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A FEASIBILITY STUDY ON 'HIGHWAY DUMMY SIGNAL' POWERED BY SOLAR ENERGY

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This report is being proposed as a partial fulfillment in the requirement for bestowal of Degree in Bachelor of Mechanical Engineering (Thermal-Fluids)

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> > MAY 2009



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"I hereby, declare this report is the result of my own research except as cited in the references"

Signatures	:
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For Beloved My Father and Mother



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ABSTRACT

Solar energy is a form of energy produced from the sunlight and it is a renewable while friendly to the environment. This solar energy can be converted to electrical energy through a photovoltaic process or also known as solar cells, which it is a device that made up from a semiconductor and capable to transform the sunlight to electrical energy in a form of direct current (DC). Therefore, realizing the advantages of this energy, many academicians and researchers has involved in elevating the technology of this energy and study the feasibility in daily life instead of creating various devices that use solar energy as the power sources. Thus, this report is made to study the feasibility and design a 'Highway Dummy Signal' as an alternative to the battery operated. This report is also contained the methodology to build the 'Highway Dummy Signal' based on solar energy system. Apart from that, this report has also studied the difference of total cost for the both systems and the time duration for capital returning when using solar energy system.

ABSTRAK

Tenaga solar ialah satu bentuk tenaga yang terhasil daripada sinaran Matahari yang mana tenaga ini merupakan sumber tenaga yang boleh diperbaharui dan tidak mencemarkan alam sekitar. Tenaga solar yang terhasil ini dapat ditukar kepada tenaga elektrik melalui proses photovoltaic (PV) dan dikenali juga sebagai sel-sel solar, iaitu suatu alat yang diperbuat daripada semikonduktor yang berupaya menukar cahaya Matahari kepada tenaga elektrik dalam bentuk arus terus (DC). Oleh itu, menyedari akan kelebihan tenaga ini, ramai ahli akademik dan pengkaji melibatkan diri dalam meningkatkan lagi teknologi tenaga ini dan mengkaji kesesuaiannya dalam kegunaan seharian disamping mereka pelbagai alat yang menggunakan tenaga solar sebagai sumber tenaga elektrik. Justeru, laporan ini disediakan untuk mengkaji kebolehlaksanaan dan mereka bentuk sebuah ' Highway Dummy Signal' daripada menggunakan sistem bateri sebagai sumber tenaga elektrik kepada satu sistem yang berasaskan kepada tenaga solar. Kertas kajian ataupun laporan ini turut mengandungi metodologi untuk mereka bentuk 'Hihgway Dummy Signal' berasaskan sistem tenaga solar. Disamping itu, laporan ini juga mengkaji perbezaan kos keseluruhan untuk kedua-dua sistem dan jangka masa pulangan modal apabila menggunakan sistem tenaga solar.

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LIST OF SYMBOLS

PV	=	Photovoltaic
%	=	Percent
	—	
\$	=	Dollar
VAC	=	Voltage alternating current
RPM	=	Revolution per minute
a-Si	=	Amorphous Silicon
+/-	=	Plus minus
Pb-acid	=	Lead-acid
NiCd	=	Nickel-cadmium
NiMH	=	Nickel-metal hydride
Li-ion	=	lithium-ion
Li-poly	=	lithium-polymer
E _i	=	Voltage input
Q_d	=	Ah of discharge
R _i	=	Internal resistance
Eo	=	Voltage output
Ro	=	Resistance output
K ₁ , K ₂	=	Constant
$I^2 R_L$	=	External load resistance
$I^2 R_i$	=	Internal loss
η	=	Efficiency
Ι	=	Output current
I ₀	=	Current with normal sun

θ	=	Angle of the sunline
Т	=	Reference temperature
α, β	=	Temperature coefficient
3D	=	Three dimension
DC	=	Direct current
ρ	=	Density
v	=	Volume
m	=	Mass
Т	=	Torque
F	=	Force
d	=	Distance
W	=	Weight
Ν	=	North
Е	=	East
O&M	=	Operation and Maintenance
NPC	=	Net Present Cost
hr	=	Hour
RM	=	Ringgit Malaysia

LIST OF UNITS

mm ³	=	Milimeter cubic
kWh/day	=	kilowatt-hour per day
kW	=	kilowatt
MJ/m ²	=	Mega joule per meter square
ZJ	=	Zettajoule
W/m^2	=	Watt per meter square
Ah	=	Ampere-hour
W	=	Watt
V	=	Voltage
Amp	=	Ampere
m	=	Meter
cm	=	Centimeter
mm	=	Millimeter
Nm	=	Newton.meter
kg	=	Kilogram
Wh	=	Watt-hour
°C	=	Degree Celcius
\$/kWh	=	Dollar per kilowatt-hour

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CHAPTER 1



CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background Study

Solar energy is the radiant light and heat from the Sun that has been harnessed by humans since ancient times using a range of ever-evolving technologies. This energy is produced when the insulation surface in solar cell such as silicon is affected. This beam will charge ions in this silicon and produced a power namely electricity or fondly known as solar energy. Realizing the advantages and goodness of using solar energy, a study is made to replace battery consumption as source of electricity supply to system solar. Medium use to this study is highway dummy signal because this tool is customary expended at construction site such as on highways where there is no electricity supply from grid. Furthermore, highway dummy signal nowadays uses battery as main source to supply electricity to move motor. Like those known, battery should always being charged to ensure energy produce is enough and battery need neat care to extend life span of the battery. So, this study is aimed to compare suitability and advantages in using solar system in highway dummy signal with battery consumption.