

UNIVERSITI TEKNIKAL MALAYSIA MELAKA

DESIGN AND FABRICATION OF THREE-WHEEL TRANSPORTATION

This report is submitted in accordance with the requirement of the Universiti

Teknikal Malaysia Melaka (UTeM) for the Bachelor of Mechanical Engineering

Technology (Maintenance) with Honours.

By

MUHAMMAD ROZHAN BIN ROSDIN B071610363 941213-14-7159

FACULTY OF MECHANICAL AND MANUFACTURING ENGINEERING
TECHNOLOGY

2019



UNIVERSITI TEKNIKAL MALAYSIA MELAKA

BORANG PENGESAHAN STATUS LAPORAN PROJEK SARJANA MUDA

Tajuk: DESIGN AND FABRICATION OF THREE-WHEEL TRANSPORTATION Sesi Pengajian: 2019

Saya MUHAMMAD ROZHAN BIN ROSDIN mengaku membenarkan Laporan PSM ini disimpan di Perpustakaan Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka (UTeM) dengan syarat-syarat kegunaan seperti berikut:

- 1. Laporan PSM adalah hak milik Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka dan penulis.
- 2. Perpustakaan Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka dibenarkan membuat salinan

	gajian sahaja dengan izin penulis. enarkan membuat salinan laporan PSM ini sebagai bahan pertukaran
antara institusi pe	engajian tinggi.
4. **Sila tandakan ((X)
SULIT*	Mengandungi maklumat yang berdarjah keselamatan atau kepentingan Malaysia sebagaimana yang termaktub dalam AKTA RAHSIA RASMI 1972.
TERHAD*	Mengandungi maklumat TERHAD yang telah ditentukan oleh organisasi/badan di mana penyelidikan dijalankan.
TIDAK TERHAD	
Yang benar,	Disahkan oleh penyelia: OZHAN BIN ROSDIN SULHAN BIN MOKHTAR
Alamat Tetap: No 16, Jalan Mema Taman Dato Ahma 68000 Ampang, Se	Cop Rasmi Penyelia MOHD SULHAN BIN MOKHTAR Jurutera Pengajar d Razali, d Razali, d Razali, d Razali, d Razali,
Tarikh: 10/1/	2020 Tarikh:
*Jika Laporan PSM	ini SULIT atau TERHAD, sila lampirkan surat daripada pihak

berkuasa/organisasi berkenaan dengan menyatakan sekali sebab dan tempoh laporan PSM ini

DECLARATION

I hereby, declared this report entitled DESIGN AND FABRICATION OF THREE-WHEEL TRANSPORTATION is the results of my own research except as cited in references.

Signature:

Author: MUHAMMAD ROZHAN BIN ROSDIN

Date: 10/1/2020

APPROVAL

This report is submitted to the Faculty of Mechanical and Manufacturing Engineering Technology of Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka (UTeM) as a partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Mechanical Engineering Technology (Maintenance) with Honours. The member of the supervisory is as follow:

Signature:

Supervisor: SULHAN BIN MOKHTAR

ABSTRAK

Ringkasan untuk projek ini adalah satu project basikal bermotor tiga roda yang di reka khas bagi kegunaa orang tua yang kurang keupayaan. Sebab utama projek ini terhasil adalah bagi membantu dan memudahkan kepada golongan kurang keupayaan mudah bergerak dari satu tempat ke satu tempat. Kita sering di maklumkan bahawa golongan-golongan seperti mereka ini susah untuk bergerak kerana faktor kesihatan yang tidak mengizinkan. Oleh itu, projek ini di cipta untuk mengatasi masalah-masalah mereka. Selain itu juga, di antara faktor-faktor lain ialah dari segi faktor alam sekitar. Masalah alam sekitar yang semakin tercemar adalah salah satu faktor projek ini di hasilkan. Basikal ini sepenuhnya bergerak menggunakan sistem elektrik yang terjana daripada batteri. Oleh itu, sedikit sebanyak dapat mengurangkan masalah alam sekitar yang sering bermasalah kebelakangan ini. Untuk menghasilkan projek ini, basikal bermotor ini terlebih dahulu dilukis dengan menggunakan perisian seperti "Computer Aided Design (CAD)". Selepas itu, proses fabrikasi akan di jalankan. Di antara prosesproses fabrikasi yang akan dilakukan adalah seperti proses pengukuran, proses kimpalan. proses penggerudian, proses pemotongan, proses pemasangan, proses brek keselamatan, proses pemasangan gear.

ABSTRACT

A summary for this project is a project of electric motor three wheel bike that is designed specifically for the elderly that has a low ability. The main reason for this project is to provide facilities to the elderly group to be easily move from one place to another. We often informed that they are difficult to move because of health factors. Therefore, the custom electric motor bicycle is design to solve their problems. In addition, among the other factors in term of environmental factors. Environmental problems are increasingly polluted is one of the factors of this project is derived. This bike is fully powered by electric motor that supply by battery. Thus, to some extent can reduce environment problems often troubled lately. Process of this project are firstly to drawn the design by using software such as "Computer Aided Design (CAD)". After that, the fabrication process will be performed. Among the fabrication process are included measuring process, welding process, drilling process, cutting process, wiring, setup brake system, touch-up process, gearing process and installation process.

DEDICATION

To my beloved parents,

Zaidah Binti Zainal Abidin and Rosdin Bin Abd Wahid

Thank you for all the support, encouragement, enthusiasm, patient and willingness.

To my honoured supervisor,

Encik Mohd Sulhan Bin Mokhtar and all UTeM lecturers and staffs.

To my dearest friends

Muhammad Iqbal Bin Saad. Muhammad Aminuddeen Bin Abd Hamid, Mukhlis Aiman Bin Mahadi, Muhammad Aqiuddin Bin Ishak, Mohd Nazirul Umair Bin Mohd Arif, Muhammad Fazihan Bin Ridzwan, Ahmad Muzammil Zarif Bin Ahmad Zainal. Abdullah Bin Maliki, Mohammad Haziq Bin Noordin and Natra Fathira Binti Nor Yatim

Thank you for always giving me a guidance and persistent help to complete this project thesis.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

All praise belongs to ALLAH (SWT). Without the health, strength and perseverance He gave, I would not be able to complete this project thesis. I have taken efforts in this project and spend time wisely to complete this thesis. However, it would have not been possible without the kind support and help of many individuals. In particular, I want to thank to anyone that contributed in my project thesis. First, I would like to express the deepest appreciations to my supervisor Mr Mohd Sulhan Bin Mokhtar for his patient and endless support that continually teaching me throughout my project. He gave me a necessary suggestion and constant supervision as well as for providing information regarding the project thesis. Without his guidance and persistent help this project thesis would not complete successfully. I also want to express my gratitude towards my beloved parents Mr Rosdin Bin Abd Wahid and Mrs Zaidah Binti Zainal Abidin also to my families for their kind motivation to go through all the hard work and they gave their supports and positive vibes while carrying out this project. In addition, I am very grateful for those giving me a chance to ask information from basic conceptual idea of the project. Also big appreciation to all my housemate and my friends Iqbal Saad, Aminuddeen Abd Hamid, Mukhlis Aiman Mahadi, Aqiuddin ishak, Jahir Haziq, Fazihan Ridzwan, Nazirul Umair Mohd Arif, Muzammil Zarif Ahmad Zainal, Haziq Noordin, Abdullah Maliki and Natra Fathira because helping me to finish this project. Lastly, a big appreciations also go to the people who are directly helped me in developing this project thesis. Thank you all so much for the supports.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

THE STATE OF CONTENTS	PAGE
TABLE OF CONTENTS	ix
LIST OF TABLES	1
LIST OF FIGURES	2
CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCT	TION 4
1.1 Background	4
1.2 Problem Statement	6
1.3 Objective	7
1.4 Scope	7
CHAPTER 2 LITERATUR	E REVIEW 8
2.1 Introduction	8
2.2 Bicycle	8
2.2.1 History	9
2.2.2 Types	11
2.2.2.1 Mountain Bike	11
2.2.2.2 Tricycle Bike	12
2.2.2.3 BMX Bike	13
2.2.3 Parts	14
2.2.3.1 Frame	14
2.2.3.2 Wheel and Tire	15
2.2.3.3 Drive Train and Gea	ar 16
2.2.3.4 Steering	16

	2.2.3.5 E	Brake	
	2.2.3.6 S	uspension	
	2.2.3.7 S	Seat / Saddle	
2.3	Scooter		
2.3.1	History		
2.3.2	Types		
	2.3.2.1 H	Kick Scooter	
	2.3.2.2 H	Electric Motorcycle	
	2.3.2.3 H	Electric Go-Kart	
2.3.3	Parts		
	2.3.3.1 H	Electric Motor	
	2.3.3.2 I	Battery	
	2.3.3.3 I	Frame and Fork	
	2.3.3.4	Hybrid	
	2.3.3.5	Γransmission	
2.4	Skateboa	rd	
2.4.1	History		
2.4.2	Types		
	2.4.2.1	Shortboard	
	2.4.2.2	Cruiser	
	2.4.2.3	Longboard	
2.4.3	Parts		
	2.4.3.1	Deck	
	2.4.3.2	Grip Tape	
	2.4.3.3	Truck	
	2131	Whaal	

	2.4.3.5 Bearing	33
2.5	Electric Motor	33
2.5.1	History	34
2.5.2	Types	34
	2.5.2.1 Early Motor	34
	2.5.2.2 DC Motor	35
	2.5.2.3 AC Motor	36
2.5.3	Components	38
	2.5.3.1 Rotor	38
	2.5.3.2 Bearing	38
	2.5.3.3 Stator	39
	2.5.3.4 Air Gap	39
	2.5.3.5 Winding	40
	2.5.3.6 Commutator	40
		42
СНА	METHODOLOGY	42
3.1	Introduction	42
3.2	Overall Process	42
3.3	Process Flow Chart	43
	3.3.1 Project Plan	45
	3.3.2 Description of Problem States	ment 45
	3.3.3 Project Objective and Scope	45
	3.3.4 Study of Literature Review	45
	3.3.5 Specification Product Concep	ot 46
	3.3.6 Concept Selection Method	47
	3.3.7 Product Design Using CATIA	48

	3.3.8 Product Simulation	48
	3.3.9 Analysis of Electric Bicycle	49
	3.3.10 Material Selection	49
	3.3.11 Product Verification and Function Testing	50
СНА	RESULT AND DICUSSION	51
4.1	Introduction	51
4.2	Concept Selection of Three-Wheel Transportation	52
4.3	Design of Three-Wheel Transportation	54
4.4	Introduction for Von Mises Stress	56
	4.4.1 Structural of Analysis	56
	4.4.2 Chassis Main Frame	57
4.5	Fabrication Process	59
	4.5.1 The Measuring Process	59
	4.5.2 Cutting Process	60
	4.5.3 Joining Process	61
	4.5.4 Painting Process	63
	4.5.5 Drilling Process	63
	4.5.6 Electric Work	65
	4.5.7 Gearing	66
	4.5.8 Braking system	67
4.6	Conclusion	67
CHA	APTER 5 CONCLUSION	68
5.1	Introduction	68
5.2	Conclusion	68

5.3 Recommendation	ϵ	59
REFERENCES		70
APPENDIX		72

LIST OF TABLES

TABLE	TITLE		PAGE
Table 1: Three-Whee	el Transportation Concept Screening Ma	atrix	52
Table 2: Three-Whee	el Transportation Concept Scoring Matri	ix	53
Table 3: Analysis da	ta for Chassis Main Frame		58

LIST OF FIGURES

FIGURE	TITLE	PAGE
Figure 1.1: Examples	s of electric bicycle	7
Figure 2.1: Hobby H	orse, 1816's	9
Figure 2.2: The Ordi	nary or Penny Farthing, 1870's	10
Figure 2.3: Evolution	n of bicycles.	10
Figure 2.4: Example	of mountain bike. (John Stevenson, 2019)	12
Figure 2.5: Example	of road bicycle. (John Stevenson, 2019)	12
Figure 2.6: Example	of BMX racing bike. (Carlos Nunes, 2017)	13
Figure 2.7: Basic par	rt in bicycle. (Scott Place, 2009)	14
Figure 2.8: Frame of	bicycle. (Nicola, 2017)	15
Figure 2.9: Drive tra	in and gear in a bicycle. (Alee Denham, 2016)	16
Figure 2.10: First inv	vention of kick scooter. (Frons, S, 2018)	19
Figure 2.11: the first	motored scooter. (Frons, S, 2018)	20
Figure 2.12: An elec	tric motorcycle. (Grant Elliott, 2018)	22
Figure 2.13: Early sk	kateboard. (Skatemag, 2013)	25
Figure 2.14: Evolution	on of the skateboard. (Skatemag, 2013)	26
Figure 2.15: Exampl	le of Shortboard. (M. W. Byrne, 2015)	27
Figure 2.16: Exampl	le of Cruiser Skateboard. (M. W. Byrne, 2015)	27
Figure 2.17: Exampl	le of Longboard. (Bam, 2018)	28
Figure 2.18: Shape of	of radial concave deck. (Warehouse Skateboards, 2008)	29

Figure 2.19: Shape of progressive deck. (Warehouse Skateboards, 2008)	29
Figure 2.20: Shape of w-concave deck. (Warehouse Skateboards, 2008)	30
Figure 2.21: Shape of tub concave deck. (Warehouse Skateboards, 2008)	30
Figure 2.22: Shape of Asymmetric deck. (Warehouse Skateboards, 2008)	30
Figure 2.24: Shape of flat deck. (Warehouse Skateboards, 2008)	31
Figure 2.25: Truck of skateboard. (Roger Skateboards, 2019)	32
Figure 2.26: Early Motor.	35
Figure 2.27: DC Motor. (Motion Dynamic, 2009)	36
Figure 2.28: AC motor. (P. Sivakumar, 2007)	37
Figure 2.29: Dismantled Rotor	38
Figure 2.30: Bearing on the motor. (BearingAdmin, 2017)	39
Figure 2.31: Stator. (Alamy, 2018)	39
Figure 2.32: Example of winding. (Allthatido, 2015)	40
Figure 2.33: Commutator part on motor. (Anne Xing, 2004)	41
Figure 3.1: Flow chart of project	44
Figure 3.2: The first concept of project.	46
Figure 3.3: The second concept of project.	47
Figure 3.4: Structure of product design.	48
Figure 3.5: Simulation of frame structure.	49

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

This chapter provides the background to the problem statement and the main objective for entire project and the scope of study, which has clearly defined the boundaries or the limits of this study. The report structure in this chapter also provides a general description of the section, the related content as well as the chapter itself. In overview, the progress of the whole project is summarized and described how the entire project was done.

1.1 Background

Electric bicycles are an electrical vehicle powered by electricity. Also known as an e-bike. Some other countries have been using different power sources of the electric motor because it is dependent on the legislation of the country. Batteries that can be charged between 15 and 20 mph are mainly used for the e-bike and can travel between 24 and 32kph. The invention of the electric bike is proof that engineering continues to make improvement, the invention of the electric bike replaces the old bicycle.

While the electric bikes use the electric motor, instead of a motorcycle they still call this a bicycle or a scooter. This is because the bicycle still has a fixed identity, which is mostly part and framework of the bicycle. The law on transport requiring the certification and functioning of good motor vehicles is therefore not included. There's no need a license to ride the electric bicycle.

This electric bike uses NiMH, a common power supply for electric bicycles. This battery type can be recharged and it is more handy to design an electric bicycle with light and thicker battery capacities. Electric bicycles are not like a motorcycle in many concepts, either they are designed or powered. In addition, the electric motor uses lower power than the motorcycle which the rider still needs to pedal. Some electric bicycles are frequently used by all people in terms of weight and frame style.

In bicycle speed, bicycle weight also plays an important role. The weight of the bicycle depends on the purpose, it is either 2 for the tournament, so the weight of the bike is not very common. The weight of the old bicycle is approximately 35 or 40 pounds, this type of weight was older than the day before bicycle technology was not yet improved. Now, the weight of the bike has been improved and the weight of the bike has been reduced to around 15 and 25 pounds. Bicycle weight improvement is for bicycle handling and cycling speed. Weight are mostly come from the bike frame, there are few materials which develop the bicycle frame to lighten and strengthen the bike. The types of materials used for bicycle frame development are carbon fiber and steel.

Carbon fiber is the most widely used material for bicycle frame development. The term carbon fiber describes this material as having various composites, including different polymers, carbon and graphite, which are bound by a matrix of epoxy resin that sometimes contains metals or ceramics fiber also called material whiskers, used to help stabilize a static degree and direction of dynamic forces at different parts of the bike framework.

Next is steel, it is also usually used to develop the bicycle frame. Steel is the materials used for many bicycle frames. Many bicycle designers have used their long experience to refine the design of steel bicycles. Steels provides a comfortable roll and

frame of steel that can be a source of energy for the cyclist to bend the frame in different sections of the pedal stroke. The steel frame may be repaired at low cost and may show or detect a frame stress to the breaking frame, if damaged. Another part of the pedal stock can emit the stored energy to move forward from steel. Compared to the aluminum frame that suddenly breaks when the frame fail, the steel frame of the bike is slowly breaking.

1.2 Problem Statement

The natural habit of movement is the essence of life. Every living thing kept moving for it on interest, such as animal they move to attack their preys, snake slide, caterpillar crawls, kangaroo hops and men walk. Human beings move the most of all. Kilometers of human travel have gone back and forth every day (Gupta 2015). But the movements for the elderly are not quite consistent as long as a teenager because the muscle and bones doesn't last long after a while working.

This project lies in the fact that the elderly have various problems with long distances movement. Most of the bicycles that are invented are intended to cycle wheels for ordinary and healthy people to move with usage of energy. This transport has been modified with the purpose of making it easy for older people to travel. The elderly suffer from weaknesses that reduce the movement in their lower part of the body. Thus, the seat and driver design is extremely important. One of the problems that has occurred is environment issues. Therefore, by using the electric system, this bicycle can be automatically classified as green transportation. In Figure 1.1 shows examples of electric bicycle.



Figure 1.1: Examples of electric bicycle

1.3 Objective

The objective based on the introduction and problem statement of this study above are as follow:

- To design the electric bicycle suitable for elder person.
- To produce and fabricate design that has been drawn into real product.

1.4 Scope

The project subjected to the following scope:

- I. Designing the frame body using CAD software (CATIA).
- II. Electric bicycle suitable for elder person and lower limb disabilities.
- III. An electrical system application is applied in the bicycle for movement.
- IV. Three-wheel transportation and suitable for one passenger only.
- V. Suitable only for weight below than 80kg.

CHAPTER 2

LITERATURE REVIEW

2.1 Introduction

There are numerous angles that should be considered and deliberately assessed before starting a project to ensure that a project runs smoothly. The review included webbased reference books, perceptions, speeches and assets. The project will be well updated based on the data obtained to continue running as a manual to complete the project with a specific end goal. The review was thinking of collecting each of the information or data obtained from a variety of sources in order to obtain the project's best results. This is to ensure that the project is delivered in order to achieve the goal and work legally.

2.2 Bicycle

A bicycle is a single-way vehicle filled with human-fueled and pedals that is connecting to a chassis with two wheels, one behind the other. A rider on a bike is known as a cyclist. In many districts, they are the main methods of transportation. They like wise giving a well-known things for fun and have been modified for use as children's toys, general wellness, military and police applications, dispatch administration, and motorcycle dashing. Since the main chain-driven model was produced around 1885, the essential shape and setup of a regular upright or "wellbeing bike" has changed little.

2.2.1 History

Leonardo da Vinci had imagined a machine which was remarkably similar to the modern bicycle as far back as 1490. Unfortunately, no attempt was made by Da Vinci to build the vehicle and his sketches were not discovered until the 1960s. In the late 1700s, the Celerifere was invented by a Frenchman named Comte de Sivrac, a crude wooden hobby horse made up of two wheels with a beam. The rider would sit on top of the beam and pushing thier feet against the ground to propel the contraction.

In Figure 2.1 shows a steerable hobby horse was designed by the German Baron Karl von Drais in 1816, and hobby-horse riding in Europe was a fashionable pastime within a few years. Riders also found that they were able to ride the device without losing their balance with their feet off the ground. A few decades later, Ernest Michaux known as Frenchman has designed a hobby horse with cranks and pedals connected to the front axle. The Velocipede was named the boneshaker, made out by wood wheels, iron frame and tires.



Figure 2.1: Hobby Horse, 1816's

Around 1866 James Stanley created an unusual version of the Velocipede in England. It was called the Ordinary, or Penny Farthing, and it had a huge front wheel and a small back wheel as shown in Figure 2.2. Soon, in 1885, the Rover Safety was created

by another Englishman, John Kemp Starley, so-called because it was safer than bicycles can be classed by function, number of riders, overall design, gearing, or propulsion in many different ways. The Ordinary, which tended to cart the rider on the huge front wheel unexpectedly. The safety featured solid rubber wheels, a chain-driven rear wheel and a sized diamond-shaped frame.



Figure 2.2: The Ordinary or Penny Farthing, 1870's

Charlie Kelly and Gary Fisher, from California, invented mountain bikes, combining the wide tires of older balloon tire bikes with the lightweight racing bikes technology. Mountain bikes has higher rate than racing bikes within 20 years. An evolution of bicycle has shown below in Figure 2.3.

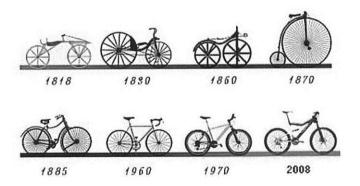


Figure 2.3: Evolution of bicycles.

2.2.2 Types

Bicycles can be classified in many different ways depending on their function, number of riders, general construction, gear or propulsion. Common types are including utility bicycles, mountain bike, racing bikes, hibrid bikes, cruiser bikes and BMX bikes. Low riders are less common, including fixed gear, tandems, folding models, tall bikes, amphibious bikes and electric bicycles. Unicycles, tricycles and quadricycles aren't strictly bikes because they are one, three and four wheels, but are often informally called "bikes."

2.2.2.1 Mountain Bike

A mountain bike or mountain bicycle is an off-road cycling bicycle. Mountain bikes share similarities with other bicycles, but have features designed which improve durability and performance of rough terrain. Typically, this includes front or full suspension, large knobby tires, longer durability wheels, stronger brakes, direct steering lines and lower gear ratios. Mountain bikes are generally specialized for use on mountain tracks, single trails and other off-road areas, although most of them can never be used off-road and hybrid road bikes are commonly found for sale on the basis of mountain bike frames.

Mountain biking originated as a fringe sport for the first time in the 1970s in California. Velo Club Mount Tamalpais, California first set up mountain biking as a sport and began regularly organizing downhill mountain biking races from 1976 to 1979, attracting public and media attention. Mountain biking was included in the Olympics for the first time in the Atlanta Games with a cross country event for both main and female riders. Example of mountain bike are shown in Figure 2.4.