

DESIGN OF APPLICATION WIRELESS HOME SPEAKER

SYAFIQAH BINTI SHAHRUZZAMAN

**This report is submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of
Bachelor of Electronic engineering (Telecommunication Electronics Engineering)
With Honours**

Faculty of Electronic and Computer Engineering

Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka

May 2011



UNIVERSITI TEKNIKAL MALAYSIA MELAKA

FAKULTI KEJURUTERAAN ELEKTRONIK DAN KEJURUTERAAN KOMPUTER

BORANG PENGESAHAN STATUS LAPORAN

PROJEK SARJANA MUDA II

Tajuk Projek : DESIGN OF APPLICATION WIRELESS HOME

Sesi Pengajian : 2010/2011

Saya SYAFIQAH BINTI SHAHRUZZAMAN mengaku membenarkan Laporan Projek Sarjana Muda ini disimpan di Perpustakaan dengan syarat-syarat kegunaan seperti berikut:

1. Laporan adalah hakmilik Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka.
2. Perpustakaan dibenarkan membuat salinan untuk tujuan pengajian sahaja.
3. Perpustakaan dibenarkan membuat salinan laporan ini sebagai bahan pertukaran antara institusi pengajian tinggi.
4. Sila tandakan () :

SULIT*

*(Mengandungi maklumat yang berdarjah keselamatan atau kepentingan Malaysia seperti yang termaktub di dalam AKTA RAHSIA RASMI 1972)

TERHAD**

** (Mengandungi maklumat terhad yang telah ditentukan oleh organisasi/badan di mana penyelidikan dijalankan)

TIDAK TERHAD

Disahkan oleh:

(TANDATANGAN PENULIS)

(COP DAN TANDATANGAN PENYELIA)

“I hereby declare this report is the result of my own work except for quotes as cited in the references.”

Signature :

Author : SYAFIQAH BINTI SHAHRUZZAMAN.....

Date :

“ I hereby declare that I have read this report and in my opinion this report is sufficient in terms of the scope and quality for the award of Bachelor of Electronic Engineering (Telecommunication Electronics) With Honours. “

Signature :.....

Supervisor's Name :.....ENGR. KHAIRUDDIN BIN OSMAN.....

Date :.....

Dedicated to my beloved mother and father

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

First of all, I would like to take this opportunity to express my outmost and sincere gratitude to my supervisor, Engr. Khairuddin Bin Osman. He has proved himself to be an excellent and devoted supervisor with his kindness and patience guiding me to finish out this project. He has advice, aspire and guide me through whole project with his idea and concept. Secondly, I would also like to thank my beloved parents and my family. They give me a lot of moral support and also finance to buy all things needed to finish out this project. Next, a lot thanks to Mohd Razlinzuliaaimi Bin Mohamad Razali because a lot of help and guidance in settling problem while doing this project. Thanks also to his friends because also involved in helping me finish out this project. Lastly, I would like to thank to my friend and course mate for sharing their knowledge with me.

ABSTRACT

Nowadays, people are chasing for technology because technology makes people life perfect and simple. To design, a person has to derive the mathematical calculation, simplify using control theorem, application on programming and derive using the model. Another simpler method is designing wireless speaker for people convenient. Wireless speaker is an application at home that uses simple basic programming and wireless circuit that connect each speaker inside the house by using controller on desktop. In a sense, wireless transmitter speaker can be a wireless communications operator that has been seen phenomenal growth in consumer demand for high quality and low cost services. This project focuses more on application of wireless in home. Users can used this system in home with easily control which speaker they want to be used. Digital communications technology provides efficiency, advantage over analog wireless communications; multiplexing and filtering is easier, components are cheaper, encryption is more secure and network management is easier. Additionally, digital technology provides more value In future, this project could help consumer in convenient way.

ABSTRAK

Saat ini, manusia mengejar pembangunan teknologi kerana teknologi mampu membuat hidup manusia mudah dan sempurna. Untuk merekacipta sesuatu, seseorang harus mengetahui perkiraan matematik, menggunakan teorem kawalan, menggunakan aplikasi program dan mengetahui menggunakan kaedah daripada model. Salah satu kaedah mudah adalah merancang sistem pembesar suara tanpa wayar unntuk keselesaan pengguna. Projek ini merupakan projek pembesar suara tanpa wayar dimana ia adalah sebuah aplikasi di rumah menggunakan sistem asas program yang mudah dan rangkaian sistem tanpa wayar yang dikawal dari komputer persendirian. Dalam erti kata lain, pembesar suara tanpa wayar boleh dikatakan kaedah komunikasi moden yang menjadi fenomena dalam permintaan pelanggan dari segi aspek kualiti dan perkhidmatan berkost rendah. Projek ini menekankan konsep aplikasi komunikasi tanpa wayar di rumah kerana pengguna boleh menggunakan sistem ini di rumah dengan mudah. Kesimpulannya, komunikasi digital teknologi dapat memberikan keuntungan, kelebihan dari komunikasi tanpa wayar analog; pemultipleksikan dan penapisan lebih mudah, komponen akan menjadi lebih murah, data sulit menjadi lebih selamat dan pengurusan rangkaian lebih mudah. Selain itu, teknologi digital memberikan kelebihan pada masa depan kerana ia dapat membantu pengguna dengan memudahkan cara.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

CHAPTER	TITLE	PAGE
	PROJECT TITLE	i
	REPORT'S STATUS APPROVAL FORM	ii
	DECLARATION	iii
	SUPERVISOR APPROVAL	iv
	DEDICATION	v
	ACNOWLEDGEMENT	vi
	ABSTRACT	vii
	ABSTRAK	viii
	TABLE OF CONTENTS	ix-xii
	LIST OF TABLES	xiii
	LIST OF FIGURES	xiv-xv
	LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	xvi-xvii
	LIST OF APPENDICES	xviii

I	1.0	INTRODUCTION	1
	1.1	Introduction	1-3
	1.2	Objectives	3
	1.3	Problem Statement	3-4
	1.4	Scope	4
	1.5	Expected Outcome	4-5
II	2.0	LITERATURE REVIEW	6
	2.1	Introduction to Wireless Speaker	6-13
	2.2	Transmitter and Receiver	14-18
	2.3	RF Repeater	18-21
	2.4	Modulator 315MHz	21
	2.5	PIC 18F4550	22-23
III	3.0	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	24
	3.1	Project Overview	24-25
	3.2	General Block Diagram	26
	3.3	Project Implementation	27-29
	3.4	Project Flowchart	30
	3.5	Hardware Design	31-37
	3.6	Audio Circuit	36-37

IV	4.0 RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS	40
	4.1 Introduction	40
	4.2 System Overview	41
	4.3 Planning Sketch Wireless System	41-42
	4.4 Analysis Result	43
	4.5 Final Result	44
	4.5.1 Delphi 7 Software	44
	4.5.2 PIC Circuit	45
	4.5.3 Transmitter and Receiver Circuit	46-47
V	5.0 CONCLUSIONS , RECOMMENDATION AND FUTURE PLANNING	48
	5.1 Conclusions	48-49
	5.2 Recommendation	49
	5.3 Future Planning	50

REFERENCES	51
APPENDIX A	52-53
APPENDIX B	54-55
APPENDIX C	56

LIST OF TABLES

NO	TITLE	PAGE
2.1	TWS-434a RF Transmitter Description	17
3.1	Gantt Chart For Psm I	38
3.2	Gantt Chart For Psm II	39

LIST OF FIGURES

NO	TITLE	PAGE
2.1	Placement router	9
2.2	Router Antenna Type	10
2.3	Wireless Repeater Position	11
2.4	Wireless Channel	12
2.5	Diagram of TWS-434A	15
2.6	Diagram of RWS-434 18	16
2.7	Diagram of TWS 434A RF Transmitter PIN Diagram	16
2.8	Transmitter and Receiver Circuit Sample	18
2.9	Basic Repeater Block Diagram	20
2.10	Modulator Diagram	21
2.11	PIC 18f4550 Diagram	23

3.1	General Block Diagram of the Project	26
3.2	Flow chart for PSM I activities sequences	27
3.3	Flow Chart for PSM II activities sequences	28
3.4	Flow chart about the System Process	30
3.5	General Concept of Hardware Part	31
3.6	RF Transmitter Circuit Reference	32
3.7	RF Receiver Circuit Reference	34
3.8	Figure of Power Supply Receiver	36
3.9	Audio Circuit	37
4.1	Planning Sketch Wireless System	42
4.2	Block Diagram Operation	43
4.3	Delphi 7 Interfacing Software	44
4.4	Schematic Circuit for PIC 18F4550	45
4.5	Combination of PIC and Transmitter Circuit	46
4.6	Receiver Circuit	47
4.7	Receiver circuit connected to speaker 1 and 2	47

LIST OF ABBREVIATION

RF	:	Radio Frequency
LOS	:	Line of Sight
Hz	:	Hertz
TV	:	Television
Volt	:	Voltage
USB	:	Universal Serial Bus
PC	:	Personal Computer
FM	:	Frequency Modulation
AF	:	Audio Frequency
Cm	:	Centimetres
CD	;	Compact disc
DC	:	Direct Current
BTS	:	Base Transceiver Station

ID	:	Initial device
dB	:	Decibel
RAM	:	Random Access Memory
Mbps	:	Mega Bit per Second
PIC	:	Peripheral Interface Controller
UART	:	Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter
ASK	:	Asynchronous Serial Communication
PWM	:	Pulse Width Modulation
LED	:	Light Emitting Diode
VCC	:	Common Collector Voltage
TX	:	Transmitter
RX	:	Receiver
FLL	:	Frequency Locked Loop
IC	:	Integrated Circuit
GUI	:	Graphical User Interface

LIST OF APPENDIX

NO	TITLE	PAGE
A	Coding PIC 18F4550	52-53
B	Datasheet Modulator of TX and RX Modulator	54-55
C	PCB Layout All circuit	56

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION TO PROJECT

1.1 Introduction

Wireless speakers are very similar to traditional loudspeaker that used wired, but they transmit audio signals using radio frequency (RF) waves rather than over audio cables. As things stand today, the term 'wireless' in the audio and video world does not mean 'wireless' - rather all it means is less wires. And this applies to any wireless speaker system presently. Still, this in itself can turn out to be a great advantage. Here, wireless speakers are composed of two units: a main speaker unit combining the loudspeaker itself with an RF receiver, and an RF transmitter unit.

The transmitter connects to the audio output of audio devices like speakers. Wireless technology is relatively new for home surround sound systems. There are two types of transmission media for wireless speakers. RF signal based systems, and infrared signal based systems. RF, or radio frequency based systems use radio signals to transmit data, and in this case music, to the remote receiver. RF systems commonly use radio frequencies between 300 MHz and 1000 MHz, with 900 MHz being the most common frequency. Transaction rates range up to 40,000 bits per second.

This technology does well for speaker systems that will not have direct LOS (line of sight) from the receiver to the transmitter. Some barriers, such as cement, metal, electronic devices, some plastics, and other materials interrupt or absorb RF signals. The speaker placement can be test by moving speakers around slightly to see where the best reception and audio quality is. This solution is common for outdoor speaker systems, systems that are located in a different room than the audio source, or home wide audio systems. In the location where it would like to place, the speakers is limited to areas of bad coverage, RF repeaters can be purchased to assist transmissions around barriers that are causing transmission problems.

These systems are susceptible to radio interference from electronic devices, although new technologies in shielding and spread spectrum solutions are making this less of an issue. RF systems tend to transmit more data, communicate further, are more reliable and are more expensive than the infrared alternative. A transmitter in a wireless network is responsible for generating a high power output signal with adequate signal strength to deliver a sender's message.

Wireless transmitters provide modulated radio waves to carry (transmit) data signals from one place to another that may include a radio frequency (RF) filter system

which is used to ensure that the integrity of a sender's message is not threatened by the many compromising system components that the signal encounters as it progresses through the transmitter.

1.2 Objectives

Following are the objectives set in this project:

- How wireless system were applied in speaker.
- Radio frequency were used as transmitter medium in transmitting signal
- Function of transmitter and receiver circuit.
- To develop high gain wireless transmitter by using a few medium.

1.3 Problem Statement

A common complaint against home audio systems has been the cables that interconnect the speakers to the audio receiver, tuner, CD player, or stereo units. As more and more channels are added to modern home audio equipment the problem of connecting the speakers to the audio sources has getting worst. Running cables through the house walls is messy and time consuming. Cables running over the carpet are a tripping hazard. Running cables along the ceiling or walls are just an eyesore. Some homes have a nice deck, patio or gazebo in the yard that is a common relaxation area for meeting and entertaining guests. Playing soft or popular music has a tendency to relax people, and help with awkward gaps in communications, as well as provide a topic of discussion when one isn't forthcoming. These wireless speaker acts as solver for a few problems that can be seen before.

1.4 Scope

These are a few scopes that cover in this project:

- a) This project will focus on using transmitter and receiver circuit in implementing the wireless signal between speakers by doing research on reference circuit. Thus, the function and operation of transmitter and receiver circuit will be study to accomplish this project. Either transmitter receiver circuit, Proteus software used is the main components to execute the task.
- b) In this project, RF signal were used as transmitting medium in wireless home application.
- c) Use transmitter and receiver circuit in implementing the wireless signal between speakers by doing research on reference circuit.
- d) Use Proteus software to simulate the design circuit analysis
- e) Use interfacing software, Delphi 7 to control the switches

1.5 Expected Outcome

The expected outcome of this project are this wireless speaker should be able to function in home in a maximum distance between each other by transmitting the signal between receiver and transmitter in a house with little interference signal from each other. The signal sent between the transmitter and receiver should be receive in a long distance with help by amplifier that will used where the area to be covered and capacity requirements do not justify the installation of a full base station system with managed frequency-channel allocation.

With this wireless speaker, problem come out from application using cable speaker can be solved with great way. The application of interfacing software will help this signal will be controlled on

CHAPTER 2

LITERATURE REVIEW

2.1 Introduction to Wireless Speaker

To make the objectives of this project successful, some step must be used as a starting step. First step should be taken is doing a research on wireless transmitter speaker system. Wireless speaker, as what can get from its name, is a new kind of speaker which works without dependence on lots of wires as the traditional one does. In this wireless speaker system, sound is transmitted though air. It is easy to be setup and if users have the hobby of holding parties regularly in home, it will be a real good choice. It can be moved freely in outdoors and user will never be worried about that the tangled wires may trip user friends up when holding a party in the garden.