

SMART IOT POWER SOCKET FOR HOME AUTOMATION  
AND ELECTRICITY WASTE PREVENTION

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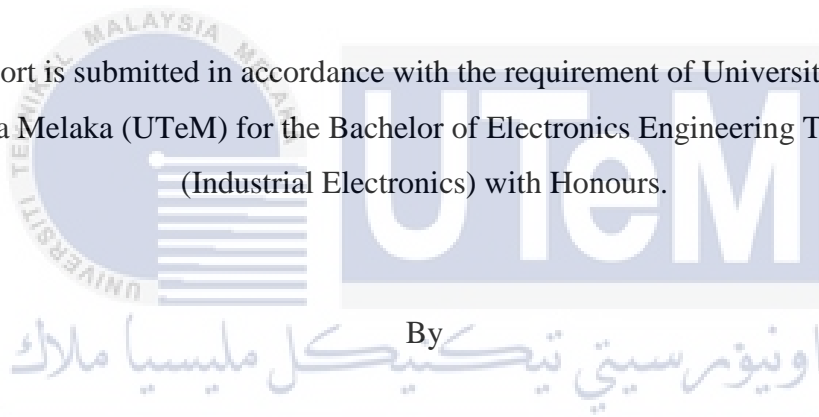
2021



**UNIVERSITI TEKNIKAL MALAYSIA MELAKA**

**SMART IOT POWER SOCKET FOR HOME  
AUTOMATION AND ELECTRICITY WASTE  
PREVENTION**

This report is submitted in accordance with the requirement of Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka (UTeM) for the Bachelor of Electronics Engineering Technology (Industrial Electronics) with Honours.



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**BORANG PENGESAHAN STATUS LAPORAN PROJEK SARJANA MUDA**

Tajuk: SMART IOT POWER SOCKET FOR HOME AUTOMATION AND  
ELECTRICITY WASTE PREVENTION

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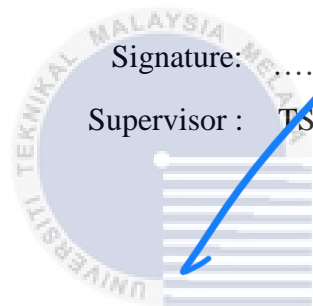
## APPROVAL

This report is submitted to the Faculty of Electrical and Electronic Engineering Technology of Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka (UTeM) as a partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Electronics Engineering Technology (Industrial Electronics) with Honours. The supervisory members are as follows:

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## ABSTRAK

*Dalam era globalisasi ini, dunia didorong oleh teknologi maklumat dan komunikasi. Hampir setiap masa manusia akan menggunakan teknologi maklumat dengan mengawal segalanya di hujung jari mereka. Elektrik adalah bahagian penting dalam kehidupan. Setiap hari kita menggunakan peralatan elektrik. Di dunia yang serba pantas ini, kita semakin bergantung pada tenaga untuk menjalankan aktiviti seharian. Walau bagaimanapun, ramai di antara kita masih membazir tenaga elektrik tanpa menyedarinya terutama orang-orang yang sering terlupa untuk menutup suis yang tidak digunakan. Ia akan mempengaruhi keseimbangan persekitaran. Pada masa ini, suis dinding konvensional yang terletak di bahagian rumah yang berbeza menyukarkan pengguna untuk menghampirinya untuk membuka dan menutup suis. Lebih sukar bagi orang tua atau orang cacat fizikal untuk melakukannya. Oleh itu, tujuan projek ini adalah untuk membangunkan Smart IoT Power Socket untuk Automasi Rumah dan Pencegahan Sisa Elektrik. Objektif projek ini adalah untuk mengembangkan soket kuasa IoT pintar yang dapat digunakan untuk mengawal dan memantau peralihan peralatan rumah tangga melalui telefon pintar yang disambungkan dengan Wi-Fi. Objektif kedua adalah untuk menganalisis keberkesanan sistem prototaip yang dikembangkan dalam mengurangkan pembaziran tenaga elektrik. Projek ini menggunakan sistem IoT yang disambungkan ke peranti dan perkakas kami untuk membolehkan kita memantau semua suis di rumah kita melalui laman sesawang. Hasilnya, pengguna boleh mengawal ke semua suis hanya di hujung jari. Kesimpulannya, projek ini mempunyai elemen rumah pintar di mana ia bermanfaat untuk pengguna seperti dapat menjimatkan masa pengguna, menjimatkan tenaga pengguna, mudah digunakan dan lain-lain.*

## ABSTRACT

In this era of globalization, the world is fuelled by information and communication technologies. Almost every time, people will use information technology by controlling everything at their fingertips. Electricity is an essential part of life. Every day we use electrical appliances. In this fast-paced world, we are increasingly relying on energy to carry out our daily activities. However, many of us are still wasting electricity energy without realizing it especially the people who often forget to close the unused switched. It will affect the balance of the environment. Presently, conventional wall switches located in different parts of the house and make difficult for them to go near switches to turn OFF and ON the switch. Even more it becomes more difficult for the elderly and physically disabled people to do so. Therefore, the purpose of the project is to develop a Smart IoT Power Socket for Home Automation and Electricity Waste Prevention. The objective of this project is to develop a Smart IoT Power Socket that can be used to control and monitor the home appliances switching via smartphones. Second objectives are to analyze the effectiveness of the developed prototype system in reducing electrical energy wastage. This project used an IoT system which is connected to our devices and appliances to enable user to monitor all switches in our home using website on smartphone or computer. As a results, users can control theirs switches just at their fingertips. In conclusion, this project has an elements of smart home where its beneficial for users such as can save users time, save users energy, easy to use and others.



## DEDICATION

To my beloved parents, thank you so much for all the supports given. This also be dedicated to my fellow friends and supervisor of Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka who involved directly or indirectly in finishing this project report and assisting me at this final year project to complete this project



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## LIST OF SYMBOLS

|             |   |                                 |
|-------------|---|---------------------------------|
| <b>D, d</b> | - | Diameter                        |
| <b>Ohm</b>  | - | SI unit for electrical          |
| <b>V</b>    | - | SI unit for electromotive force |
| <b>DC</b>   | - | Direct Current                  |
| <b>AC</b>   | - | Alternate Current               |
| <b>I</b>    | - | SI unit for Current             |
| <b>MHz</b>  | - | Megahertz                       |
| <b>GHz</b>  | - | Gigahertz                       |
| <b>r</b>    | - | Radius                          |
| <b>Kbps</b> | - | Kilobits Per Second             |
| <b>x</b>    | - | Displacement                    |
| <b>z</b>    | - | Height                          |
| <b>q</b>    | - | Angle                           |



## LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

|              |                                    |
|--------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>IOT</b>   | Internet of Things                 |
| <b>HTML</b>  | Hypertext Markup Language          |
| <b>LED</b>   | Light Emitting Diode               |
| <b>IP</b>    | Internet Protocol                  |
| <b>LCD</b>   | Liquid Crystal Display             |
| <b>USB</b>   | Universal Serial Bus               |
| <b>Wi-Fi</b> | Wireless Fidelity                  |
| <b>WLAN</b>  | Wireless Local Area Network        |
| <b>IDE</b>   | Integrated Development Environment |
| <b>GPIO</b>  | General Purpose Input/Output       |
| <b>PVC</b>   | Polyvinyl Chloride                 |
| <b>MCU</b>   | Microcontroller Unit               |
| <b>GND</b>   | Ground                             |
| <b>ESP</b>   | Espressif                          |

# CHAPTER 1

## INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Project Background

Nowadays, the world is fueled by information and communication technologies. Advances in the field of information technology in the country have stimulated new lifestyles and changed consumer tastes. Information technology has become so prevalent today. Almost every time, people will use information technology by controlling everything at their fingertips. However, (Rajpoot & Khandelwal, 2018) said energy conservation had been one of our everyday lives' legal problems to keep away from people's belongings of the green planet. In fact, energy management is an efficient way of saving energy in our home, preventing users from consuming too much electricity. While various commercial energy-efficient devices are useful in saving electricity for individual appliances, an overall outcome to efficiently minimize appliance consumption in a house is hard to find.

Therefore, Smart IoT (Internet of Things) Power Socket for Home Automation for Electricity Waste Prevention is designed with smart IoT wireless sockets to improve home energy usage and manage and track all household equipment and devices through a smartphone. This product can make it easy for users to turn off the power of any smart socket connected to IoT when the electric devices are not used. Besides, this product technology refers to any suite of appliances, devices, or systems connected into a common network that can be independently and remotely controlled. So, all the devices

and home appliances connected to Smart IoT Power Socket are working together in one system. As we know, Smart Socket plays an essential role in home applications and safety.

In general, (Zennaro, n.d.) proposed the Internet of Things (IoT) is simply a network of interconnected devices embedded into sensors, applications, networking, enabling critical data collection and sharing. However, IoT tools may track and manage mechanical, electrical and electronic systems used in the home automation and building automation systems of different types of buildings such as public and private, commercial, institutional or residential.

