

ENHANCEMENT OF MALWARE DETECTION TECHNIQUE



UNIVERSITI TEKNIKAL MALAYSIA MELAKA

## BORANG PENGESAHAN STATUS TESIS\*

JUDUL: ENHANCEMENT OF MALWARE DETECTION TECHNIQUE

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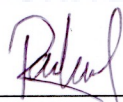
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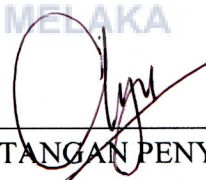
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ENHANCEMENT OF MALWARE DETECTION TECHNIQUE



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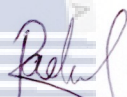
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## DEDICATION

I would like to dedicate this project to my beloved family for giving me their continuous support, love and affection while I am developing this project. Besides, I would like to dedicate this project to my respected supervisor, Dr Siti Rahayu Binti Selamat who has been a constant source of knowledge and inspiration. Her guidance and expertise have helped me a lot in the process of developing this project.



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## ABSTRACT

Recently, the number of malware has been growing exponentially. As the number of malware is growing rapidly and they can evade from detection, the difficulty in detecting malware becomes a crucial problem that is faced in the malware detection field. This problem leads to a need of an improved malware detection technique. Thus, the aim of this project is to enhance the malware detection technique. The objectives of this project are to identify the parameter for detecting malware attack and to enhance the malware detection technique. The methodology used to carry out the project involves seven main phases namely literature review phase, data collection phase, analysis phase, design phase, algorithm development phase, testing phase and documentation phase. The main processes involved are such as conducting research on malware detection, collecting network traffic data, analysing the network traffic data collected, designing the experiment and detection algorithm, testing the detection algorithm developed and doing the project documentation. In the end of the project, a detection algorithm that uses the detection parameters identified is developed. As the future works for this project, the detection algorithm may be developed to a more robust system and improved further to cover on the malware prevention.

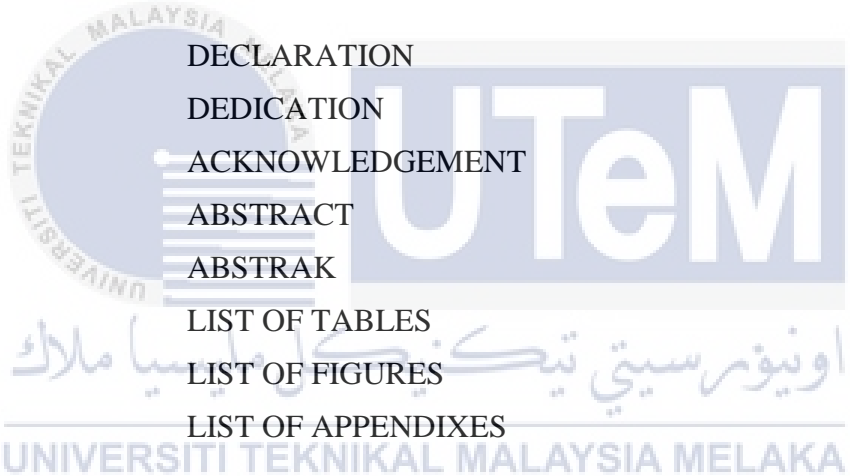


## ABSTRAK

Kebelakangan ini, bilangan *malware* telah berkembang dengan pesat. Oleh kerana bilangan *malware* berkembang pesat dan berkemungkinan akan terlepas daripada pengesanan, kesukaran dalam mengesan *malware* telah menjadi masalah yang dihadapi dalam bidang pengesanan *malware*. Masalah ini membawa kepada keperluan untuk teknik pengesanan *malware* yang lebih baik. Oleh itu, tujuan projek ini adalah untuk menambahbaik teknik pengesanan *malware*. Objektif projek ini adalah untuk mengenalpasti *parameter* untuk mengesan serangan *malware* dan menambahbaik teknik pengesanan *malware*. Kaedah yang digunakan untuk menjalankan projek ini melibatkan tujuh fasa utama iaitu fasa kajian literatur, fasa pengumpulan data, fasa analisis, fasa reka bentuk, fasa pembangunan algoritma, fasa pengujian dan fasa dokumentasi. Proses-proses utama yang terlibat adalah seperti membuat penyelidikan tentang pengesanan *malware*, mengumpul data trafik rangkaian, menganalisis data trafik rangkaian yang telah dikumpul, mereka bentuk eksperimen dan algoritma pengesanan, menguji algoritma pengesanan dan membuat dokumentasi projek. Di akhir projek, algoritma pengesanan yang menggunakan *parameter* pengesanan yang dikenalpasti telah dibangunkan. Sebagai kerja-kerja masa depan untuk projek ini, algoritma pengesanan ini boleh dibangunkan kepada sistem yang lebih mantap dan dipertingkatkan lagi untuk meliputi pencegahan *malware*.



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## CHAPTER I

### INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Introduction

Malware or malicious software is a program that is designed to purposely infiltrate or destruct a computer system without the owner's knowledge. It can appear in the form of code, scripts, active content and other software (Ashwini Mujumdar *et al.*, 2013). Malware disrupts computer operations, gathers sensitive information or gains access to private computer systems by infecting the system with malicious code. Malware are software that are created with malicious intent, it does not include software that causes accidental harm due to its vulnerability or deficiency.

Malware detection technique is the technique used to identify or detect malware. It is crucial to detect malware as soon as possible to prevent a system from being used by the malware for malicious purposes. Hence, it is important to have a robust detection technique that can detect as much malware as possible. Signature based detection technique works on the byte sequences and hashes of the known malware. These signatures are saved in a large database of the Antivirus products (Farid Daryabar *et al.*, 2012). Signature based detection detects a malware by matching the signature of the suspected malware to the signature in the database.

On the other hand, behaviour based detection technique is a type of detection technique that concentrates on the behaviour of a program to determine whether it is malicious or not. Since the signature based anti-malware systems are built on the basis of known malware, they cannot detect new, unknown malware or even variants of known malware. Thus, without accurate signatures, this technique cannot effectively detect polymorphic malware (Ashwini Mujumdar *et al.*, 2013). Behaviour based detection can overcome the signature based detection's weakness of unable to detect unknown malware that do not have a signature stored in the database. Therefore, the signature based detection should be enhanced so that it can be more effective in detecting malware.

## 1.2 Problem Statement (PS)

As the number of malware increases rapidly nowadays, the signature based detection has difficulty in detecting the unknown malware as the signature of the malware might not be created yet when it starts to attack. Due to this problem, the malware can evade the detection technique easily. Thus, the signature based detection should be improved so that it can be more effective in detecting malware.

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Table 1.1: Summary of Problem Statement

| PS              | Problem Statement   |
|-----------------|---|
| PS <sub>1</sub> | Difficulty in detecting malware as malware can evade detection technique. |

## 1.3 Project Question (PQ)

The question of the project is how to detect a malware. There are new or unknown malware variants being created every day. Besides, there are polymorphic and metamorphic malware. Polymorphic malware mutates while keeping the original code in

contact and metamorphic malware reprogram itself using obfuscation technique where the children malware is different from the parent malware (Mathur and Hiranwal, 2013). These malware can easily evade from signature based detection because for each new variant, it has a different signature. Thus, signature based detection cannot identify them.

Table 1.2: Summary of Project Question

| PS              | PQ              | Project Question         |
|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| PS <sub>1</sub> | PQ <sub>1</sub> | How to detect a malware? |

#### 1.4 Project Objective (PO)

The objective of this project is to identify the parameter for detecting malware attack. Besides, the other objective of this project is to enhance the malware detection technique so that it can detect both known and unknown attack efficiently. The enhanced malware detection technique will be able to facilitate in the malware detection.

Table 1.3: Summary of Project Objective

| PS              | PQ              | PO              | Project Objective                                       |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---|
| PS <sub>1</sub> | PQ <sub>1</sub> | PO <sub>1</sub> | To identify the parameter for detecting malware attack. |
|                 |                 | PO <sub>2</sub> | To enhance malware detection technique.                 |

#### 1.5 Project Scope

The scope of this project includes the network traffic data that is used in the analysis phase to get the malware's attributes that will be used as the detection parameters. The malware type that is used is Sasser worm. Tcpdump is used to collect the Sasser worm's network traffic while Wireshark is used to analyse the network traffic collected.



Java programming language is used to develop the detection algorithm. SQLite database is used to store the detection parameters and detection results. This project covers only on detection while prevention is not covered.

## 1.6 Project Contribution (PC)

Antivirus and Intrusion Detection System companies may benefit from this project because the determined parameter may help these companies to enhance the current detection technique they use in their products. Besides, it might help them to detect malware attack especially unknown malware attack more easily. The second contribution is the enhancement of malware detection technique. As the enhanced detection technique can detect known and unknown attack, it may contribute in helping the investigator on detecting malware more effectively.

Table 1.4: Summary of Project Contribution

| PS              | PQ              | PO              | PC              | Project Contribution                        |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---|
| PS <sub>1</sub> | PQ <sub>1</sub> | PO <sub>1</sub> | PC <sub>1</sub> | Parameter for detecting malware attack.     |
|                 |                 | PO <sub>2</sub> | PC <sub>2</sub> | Enhancement of malware detection technique. |

## 1.7 Project Methodology

The project methodology includes doing the literature review, data collection, analysis, design, algorithm development, testing and documentation. In literature review phase, the malware, detection process, detection techniques, parameter and network traffic will be analysed and analysis will be done to determine which detection technique should be enhanced so that it can be more effective in detecting malware. The second phase is data collection, the network traffic data of the Sasser worm will be captured and collected.

Then, the data collected from the second phase will be analysed in the third phase which is the analysis phase. The fourth phase is design. The experiment and detection algorithm will be designed in this phase. Next, the detection algorithm will be developed in the fifth phase which is the implementation phase. Then, the sixth phase is testing, the detection algorithm will be tested to determine whether it can detect the Sasser worm's attack. The last phase is the documentation such as producing final report and final presentation.

## 1.8 Thesis Organization

### Chapter 1: Introduction

This chapter discusses the introduction of the project, problem statement, project question, project objective, project scope and project contribution.

### Chapter 2: Literature Review

This chapter consists of the literature review of the main topics in this project. These include the analysis of the malware, detection process, detection techniques, parameter and network traffic data. Justification of the selected malware, detection process, detection technique and parameter used in the project will be presented.

### Chapter 3: Project Methodology

This chapter discusses the project methodology and describes the activities that are carried out in each phase in details. A milestone of the project is represented using a table.

### Chapter 4: Design

This chapter discusses on the experiment approach that will be used, data analysis process, analysis of Sasser worm attack and the detection algorithm design. The network design will be created and the flowchart of the detection algorithm design will be produced.