

UNIVERSITI TEKNIKAL MALAYSIA MELAKA

DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT OF AUTOMATIC PROPER POSTURE DETECTION CHAIR

AALAYS /,





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APPROVAL

This report is submitted to the Faculty of Engineering Technology of UTeM as a partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Electrical Engineering Technology (Industrial Automation & Robotics) with Honours. The member of the supervisory is as follow:



ABSTRAK

Judul untuk projek ini ialah 'Reka Bentuk dan Membangunkan Pengetua Pegesanan Posture Automatik' di mana semua tentang reka bentuk kerusi ergonomik yang boleh menghalang postur yang buruk yang buruk dan rasa tidak selesa bagi pelajar sekolah. Walau bagaimanapun, reka bentuk projek ini menggunakam kerja pepejal. Sesetengah sekolah redah masih meggunakan kerusi kayu untuk pelajar, kebanyakamnya tahun satu dan tahun dua di dalam kelas. Ketidakselesaan ini akan menyebabkan kesakitan punggung untuk pelajar apabila mereka duduk d kerusi kayu di dalam bilik darjah untuk masa yang lebih masa, sementara mereka mempunyai postur yang lemah apabila ketidakselesaan bermula. Mendapatkan penyelesaian daripada projek ini untuk pelajar sekolah dapat mengesan postur yang lemah, postur yang baik, dan pengedaran tekanan sambil duduk di atas kerusi kayu. Untuk mengesan mengesan postur yang lemah dan postur yang betul, sensor ultrasonik yang dipasang di belakang kerusi kayu dan sensitif sensitif daya dipasang pada kusyen untuk mengesan tekanan yang disebarkan. Disampin itu, faedahnya adalah apabila pelajar duduk di postur yang lemah yang ditunjukan oleh kelakuan visual dengan membawa dan audio dengan buzzer. Projek ini dianalisis megggunakan DAQ-Data Protocol untuk mengukur data Arduimo dan mempakarkan hasilnya dalam Microsoft Excel.

ABSTRACT

The title for this project is 'Design and Development of Automatic Proper Posture Detection Chair' where all about ergonomic chair design that can prevent poor siting posture and discomfort pain for school students. However, this design of the project uses solid work. Some primary schools still use wooden chairs for students, mostly year one and year two in the classroom. Although, year three until year six using plastic chair. This make discomfort will cause buttock pain for students when they sit on the wooden chair in a classroom for a longer time, while they have poor posture when discomfort begins. Getting a solution from this project for primary school students can detect poor posture, proper posture, and distribution of pressure while siting on a wooden chair and plastic chair. In order to detect poor posture and proper posture, the force sensitive resistors sensor mounted on backrest cushion and seat cushion to detect pressure distribution. In addition, when students sit in poor posture seating will produce alarm and turn on indicators. This analyzed project uses termite to calculate data from Arduino Uno and shows the output in Microsoft Excel.

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DEDICATION

To my beloved parents Sir Manimaran and Madam Rukumany, thank you very much for your support during this project

To school headmaster Madam Kogilan from Sjk(T) Durian Tunggal

To school curriculum department Sir Basri from Sekolah Kebangsaan Durian

Tunggal

To my supervisor, Prof. Madya Mohd Ariff Bin Mat Hanafiah To my friends who always helps me carry out this project



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TABLE OF CONTENT

| Abstrak | vi |
|---|-----------|
| Abstract | vii |
| Dedication | viii |
| Acknowledgement | ix |
| Table of Content | X - XV |
| List of Tables | xvi |
| List of Figures | xvii - xx |
| List Abbreviations, Symbols and Nomenclatures | xxi |

CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION

| 1.1 | Backgr | ound | MA HA | 1 |
|-----|---------|-------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| 1.2 | Problem | m Statei | ment | 2 |
| 1.3 | Object | ives | | 2 |
| 1.4 | Scope | Ma | | 2 |
| CHA | PTER 2 | 2: LITE | RTURE REVIEW | |
| 2.1 | Introd | uction | اوييۇم سيتى بېڭنىكل مليى | 3 |
| 2.2 | Theor | y _{EDei} | | 3 |
| 2.3 | Aims, | Objecti | ves and Benefits of Ergonomic | 4 |
| 2.4 | The M | Iusculos | skeletal System | 5 |
| | 2.4.1 | Anator | my | 5 |
| | 2.4.2 | Joints | | 6 |
| | 2.4.3 | Muscl | e | 7 |
| | 2.4.4 | Spine | | 8 |
| | | i. | Vertebrae | 8 |
| | | ii. | Joints | 8 |
| | | iii. | Disks | 8 |
| | | iv. | Nerves | 9 |
| | | | | |

| 2.5 | Human Po | osture | 9 |
|------|--------------|---|---------|
| | 2.5.1 Siz | x Different Type of Siting Posture | 10 |
| 2.6 | Weight Di | istribution | 12 |
| | i. | Poor Posture | 12 |
| | ii. | Proper posture | 13 |
| 2.7 | Sensor | | 14 |
| | i. | Comparison of Three Types of Pressure Sensor | 14 |
| | ii. | Force Sensitive Resistor Sensor | 15 |
| | iii. | Reading an FSR | 15 |
| | iv. | Voltage Divider Circuit | 16 |
| | v. | Example of FSR Calculation | 17 |
| | vi. | FSR 402 Specifications | 18 |
| 2.8 | Design | AYSIA MA | |
| | i. | Comparison of Three Different Chairs | 19 |
| 2.9 | Microcont | troller | 20 |
| | era i. | Comparison Between PIC Microcontroller and Arduino UN | NO 20 |
| | ii. (| Arduino UNO | 21 |
| 2.10 | Past resear | اويىۋىرەسىتى تېكىنىكل ملىسىد | 22 |
| | | Wearable Posture Identification System for Good Siting Po | osition |
| | UNIVER | CONTRAC MALATSIA MELAKA | 22 |
| | ii. | Implementation of an IOT Based Smart Chair | 23-24 |
| | iii. | Posturector the Posture Corrector | 24-25 |
| | iv. | Posture Monitor – (Makes you Sit Smart) | 25-26 |
| | V. | Real Time Monitoring of Posture to Improve Ergonomics | 26-27 |
| 2.11 | Compariso | on of Previous Research Methods | 28 |
| CHA | PTER 3: M | IETHODOLOGY | |
| 3.1 | Introduction | on | 29 |
| 3.2 | Flowchart | | 29-30 |
| | 3.2.1 Pro | ocess Explanation | 31 |

| | 3.2.2 Problem Statemen | nt | 31 |
|------|--------------------------|---|-------|
| | 3.2.3 Literature Review | 7 | 31-32 |
| | 3.2.4 Design of Chair U | Jsing Solid Works | 32-33 |
| | i. Woode | en Chair | 33-34 |
| | ii. Plastic | c Chair | 34-35 |
| | 3.2.5 Design and develo | opment automatic proper posture detection | |
| | chair using Arduit | no UNO | 36 |
| | i. Woode | en Chair | 37 |
| | ii. Plastic | chair | 38 |
| 3.3 | Hardware Development | | 39 |
| | i. Arduir | 10 UNO | 39 |
| | ii. Conne | ction to Force sensitive resistor sensor | 39 |
| | iii. Conne | ction to Speaker | 40 |
| | iv. Conne | ection to led | 40-41 |
| | v. Conne | ection Switch Toggle with Battery | 41 |
| | vi. Develo | opment of Back Rest Cushion | 41-42 |
| | vii. Develo | opment of Seat Cushion | 42-43 |
| | viii. Electro | onic Part Attached at Wooden Chair and | |
| | Plastic | وليو م سيبي ليه Chair | 43-44 |
| 3.4 | Software Development | IIKAL MALAYSIA MELAKA | 45 |
| | i. Arduir | 10 IDE | 45 |
| | ii. Solid V | Work | 46 |
| | iii. Termit | te | 46-47 |
| 3.5 | Bill of Material | | 47-48 |
| 3.6 | Circuit Design | | 49-50 |
| 3.7 | Coding and Function of I | DE Arduino | 51 |
| 3.8 | Testing the Prototype | | 52-54 |
| 3.9 | Data Gathering | | 55 |
| 3.10 | Setup Questionnaire | | 55-57 |
| 3.11 | Data Collection | | 58 |
| 3.12 | Constructing the Graph | | 58 |

| 3.13 | Data Analysing | 58 |
|------|----------------|----|
| 3.14 | Summary | 58 |

CHAPTER 4: RESULT & DISCUSSION

| 4.1 | Introduction | 59 |
|-----|--|-------|
| 4.2 | Questionnaire | 59-61 |
| | i. Question 1 | 61 |
| | ii. Question 2 | 62 |
| | iii. Question 3 | 62-63 |
| | iv. Question 4 | 63-64 |
| | v. Question 5 | 64 |
| | vi. Question 6 | 65 |
| | vii. Question 7 | 66 |
| 4.3 | Test Performance of the System | 67-70 |
| 4.4 | Analysis on wooden chair and plastic chair with primary school | |
| | Students | 70 |
| | i. Data monitoring | 70-71 |
| | 4.4.1 Standard One | 71-73 |
| | i. Discussion Standard One | 74 |
| | 4.4.2 Standard Two KNIKAL MALAYSIA MELAKA | 74-76 |
| | i. Discussion Standard Two | 77 |
| | 4.4.3 Standard Three | 77-79 |
| | i. Discussion Standard Three | 80 |
| | 4.4.4 Standard Four | 80-82 |
| | i. Discussion Standard Four | 83 |
| | 4.4.5 Standard Five | 83-85 |
| | i. Discussion Standard Five | 86 |
| | 4.4.6 Standard Six | 86-88 |
| | i. Discussion Standard Six | 89 |

| | ii. Overall Discussion Analysis 1 | 89-90 |
|-----|--|---------|
| 4.5 | Analysis on Plastics Chair Normal BMI Student | 90 |
| | i. Body Mass Index (BMI) Equation | 91 |
| | 4.5.1 Standard Six | 91-93 |
| | i. Discussion BMI | 94 |
| | ii. Overall Discussion Analysis 2 | 94-95 |
| 4.6 | Analysis on Plastic Chair Overweight and Underweight Student | 95 |
| | i. Student Overweight (BMI) Equation | 95-96 |
| | ii. Student Underweight (BMI) Equation | 96 |
| | 4.6.1 Overweight Student | 96-98 |
| | i. Discussion Overweight Student | 99 |
| | 4.6.2 Underweight Student | 99-101 |
| | i. Discussion Underweight Student | 102 |
| | ii. Overall Discussion Analysis 3 | 102-103 |
| 4.7 | Analysis on Poor Siting Posture | 103 |
| | 4.7.1 Front Siting Posture | 104 |
| | 4.7.2 Crossing Right Leg Siting Posture | 104 |
| | 4.7.3 Crossing Left Leg Siting Posture | 105 |
| | 4.7.4 Froward Lean Sitting Posture | 105 |
| 4.8 | Summary | 106 |
| СНА | PTER 5: CONCLUSION & FUTURE RECOMMENDATION | |
| 5.1 | Introduction | 107 |
| 5.2 | Conclusion | 107 |
| 5.3 | Future Recommendation | 108 |

5.4 Project Potential 108

| REFI | ERENCES | 109 |
|------|------------------------------|---------|
| APPE | ENDICES | 110 |
| i. | Detail Drawing Wooden Chair | 111 |
| ii. | Detail Drawing Plastic Chair | 112 |
| iii. | Questionnaire | 113-114 |



LIST OF TABLES

| 2.1 | Six different type of siting posture | 10-11 |
|------|--|-------|
| 2.2 | Comparison of three types of pressure sensor | 14 |
| 2.3 | FSR 402 Specifications | 18 |
| 2.4 | Comparison of three different chair | 19 |
| 2.5 | Comparison between PIC microcontroller and Arduino UNO | 20 |
| 2.6 | Comparison of previous research methods | 28 |
| 3.1 | Bill of Material | 47-48 |
| 3.2 | Table Showing the Coding and Function | 51 |
| 4.1 | Numerical values assigned to sensor pairs | 67-68 |
| 4.2 | Case value separate with poor posture and proper posture | 68 |
| 4.3 | Time Versus Posture and Cases Year 1 | 72 |
| 4.4 | Time Versus Posture and Cases Year 2 | 75 |
| 4.5 | Time Versus Posture and Cases Year 3 | 78 |
| 4.6 | Time Versus Posture and Cases Year 4 | 81 |
| 4.7 | Time Versus Posture and Cases Year 5 | 84 |
| 4.8 | Time Versus Posture and Cases Year 6 | 87 |
| 4.9 | Time Versus Posture and Cases Normal BMI | 92 |
| 4.10 | Time Versus Posture and Cases Overweight | 97 |
| 4.11 | Time Versus Posture and Cases Underweight | 100 |

LIST OF FIGURES

| 2.1 | Physical ergonomics | 4 |
|------|---|----|
| 2.2 | View of skeleton | 5 |
| 2.3 | Hinge joint elbow and knee | 6 |
| 2.4 | Hand movement terminology | 7 |
| 2.5 | Spine overview | 9 |
| 2.6 | Good posture and bad posture | 10 |
| 2.7 | Distribution of pressure for poor posture | 12 |
| 2.8 | Distribution of pressure for proper posture | 13 |
| 2.9 | Force sensitive resistor sensor | 15 |
| 2.10 | Resistance vs force curve for FSR 402 | 16 |
| 2.11 | Voltage divider circuit and Vout vs Force curves for different R values | |
| | and data represents output for interlink 402 FSR and V+ equal to $5V$ | 17 |
| 2.12 | Arduino UNO | 21 |
| 2.13 | Position with accelerometer and electrogoniometer | 22 |
| 2.14 | Smart chair system overview | 24 |
| 2.15 | System proposed by this project | 25 |
| 2.16 | Hardware interfacing | 26 |
| 2.17 | Load cell module block diagram | 27 |
| 2.18 | Flex sensor module block diagram MALAYSIA MELAKA | 27 |
| 3.1 | Flowchart of the total project | 30 |
| 3.2 | Literature review flowchart | 32 |
| 3.3 | Design of Automatic Proper Posture Detection Wooden Chair Solid | |
| | Works | 33 |
| 3.4 | Detail drawing of automatic proper posture detection wooden chair | 34 |
| 3.5 | Design of automatic proper posture detection plastic chair using solid | |
| | works | 35 |
| 3.6 | Detail drawing of automatic proper posture detection plastic chair | 35 |
| 3.7 | Overall process flowchart | 36 |
| 3.8 | Force sensitive resister sensor mounted at backrest cushion and seat | |
| | cushion for wooden chair | 37 |

| 3.9 | Force sensitive resister sensor mounted at backrest cushion and seat | |
|------|--|-------|
| | cushion for plastic chair | 38 |
| 3.10 | Connection to force sensitive resistor sensor | 39 |
| 3.11 | Speaker and Arduino UNO connection | 40 |
| 3.12 | Led and Arduino UNO connection | 41 |
| 3.13 | Switch toggle with battery and Arduino UNO connection | 41 |
| 3.14 | Force sensitive resistors mounted in backrest cushion | 42 |
| 3.15 | Back rest cushion attached on wooden and plastic chair | 42 |
| 3.16 | Force sensitive resistors mounted in seat cushion | 43 |
| 3.17 | Seat cushion attached on wooden and plastic chair | 43 |
| 3.18 | Electronic part attached at wooden chair and plastic chair | 44 |
| 3.19 | Posture indicator for wooden chair and plastic chair | 44 |
| 3.20 | Software of Arduino IDE | 45 |
| 3.21 | Solid work software | 46 |
| 3.22 | Termite | 47 |
| 3.23 | Schematic diagram | 49 |
| 3.24 | prototype test flowchart correct posture detection chair | 53-54 |
| 3.25 | Questionnaire | 57 |
| 4.1 | اونيوم سيتي تيڪنيڪل مليسيا ملاك | 60 |
| 4.2 | GenderERSITI TEKNIKAL MALAYSIA MELAKA | 60 |
| 4.3 | Race | 61 |
| 4.4 | Chair comfortable | 61 |
| 4.5 | Chair make back pain | 62 |
| 4.6 | Sit in good posture | 63 |
| 4.7 | Which part pain when sitting on chair | 64 |
| 4.8 | Invention is useful to lead a better lifestyle | 64 |
| 4.9 | Automatic proper posture detection chair reduces spine pain and | |
| | chronic pain cases | 65 |
| 4.10 | Invention Beneficial | 66 |
| 4.11 | internal view of backrest cushion | 69 |
| 4.12 | internal view of seat cushion | 69 |
| 4.13 | overview of sensor location at wooden chair | 69 |

| 4.14 | overview of sensor location at plastic chair | | | |
|------|---|-----|--|--|
| 4.15 | below show data start and end collected | | | |
| 4.16 | Proper siting posture student standard one | | | |
| 4.17 | Graph percentage versus time standard one | | | |
| 4.18 | Graph percentage poor posture and proper posture | | | |
| 4.19 | Proper sitting posture student standard two | | | |
| 4.20 | Graph percentage versus time standard two | | | |
| 4.21 | Graph percentage poor posture and proper posture | | | |
| 4.22 | Proper siting posture student standard three | | | |
| 4.23 | Graph weightage versus time standard three | | | |
| 4.24 | Graph percentage poor posture and proper posture | | | |
| 4.25 | Proper siting posture student standard four | | | |
| 4.26 | Graph weightage versus time standard four | 82 | | |
| 4.27 | Graph percentage poor posture and proper posture | 82 | | |
| 4.28 | Proper siting posture student standard five | 83 | | |
| 4.29 | Graph weightage versus time standard five | 85 | | |
| 4.30 | Graph percentage poor posture and proper posture | 85 | | |
| 4.31 | Proper siting posture student standard six | 86 | | |
| 4.32 | Graph weightage versus time standard six | 88 | | |
| 4.33 | Graph percentage poor posture and proper posture | 88 | | |
| 4.34 | Combination graph poor and proper posture year one until year six | 90 | | |
| 4.35 | Proper siting posture normal BMI student | | | |
| 4.36 | Graph percentage versus time normal BMI student | | | |
| 4.37 | Graph percentage poor posture and proper posture | | | |
| 4.38 | Analysis 2 normal BMI student | | | |
| 4.39 | Proper siting posture overweight student | 96 | | |
| 4.40 | Graph weightage versus time overweight student | | | |
| 4.41 | Graph percentage poor posture and proper posture | | | |
| 4.42 | Proper siting posture underweight student | | | |
| 4.43 | Graph weightage versus time underweight student | | | |
| 4.44 | Graph percentage poor posture and proper posture | | | |
| 4.45 | Analysis 3 student overweight and underweight versus percentage | 103 | | |

| 4.46 | Front siting posture | 104 |
|------|-----------------------------------|-----|
| 4.47 | Crossing right leg siting posture | 104 |
| 4.48 | Crossing left leg siting posture | 105 |
| 4.49 | Forward lean siting posture | 105 |



LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS, SYMBOLS AND NOMENCLATURE

| DAQ | - | Digital data acquisition |
|------|--------------|--------------------------------------|
| IDE | - | Integrated development environment |
| % | - | Percentage |
| FSR | - | Force sensitive resistor |
| V | - | Voltage |
| DC | - | Direct current |
| Cm | - | Centimetres |
| Kg | - | kilogram |
| Ohm | ALAYS | unit electrical resistance |
| PIC | St. m- | Peripheral Interface Controller |
| IOT | - K | Internet of things |
| GND | <u>ا</u> - ۲ | Ground |
| PWM | Fer - | Pulse width modulation |
| USB | AINN . | Universal serial bus |
| MHz | et la | Megahertz |
| LCD | - " | Liquid crystal display |
| USB | UNIVERSI | Universal serial bus/IALAYSIA MELAKA |
| IDE | - | Integrated development environment |
| SRAM | - | Static random-access memory |

CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

Siting is the one act that everyone will always do their daily lives most probably offices and school. Normally students spend extend time by siting on the chair in classroom compare to other activities. Therefore, they are struggling to finish up school homework. There is high probability of getting neck and low back pain. Hereby, if such conditions continue, students will face many medical conditions affecting their present and future lives. Furthermore, if the students do not know the harmful effect of placing themselves in a wrong position, that problem will become harmful. Do the students know the good siting posture, and do they apply it if they are aware of it? There have been many studies on the effect of a bad sitting posture, but there is only dearth of study on student's awareness of good siting posture. Students need to be told and aware of an issue, only then will they follow it and apply it. Hence this study is to analyses the performance of the design system on the student siting posture. This report discusses about "Design and Development of Automatic Proper Posture Detection Chair" project. This project to set up prototype poor and proper posture detection chair among primary school students. In addition, the objective and scopes of this project is briefly described, how the project can be implemented.

1.2 Problem Statement

Students spend most of their time studying in the classroom, doing the homework and taking the exam. Muscles and other soft tissue are stretched or shortened even with to long periods of time during all these activities. It can get severe, particularly if the students sit in the posture of bad things. If the students still don't improve their siting posture, they will experience a lot of medical conditions that can affect their study life. Hence, the purpose of this study is design and development of automatic proper posture detection chair.

1.3 Objectives

The objective of this project:

- i. To set up a prototype of a proper posture detection chair.
- ii. To design and develop a proper posture detection chair using Arduino controller with suitable sensor.
- iii. To analyse the performance of the design system on the student siting posture.

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1.4 Scope

The important elements need to be considered in order to ensure the objectives are achieved:

- i. Build a prototype of proper posture detection chair that can be used mainly in primary school students and this project beneficial for school student that aged between 7 to 12 years old.
- ii. Solid work is used to design the hardware.
- iii. Analyse the suitable sensor attached to wooden chair and plastic chair with Arduino Uno controller.
- iv. Using Termite, all data signals are analysed and stored in excel.

CHAPTER 2 LITERATURE REVIEW

2.1 Introduction

Besides that, details and data from reading papers, books, articles, and some other were also collected in this part of the report. The idea is to have a good understanding of the fundamental connection to this project. The concept is basically taken from the writer anyway by combining and rephrasing it is entirely written in own words.

2.2 Theory

The word ergonomic originates from an ancient Greek, meaning rules or work. It is also known as factors of human design. Ergonomic aims to provide a suitable design for people who design systems, processes, equipment and environments. So that their requirements are limited, but also maximized. Therefore, the design focuses on the person or a group of people. This is often known as user-centered design.

Ergonomics is a science, thorough research, the design and the styling of the user (Limited, 2008). It is widely used in areas such as aviation and other transportation systems, sports, learning, public facilities, homes, recreation and workplaces. Ergonomic supports the whole community. There are three fields of ergonomics, physical ergonomics, cognitive ergonomics and organizational ergonomics. Related to physical ergonomics in this project. Figure 2.1 below show the physical ergonomics below is shown.