BIOMETRIC SMART LOCK USING CONVOLUTIONAL NEURAL NETWORK AND K-NEAREST NEIGHBOR



UNIVERSITI TEKNIKAL MALAYSIA MELAKA

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JUDUL: BIOMETRIC SMART LOCK USING CONVOLUTIONAL NEURAL NETWORK AND K -NEAREST NEIGHBOUR

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BIOMETRIC SMART LOCK USING CONVOLUTIONAL NEURAL NETWORK AND K-NEAREST NEIGHBOR

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This report is submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the Bachelor of Computer Science (Artificial Intelligence) with Honours.

FACULTY OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITI TEKNIKAL MALAYSIA MELAKA

DECLARATION

I hereby declare that this project report entitled

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is written by me and is my own effort and that no part has been plagiarized without citations.



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DEDICATION

This project is dedicated to all the individuals who have experienced the inconvenience and potential safety risks associated with traditional locks and security systems. To those who have struggled with lost keys, forgotten passwords, or the fear of break-ins, this project represents a step forward in the pursuit of smarter, more intuitive security solutions.

In particular, we would like to dedicate this project to the countless homeowners, business owners, and property managers who have recognized the need for more advanced security measures but have struggled to find a solution that is both effective and user-friendly. It is our hope that this project will provide a viable alternative to traditional lock-and-key systems, making it easier and more convenient for everyone to secure their homes and businesses.

We also want to express our gratitude to our families, who have been a constant source of support and encouragement throughout this project. Their unwavering belief in our abilities and their willingness to lend a helping hand have been invaluable to us, and we would not have been able to accomplish this without them.

Finally, we would like to dedicate this project to the countless researchers, engineers, and developers who have dedicated their lives to advancing the field of biometrics and unlocking the potential of facial and fingerprint recognition technology. We stand on the shoulders of giants, and we are grateful for their contributions to this important and exciting field.

May this project serve as a testament to the power of innovation, dedication, and collaboration in creating a better and safer world for all.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I would like to take this opportunity to express our heartfelt gratitude to the following individuals and organizations for their invaluable contributions to this project: My project advisor, PROFESOR MADYA GS. DR. ASMALA BIN AHMAD, for providing us with guidance, feedback, and support throughout the entire project. Your expertise and insights in the field of biometric security systems have been instrumental in helping us navigate the complex and ever-changing landscape of this cutting-edge technology. Your dedication and commitment to my success have been truly inspiring, and I am are grateful for the opportunity to work under your mentorship. Your enthusiasm and dedication have been instrumental in keeping us motivated and focused on the task at hand. The exchange of ideas, insights, and perspectives has enriched our understanding of the subject matter and enabled us to see the project from different angles. I appreciate your contributions and are proud to have collaborated with such talented and dedicated individuals. Finally, we would like to acknowledge our families and loved ones, especially our beloved parents, for their unwavering support and understanding throughout this project. Your encouragement, patience, and belief in our abilities have been the driving force behind my success. You have been my pillars of strength, providing me with the love, motivation, and emotional support that I needed to overcome the challenges and obstacles that we faced along the way. I are grateful for your sacrifices and proud to have you as our families. Without the support and contributions of these individuals and organizations, this project would not have been possible. I are honored to have had the opportunity to work on this project and grateful for what we have accomplished together.

ABSTRACT

Biometric Smart Lock using Convolutional Neural Network and K-Nearest Neighbors is a sophisticated security system that provides a secure and efficient alternative to traditional lock systems. The project uses the OpenCV library in Python, which provides robust image and video processing capabilities. The system consists of a camera and a fingerprint scanner, which capture the biometric information of the user. The camera captures the face of the user in real-time, which is processed using the Convolutional Neural Network classifier algorithm to detect and identify facial features. Once the face is recognized, the fingerprint scanner is activated to capture the user's fingerprint. The fingerprint data is then compared with a database of known fingerprints using the cv2.FlannBaseMatcher K-NN algorithm to find the most similar fingerprint. If the fingerprint matches with the database, the lock is unlocked, and the user gains access. The use of biometric information ensures that only authorized users are granted access, eliminating the need for traditional keys and passwords. The system's facial and fingerprint recognition capabilities provide an additional layer of security. The Convolutional Neural Network classifier algorithm is particularly wellsuited for facial recognition, while the K-Nearest Neighbors algorithm is ideal for fingerprint matching. The project's focus on security and efficiency makes it an ideal solution for a wide range of applications, including home security, office security, and beyond. Overall, the Biometric Smart Lock using Convolutional Neural Network and K-Nearest Neighbors project provides an innovative and secure approach to lock systems that leverages the power of facial and fingerprint recognition technologies. The project's use of state-of-the-art algorithms and image processing techniques ensures fast and accurate recognition of the user's face and fingerprint.

ABSTRAK

Kunci Pintar Biometrik menggunakan Convolutional Neural Network dan KNearest Neighbors adalah sistem keselamatan yang canggih yang menyediakan alternatif yang selamat dan efisien untuk sistem kunci tradisional. Projek ini menggunakan pustaka OpenCV dalam bahasa Python, yang menyediakan kebolehan pemprosesan imej dan video yang kukuh. Sistem ini terdiri daripada kamera dan pengimbas cap jari, yang merekod maklumat biometrik pengguna. Kamera mengambil gambar wajah pengguna secara langsung, yang diproses menggunakan algoritma pengelas Convolutional Neural Network untuk mengesan dan mengenal pasti ciri-ciri wajah. Setelah wajah dikenali, pengimbas cap jari diaktifkan untuk menangkap cap jari pengguna. Data cap jari kemudian dibandingkan dengan pangkalan data cap jari yang diketahui menggunakan algoritma cv2.FlannBaseMatcher K-NN untuk mencari cap jari yang paling serupa. Jika cap jari sepadan dengan pangkalan data, kunci akan terbuka, dan pengguna akan memperoleh akses. Penggunaan maklumat biometrik memastikan hanya pengguna yang dibenarkan diberi akses, menghapuskan keperluan untuk kunci dan kata laluan tradisional. Kemampuan pengenalan wajah dan cap jari sistem memberikan lapisan keselamatan tambahan. Algoritma pengelas Convolutional Neural Network khususnya sesuai untuk pengenalan wajah, manakala algoritma KNearest Neighbors sesuai untuk pemadanan cap jari. Fokus projek pada keselamatan dan kecekapan menjadikannya penyelesaian yang sesuai untuk pelbagai aplikasi, termasuk keselamatan rumah, keselamatan pejabat, dan lain-lain. Secara keseluruhan, projek Kunci Pintar Biometrik menggunakan Convolutional Neural Network dan KNearest Neighbors menyediakan pendekatan yang inovatif dan selamat untuk sistem kunci yang memanfaatkan teknologi pengenalan wajah dan cap jari. Penggunaan algoritma canggih dan teknik pemprosesan imej memastikan pengenalan wajah dan cap jari pengguna yang cepat dan tepat.

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

FYP - Final Year Project
OTP - One Time Password

KNN - K-Nearest Neighbor

CNN - Convolutional Neural Network

CV2 - Computer Vision 2 Library

OpenCV - Open Source Computer Vision Library

LBP - Local Binary Pattern

LDA - Linear Discriminant Analysis

PCA - Principal Component Analysis

LFW - Labeled Face In Wild

IJB-A - IARPA Janus Benchmark A

RAM - Random Access Memory

SIFT Scale-Invariant Feature Transform

FVC Fingerprint Verification Competition

NumPy - Numerical Python

SDK - Software Development Kit

IDE - Integrated Development Kit

CCTV - Closed Circuit Television

ZK Company Name

CRISP - Cross Industry Standard Process

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DM - Data Mining

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CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION

1.1 Introduction

In the modern world, security concerns are becoming increasingly prevalent, and traditional locks are no longer sufficient to provide the necessary protection against theft and other safety issues. In response to this need, various technologies have been developed, including facial recognition and password-protected locks, which have proven to be less than perfect. Despite their numerous advantages, they are still vulnerable to accuracy issues. The purpose of this report is to present a project that aims to develop a biometric smart lock using Convolutional Neural Network (CNNs) and K-nearest neighbour (kNN) to make it more secure than traditional locks. The system will require both facial and fingerprint recognition to access the lock, overcoming the problems associated with using just one recognition technology.

The project will develop software that provides facial and fingerprint recognition with high accuracy, increasing the safety of locks and ensuring the security and accuracy of user identification and authentication. The modules to be developed include the face and fingerprint recognition module, the data management module, and the authentication module. The target users of this system are homeowners, business owners, tech-savvy users, and travelers.

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This objectives of the project, are to identify the requirement for developing facial and fingerprint recognition system, develop the facial and fingerprint recognition technique based on Convolutional Neural Network and K-Nearest Neighbour, and to test the system through quantitative and qualitative approaches. The end result will be a web-based software that allows the user to upload both facial and fingerprint images for training the algorithm to identify the user's biometric information. The system is expected to only let the rightful owner access the lock and eliminate any small noises that may interfere with the recognition. The development of this system is expected to benefit users by allowing them to maintain enhanced privacy and security over their belongings and places. This chapter will provide an overview of the project, its objectives, and the technologies involved in its development.

1.2 Problem Statement

- 1) Most biometric-based lock systems consider only single biometric recognition and therefore are less secured.
- 2) Most biometric-based lock systems used a single machine learning technique and therefore are less reliable.
- 3) Most biometric-based lock systems are not thoroughly tested in which their true performance are questionable.

1.3 Research Questions

- 1) What are the essential requirements and concerns for designing a successful facial and fingerprint recognition system capable of meeting the objectives of diverse applications and stakeholders, such as accuracy, speed, security, privacy, and user experience.
- 2) How can the Convolutional Neural Network (CNNs) and K-nearest neighbor (kNN) algorithms be enhanced and coupled to achieve high accuracy and efficiency in facial and fingerprint recognition while addressing issues like image quality, lighting, and occlusion.
- 3) What are the most effective and dependable techniques for evaluating the facial and fingerprint recognition system in different scenarios and applications, and how can user feedback and usability testing be incorporated into the review process to guarantee the system satisfies enduser needs.

1.4 Objectives

- 1. To identify the requirement for developing facial and fingerprint recognition system
- 2. To develop the facial and fingerprint recognition technique based on Convolutional Neural Network and K-Nearest Neighbour
- 3. To test the system through quantitative and qualitative approaches.



1.5 Scope

1.5.1 Module to be developed

There are 4 module to be developed.

1. Facial Recognition Module

In this module user will be responsible for capturing and processing facial data to identify and authenticate users. Module will use an A.I technique such as K-Nearest Neighbour (KNN).

2. Fingerprint Recognition Module

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This module will capture and process user's fingerprint data to identify and authenticate users. Module will use an A.I. technique is feature extraction model.

3. Data Management Module

This module will store both user's facial and fingerprint data, ensuring secure storage and retrieval of user information.

4. Authentication Module

Authentication module will combine and integrate the other module to authenticate the user's biometric with data that has been stored in storage

1.5.2 Target User

The targer user of this project is as follows:

- 1) Homeowners: individuals who want to secure their homes with a hightech lock system that offers added security and convenience.
- 2) Business Owners: companies and organizations that need to secure their offices.
- 3) Tech-savvy Users: Individuals who are interested in high-tech solutions andd who appreciate the convenience and security of biometric recognition technology.
- 4) Travellers: people who need a secure and convenient way to access their airbnb listings or rental properties.

1.6 Project Significance

The creation of a biometric smart lock based on facial and fingerprint recognition technology is critical in today's environment, when traditional locks no longer provide enough protection against theft and safety hazards. This project intends to solve customers' worries about the accuracy and security of existing lock systems by providing a more dependable and efficient alternative. This system will improve the security and accuracy of user identification and authentication by utilising advanced algorithms such as Convolutional Neural Network and k-nearest neighbour. By providing a safe and secure way to access their homes and properties, the project is expected to benefit homeowners, business owners, tech-savvy users, and travellers.

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1.7 Expected Output

The end result of the project will be desktop-based system that enables the user to upload both facial and fingerprint images for training the algorithm to identify the user's biometric information. Users then can have a safe and secure lock that can only be accessed by them and not the other way around. The system is expected to only let the owner of the lock access it. Any small noises such as a thin layer of dust, a drop of hair, or any salt and paper noise will be removed by the system using image enhancement processing. Users should be able to unlock the door in an instant if they are the rightful owner. Hopefully, the system will benefit users and allow them to maintain enhanced privacy and security over their belongings and places.

1.8 Conclusion

Finally, the introduction of a biometric smart lock that uses facial and fingerprint recognition technology is an important step towards improving security and privacy for homes, company owners, tech-savvy users, and travellers. The project's goal was to create software that delivers high-accuracy facial and fingerprint identification while also maintaining the security and reliability of user data to prevent unauthorised access. Face and fingerprint recognition modules, data management modules, and authentication modules were built. The ultimate product is a web-based software that allows users to upload both facial and fingerprint photos in order to teach the algorithm to recognise the user's biometric information. The mechanism is designed to allow only the rightful owner to open the lock and to remove any little noises that might interfere with the recognition. Overall, this project met its goals and provided an innovative solution to the current security risks associated with traditional lock systems.

CHAPTER 2: LITERATURE REVIEW AND PROJECT METHODOLOGY

2.1 Introduction

Because of their convenience and increased security over traditional locks, biometric smart locks have become an increasingly popular security solution. Biometric authentication, such as fingerprint or face recognition, can offer a more secure and dependable method of access management. However, factors like as lighting variations, facial expressions, positions, occlusions, and noise can all have an impact on the operation of biometric smart locks. Various methods and techniques, including the usage of Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) and K-Nearest Neighbour (KNN) algorithms, have been proposed to increase the recognition accuracy and robustness of biometric smart locks.

2.2 Facts and Findings

In this section, we'll talk about a range of relevant subjects that have to do with the project itself and can aid in our comprehension of it and its successful execution.

2.2.1 Facial Recognition

A type of biometric technology called facial recognition employs machine learning algorithms to recognise human faces. Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs), Eigenfaces, Local Binary Patterns (LBP), and Fisherfaces are a few of the methods utilised in facial identification.

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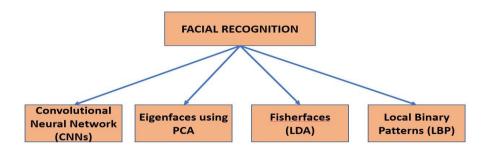


Figure 2.1: Type of 2-Dimension Facial Recognition (Kortli et al., 2020)