bits (Britannica Encyclopidia, 2010).



Figure 2.1: Die in manufacturing industry (Degarmo et al., 2003)

2.2 Dies According to their Construction

Dies and molds are composed of functional and support components that generally are cavity and core inserts in injection molding and die casting, die cavities in forging, and punch and die in stamping. Cavity and core inserts are usually machined out of solid blocks of die steel. However, large stamping dies and punches are often cast to near-final geometry with a machining allowance. Support components are standard parts and assure the overall functionality of the tooling assembly in such areas as alignment, part ejection, and heating or cooling. By using standard die and mold components, the time necessary for manufacturing a die is reduced, and machining is mainly devoted to producing the core and cavity, or the punch and the die (Altan et al., 2001). Therefore, die and mold makers are forced to develop and implement the latest technology in: part and process design including process modeling, rapid prototyping, rapid tooling, optimized tool path generation for high speed cutting and hard machining, machinery and cutting tools, surface coating and repair as well as in EDM and ECM (Cakir, 2005).

2.2.1 Die Making

Die making is one of the most common tooling procedures is the design and production of dies, i.e., die making. Industry uses a great variety of dies (Hwaiyu, 2004).

- (a) Stamping, blanking, and punching dies
- (b) Bending and forming dies
- (c) Combination or progressive dies
- (d) Forging dies
- (e) Dies for die casting metals and metal alloys
- (f) Beading dies (a form of bending die)
- (g) Extrusion dies
- (h) Drawing dies (for wire, rod, and bar)
- (i) Wire-form dies

There are considerable differences in a way dies are built to function. In some, the metal strip is fed through the die, which produces the desired part in stages. Another die makes a complete part with a single hit of a single station. According to their construction and function, all dies can be separated into the following four groups (Suchy, 1998).

- (a) Compound dies
- (b) Progressive dies
- (c) Steel-rule dies
- (d) Miscellaneous dies

2.2.2 Significance of the Technology

Die and mould making covers a broad range of activities, including:

- (a) Manufacturing of new dies and fixtures,
- (b) Maintenance and modifications, and
- (c) Technical assistance and prototype manufacturing for the customer as shown in figure 2.2.

Process development and die try-out as well as die maintenance are especially important because they tie up expensive production equipment and affect lead times. These activities must be scheduled and completed within very rigid deadlines. Such requirements make scheduling in a die shop an extremely challenging task. The automotive industry constantly tries to reduce the development time for new models which puts enormous pressure on die makers and requires new production systems (Altan et al., 2001).