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ELECTRONIC COMBINATION LOCK USING PIC

AZZAD FIRDAUS BIN ZOLKEPLI

This report is submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of Bachelor of Electronic Engineering (Industrial Electronics) With Honours.

Faculty of Electronic and Computer Engineering
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UNIVERSITI TEKNIKAL MALAYSIA MELAKA FAKULTI KEJURUTERAAN ELEKTRONIK DAN KEJURUTERAAN KOMPUTER BORANG PENGESAHAN STATUS LAPORAN PROJEK SARJANA MUDA II

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Saya AZZAD FIRDAUS BIN ZOLKEPLI

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Disahkan oleh:

FAUSTYAH BT SALEHUBDIN

Pensyerah

Fakulti Kej Elektronik dan Kej Komputer (FKEKK), Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka (UTeM),

Karung Berkunci 1200 Ayer Keroh, 75450 Melaka

Taman Tunas Jaya, 25300 Kuantan, Pahang Darul Makmur

Alamat Tetap: 15 Lorong Seri Setali 24

Tarikh: 12/5/2009

Tarikh: 12/5/2008

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"I hereby declare that this report is the result of my own work except for quotes as cited in the reference"

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Author

:Azzad Firdaus Bin Zolkepli

Date

"I hereby declare that I have read this report and in my opinion this report is sufficient in term of the scope and quality for the award of Bachelor of Electronic Engineering (Industrial Electronics) with Honours"

Signature

Supervisor's Name

: Puan Fauziyah Binti Salehuddin

Date

12/5/2008

This thesis is dedicated to my lovely family, my dearest mom, dad, brother, sister and my friends. Their love is the greatest support of this research journey far away from home.

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ABSTRACT

The Electronic Combination Lock project is a basic access control system. The 'Code Lock' ability will allow the rightful user to deploy the platform to any requires simple password-protection. that The PIC16F628A microcontroller used to ensure low costs. Possible applications may include such as vehicle protection, electronic safes and powered door locks. The following short thesis will explain how the early version was engineered and how to use the controller to accept valid passwords. With a little external hardware, the featured systems may easily be used to disengage an electric door strike or similar system.

ABSTRAK

Projek Kunci Kombinasi Elektronik adalah satu sistem kawalan akses yang asas. Keupayaan penggunaan kunci kod akan membenarkan pengguna untuk menggunakanya pada sebarang peralatan atau harta benda yang memerlukan perlindungan mudah menggunakan kata laluan. Mikropemproses PIC16F628A digunakan bagi memastikan projek ini berkos rendah. Aplikasi -aplikasi bagi projek ini adalah seperti perlindungan bagi kenderaan, peti besi elektronik dan pengunci pintu elektrik. Tesis projek ini akan menjelaskan bagaimana perancangan pembikinan projek ini diatur dan bagaimana menggunakan sistem untuk menerima sah kata laluan. Dengan komponen dan peralatan yang sedikit dalam pembikinan projek ini, sistem ini boleh digunakan untuk membuka pemukul pintu elektrik atau alatan yang sejenis dengannya

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

ACAlternate Current

DC **Direct Current**

Electrically erasable, programmable, read-only memory **EEPROM**

ICSP In-Circuit Serial Programming

IO Input Output

LED Light Emitting Diode

PIC Programmable Integrated Controller

RAM Random Access Memory

RISC Reduced Instruction Set Computer

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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 **Project Introduction**

Electronic combination lock using PIC is a basic access control system with an ability that allows the rightful user to deploy platform to any property that requires simple password protection. Electronic combination lock is a type of lock in which a sequence of numbers is used to open the lock. This type of lock uses a numerical code for authentication where the correct code must be entered in order for the lock to deactivate. The lock can be use with an outdoor gate or a normal door. The functionality of this lock is implemented in software. When the correct code is entered it will turns on a relay to open the door. This relay can operate a power to open magnetic lock.

The significant of this project is first eliminating the need for a key. When there is no key, it will allow each person who lives at a residence to enter home without a key. The lost and forgotten keys are problems of the past. Hence using the electronic combination lock, it will reduce the risk and liability of keys falling into wrong hands as a result being stolen or duplicated. The electronic combination lock, changing access code is more cost effective than the process of changing all keyed locks.

1.2 Project Objectives

The objectives of this project can be divided into three:

- To design a keyless door entry by using electronic combination lock.
- ii) To write a program to ensure the lock is functioning and the code is reprogrammable.
- iii) To construct an electronic combination lock circuit using PIC microcontroller.

1.3 Problem Statement

The problem statement of this project is when locking a door using a traditional key, the common problem is losing the key and lock can be tampered or picked. Another problem using a key to lock a door is, if the key is missing or stolen it can be duplicated, and to solve this we have to change the whole set of locking mechanism for security reason. By using electronic combination lock, this problem may not occur and can be solve. The personal identification number that is used to lock the door is reprogrammable.

1.4 Project Scope

The scope of this project is mainly about electronic access control using code identification system. The circuit is designed to be low-end and low-cost that will focus mainly on affordability and simplicity. The circuit will be controlled by one microcontroller that is PIC microcontroller. By using PIC microcontroller, it can be program using C language or assembly language. The keypad will act as input and send the signal to the microprocessor for processing. The signal that has been processed then will be send to the relay for locking or other function.

1.5 Report Structure

This thesis is a documentary delivering the idea generated concepts applied, activities done, and the preliminary final project product itself. It consists of five chapters. Following is a chapter by chapter description of the information in this thesis.

Chapter 1 will includes the background, objective, problem statement, all the necessary scope of work regarding the project and briefly describe about the project methodology.

Chapter 2 is a literature review on theoretical concepts applied in this project. This chapter will explain and discuss about the project and the component that use in this project.

Chapter 3 will discuss about the project methodology and introduces the construction of the project, which involves hardware development and software development. This chapter will explain about the approach taken in order to achieve the objectives of the project and a closer look on how the project is implemented.

Chapter 4 will be described the final outcome of this project and analysis that have been done to justify its function and to make sure it meets the objectives of project.

Chapter 5 will conclude the project and how it can be improved for further development.

CHAPTER 2

BACKGROUND OF THE STUDY

2.1 Introduction

Access control has existed as concepts for as long as human have had assets worth protecting. Guard, gates and lock have been used since ancient times to limit individual access to valuables. Access control can take many forms. In addition to determining whether a user has rights to use a resource, the access control system may constrain when and how the resource may be used. Combination lock is one of mechanism that used to implement the concept of access control [3]. Combination lock can be divided into two groups that are mechanical and electrical. Mechanical combination locks exist since 11th century. The first known combination lock was invented in 1206 by the Arab scholar, inventor and mechanical engineer al-Jazari[8]. Gerolamo Cardano later described a combination lock in the 16th century. An electronic lock is a locking device which operates by means of electric current. Electric locks are sometimes stand-alone with an electronic control assembly mounted directly to the lock. More often electric locks are connected to an access control system. Electronic locks offer a variety of means of authentication such as biometrics, key token, numerical codes, passwords and passphrases. combination lock using PIC consist of three essential elements that are keypad, microcontroller and relays. The relay will be use as a switch to trigger the electromagnetic lock and the illumination.

2.2 Keypad

Keypad according to American Heritage Dictionary is an input device, sometimes part of a standard computer keyboard, consisting of a separate grid of numerical and function keys arranged for efficient data entry [1]. Keypads are often used as a primary input device for embedded microcontrollers. The keypads actually consist of a number of switches, connected in a row/column arrangement as shown in Table 2.1. In this project, the keypad used is a 4x4 keypad that is keypad that has 4 column and 4 rows creating 16 buttons. Table 2.1 below is a layout for 4x4 keypad.

			, []	
1	2	3	A	Row 0
4	5	6	В	Row 1
7	8	9	С	Row 2
*	0	#	D	Row 3
Column 0	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	

Table 2.1: Keypad Layout[2].

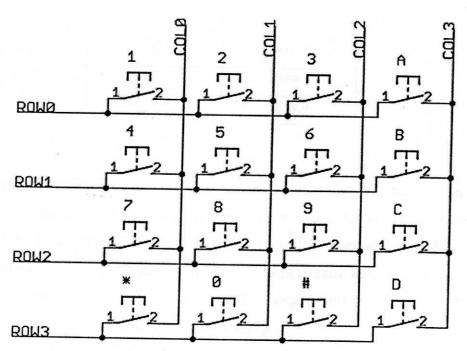


Figure 2.1: Schematic of a 4x4 keypad.



Figure 2.2: Actual Keypad [2].

Table 2.2: Output Arrangement [2].

Output Pin Number	Symbol
1	Column 1
2	Column 2
3	Column 3
4	Column 4
5	Row 1
6	Row 2
7	Row 3
8	Row 4

Table 2.2 shows an arrangement for the keypad that will be used in this project. Different keypad has different arrangements. For this keypad that has 16 key (4x4) the first four output pin is for columns and the second four is for rows. The advantage of using these keypad instead 12 keys is extra letters in code can be use enabling more secured access code. The keypad will be act as input and connected to the microprocessor for processing [2].