DESIGN CIRCULAR POLARIZED ANTENNA WITH MULTILAYER METASURFACE

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This report is submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Electronic Engineering with Honours

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DEDICATION

Specially dedicated to my parents and my friends for their helping and support for

this project



ABSTRACT

For wireless communication system, antenna is one of the most important component. A good design of antenna can meet the system requirement and improve the performance of the system. In this project, design and analysis of Circular Polarized (CP) Antenna with multilayer Metasurface (MS) structure is presented. Firstly, the antenna was designed based open slot is formed by an L-shape directed connected at the center of the ground plane as a way to create the circular polarization. After optimization, axial-ratio achieved 1.632dB which is less than 3dB for circular polarization at frequency 5GHz. Then designed antenna is added with metasurface with air gap between the patch and metasurface layer with a distance of 20 mm. With the additional of the MS the gain increased by 1.084dB. The coaxial feed technique is applied in this antenna with 50Ω probe feed SMA connector. Computer Simulation Technology (CST) Microwave Studio Suite software is used as the simulation tool for the design and simulation process for the antenna. The antenna parameter include return loss (RL), bandwidth (BW), gain, directivity, axial ratio (AR) and total efficiency for the proposed antenna are analysed. The resonant frequency for this antenna design is the Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) application which operates at 5GHz frequency.

ABSTRAK

Untuk sistem komunikasi tanpa wayar, antena adalah salah satu komponen yang paling penting. Reka bentuk antena yang baik boleh memenuhi keperluan sistem dan meningkatkan prestasi sistem. Dalam projek ini, reka bentuk dan analisis Antena Pekeliling Polarisasi dengan struktur pelabagai lapisan meta-permukaan dibentangkan. Pertama, antena direka berdasarkan slot terbuka dibentuk oleh bentuk L yang diarahkan terhubung di tengah-tengah lapisan ground sebagai cara untuk mencipta polarisasi pekeliling. Selepas pengoptimuman, nisbah paksi mencapai 1.632dB yang kurang daripada 3dB untuk polarisasi bulat pada frekuensi 5GHz. Kemudian antena yang direka ditambah dengan meta-permukaan dengan jurang udara antara patch dan lapisan meta-permukaan dengan jarak 20 mm. Dengan tambahan MS, keuntungan meningkat sebanyak 1.084dB. Teknik suapan sepaksi digunakan dalam reka bentuk antena ini dengan penyambung SMA feed 50 Ω. Perisian.Computer Simulation Technology (CST) Studio Studio Suite Microwave digunakan sebagai alat simulasi untuk reka bentuk dan proses simulasi untuk antena yang dicadangkan. Parameter antenna termasuk kehilangan pulangan, bandwidth, keuntungan, directivity, nisbah paksi dan jumlah kecekapan untuk antena yang dicadangkan

ii

dianalisis. Aplikasi sasaran untuk reka bentuk antena ini ialah Rangkaian Kawasan Wayarles Wayarles (WLAN) yang beroperasi pada frekuensi 5GHz.

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Decla	aration		
Аррі	roval		
Dedi	ication		
Abst	tract	i	
Abst	trak	ii	
Ackr	nowledgements	iv	
Tabl	Table of Contents w		
List	List of Figures vii		
List	List of Tables xii		
List of Symbols and Abbreviations xiii			
СНА	APTER 1: INTRODUCTION	15	
1.1	Project Background	15	
1.2	Problem Statement	16	
1.3	Objectives	17	
1.4	Scope of work	17	
1.5	Thesis Outline	18	

CHAPTER 2: LITERATURE REVIEW 20			20
2.1	Microstrip Antenna		
2.2	Polar	ization	22
	2.2.1	Linear Polarization	22
		2.2.1.1 Vertically polarization	23
		2.2.1.2 Horizontally polarization	23
	2.2.2	Circular Polarization (CP)	24
		2.2.2.1 Right Hand Circular Polarization (RHCP)	24
		2.2.2.2 Left Hand Circular Polarized (LHCP)	24
	2.2.3	Elliptical Polarization	25
	2.2.4	Type of Circular Polarized Antenna	25
		2.2.4.1 Circular Polarized Coplanar Waveguide (CPW) Antenna structure	25
		2.2.4.2 Horn Antenna with an Anisotropic Metamaterial Slab	26
		2.2.4.3 Microstrip Patch Antenna	27
2.3	Meta	material	36
	2.3.1	Metasurface (MS)	37
	2.3.2	Type of Metasurface Design	37
2.4	Sumr	nary	48
CHA	PTER	3: METHODOLOGY	50
3.1	Desig	n Specification	52

3.2	Design Process of Circular Polarization Microstrip Patch Antenna	53	
3.3	Design Process of Metasurface	60	
3.4	Simulation Process	64	
3.5	Fabrication process	65	
3.6	Measurement process	68	
3.7	Summary	70	
СНА	PTER 4: RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	72	
4.1	Circular Polarized Antenna	72	
4.2	Circular Polarized Antenna with Metasurface	81	
4.3	Summary	94	
СНА	PTER 5: CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORKS	95	
5.1	Conclusion	95	
5.2	Future work	96	
REF	REFERENCES 98		

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 2.1 : Rectangular and circular microstrip (patch) antenna[2]	21
Figure 2.2 : Three different type of polarization[3]	22
Figure 2.3 : Vertical polarization and horizontal polarization[4]	23
Figure 2.4 : The different of LHCP and RHCP[3]	25
Figure 2.5 : CPW-Fed Circularly Polarized Slot Antenna Structure[5]	26
Figure 2.6 : The geometry of CP horn antenna	27
Figure 2.7 : The anisotropic metamaterial slab and its unit cell structure[6]	27
Figure 2.8 : Geometry of elliptical patch antenna[7]	28
Figure 2.9 : Top view of CP microstrip antenna[8]	29
Figure 2.10 : Geometry of pentagonal patch[9]	29
Figure 2.11 : Design process and configuration of the proposed open-slot antenna	[10] 30
Figure 2.12 : Overall antenna structure[11]	31
Figure 2.13 : Top view and cross sectional view of the rectangular patch antenna	[12] 32
Figure 2.14 : Structure of the proposed antenna[13]	33
Figure 2.15 : Metafilm and Metascreen model[14]	37
Figure 2.16 : a) Metasurface. b) Unit cell of metasurface c) Structure of antenna[16]	the 38

Figure 2.17 : Geometry and equivalent circuit of the JC based metasurface[17] 3	9
Figure 2.18 : Structure of the proposed antenna: (a) side view and (b) top view[18]4	0
Figure 2.19 : Structure of the metasurface: (a) cross-sectional view and (b) top view[19] 4)- 1
Figure 2.20 : (a) LHP (b) RHP (c) unit cell and (d) Isometric view of the M polarization converter[20] 4	S 2
Figure 2.21 : (a) DCR unit-cell and (b) side view of the metasurfaced pate antenna[21] 4	h 3
Figure 2.22 : (a) Unit cell (b) Set of ZIM structure 4	4
Figure 2.23 : Structure of the ZIM-integrated antenna[22] 4	4
Figure 3.1 : Methodology Flow Chart5	2
Figure 3.2 : Design process of Open Slot 5	4
Figure 3.3 : Conventional printed monopole patch at front view5	5
Figure 3.4 : Antenna performances for CP antenna with the different length of L_t . (a Return loss (b) Axial ratio 5	ı) 6
Figure 3.5 : Antenna performances for CP antenna with the different length of W_t . (a Return loss (b) Axial ratio 5	ı) 8
Figure 3.6 : Bent feeding is added 5	9
Figure 3.7 : The configuration of the CP antenna design5	9
Figure 3.8 : Type of metasurface design (a) Square shape (Design A) (b) Squre wit truncated side (Design B) (c) Square loop (Design C) (d) Square with truncated corne (Design D) 6	h er 1
Figure 3.9 : Front view of (a) unit cell of Design E and (b) set of MS structure. 6	2
Figure 3.10 : Configuration of circular polarized (CP) antenna with metasurface i cross-sectional view 6	n 2
Figure 3.11 : Type of metasurface structure (a) Dsign 1 (b) Design 2 (c) Design 3 6	3
Figure 3.12 : Coaxial Probe in CST 6	4

Figure 3.13 : Flow Chart of Fabrication Process	65
Figure 3.14 : The layout design on the transparency paper	66
Figure 3.15 : The layout transparency paper is covered on the FR-4 board	66
Figure 3.16 : The FR-4 is exposed using UV exposure unit	67
Figure 3.17 : The fabricated structures	67
Figure 3.18 : Prototype of Antenna	68
Figure 3.19 : Vector Network Analyzer	68
Figure 3.20 : Antenna Under Test (AUT)	69
Figure 3.21 : Friis formula	70
Figure 4.1 : CP antenna design (a) Top view (b) Bottom view	73
Figure 4.2 : Axial Ratio with and without open slot antenna	74
Figure 4.3 : Comparison of resonant frequency for with and without bent to structure	feeding 75
Figure 4.4 : Comparison axial ratio with and without bent feeding structure	75
Figure 4.5 : Return loss over frequencies of circular polarized antenna– simular measurement	tion vs. 76
Figure 4.6 : Simulation result for axial ratio over frequencies of circular po antenna	larized 77
Figure 4.7 : Surface current for CP antenna - (a) 0° (b) 90° (c) 180° (d) 270°	78
Figure 4.8 : Antenna performances for proposed circular polarized antenna. (a (b) Efficiency (c) Directivity	a) Gain 79
Figure 4.9 : Radiation pattern of CP antenna with MS at 5GHz for (a) $Phi = 0^{\circ} = 90^{\circ}$ and (c) Theta = 90°	(b) Phi 80
Figure 4.10 : Prototype of CP antenna with MS	81
Figure 4.11 : Comparison of simulation axial ratio for CP antenna with metasurface design – simulation	various 83

Figure 4.12 : Comparison of simulated return loss for CP antenna with different Metasurface design – simulation 84

Figure 4.13 : Comparison of simulated directivity for CP antenna with different metasurface design – simulation 85

Figure 4.14 : Comparison of simulated gain for CP antenna with different metasurface design – simulation 86

Figure 4.15 : Return loss of the CP antenna for a different structure of Design E1, E2 and E3 87

Figure 4.16 : Gain of the CP antenna for a different structure of Design E1, E2 and E3

Figure 4.17 : Return loss over frequencies of ciruclar polarized antenna (simulation and measurement) -with MS vs without MS 89

Figure 4.18 : Axial Ratio over frequencies of CP antenna – With vs. Without MS 90

Figure 4.19 : Surface current for CP antenna with MS - (a) 0° (b) 90° (c) 180° (d) 270° 91

Figure 4.20: Gain over frequencies of CP antenna – With vs. Without MS 92

Figure 4.21 : Radiation pattern of CP antenna with MS at 5GHz for (a) $Phi = 0^{\circ}$ (b) Phi = 90° and (c) Theta = 90° 93

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1 : Summary for all CP antenna	33
Table 2: Summary for Metasurface	45
Table 3 : Design Specification	53
Table 4 : CP antenna parameter	60
Table 5 : Result of return loss, axial ratio, gain, directivity and total efficiency circular polarized antenna at frequency 5GHz	for 81
Table 6 : Comparison for return loss, axial ratio, gain, directivity and total efficie for strucure Design 1, 2 and 3 at frequency 5GHz	ncy 88
Table 7 : Result of return loss, axial ration, gain, directivity and total efficiency circular CP antenna with and without MS at frequency 5GHz.	for 93

LIST OF SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

h	:	Thickness of the substrate
Er	:	Dielectric constant
tan <i>δ</i>	:	Tangent loss
t	:	Copper thickness
H_{l}	:	Height of the monopole patch
W_{l}	:	Width of the monopole patch
Wt	:	Width of bent feeding structure
Lt	:	Length of bent feeding structure
W	:	Width of inverted L-shaped
L	:	Length of inverted L-shaped
W_{f}	:	Width of feeding line
G	:	Length of ground plane
WLAN	:	Wireless Local Area Network
MPA	:	Microstrip Patch Antenna
СР	:	Circular Polarization
MS	:	Metasurface
BW	:	Bandwidth
AR	:	Axial Ratio

xiii

- RL : Return Loss
- CPW : Co-planar Waveguide
- RHCP : Right Hand Circular Polarization
- LHCP : Left Hand Circular Polarization
- DGS : Defected Ground Structure
- PBS : Photonic Bandgap Structure
- FSS : Frequency Selective Surfaces
- CSRR : Complementary Split Ring Resonator
- JC : Jerusalem Cross
- MNS : Mu-Near-Zero
- ZIM : Zero Index Metasurface
- UV : Ultraviolet
- VNA : Vector Network Analyzer
- CST : Computer Simulation Technology
- AUT : Antenna Under Test

CHAPTER 1:

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Background

Anything related transfer of information without using electrical conductor can be said as wireless communication system. For wireless communication system, antenna is a main component as it convert the electrical signal to electromagnetic. In order to design an antenna, Microstrip Antenna (MPA) is better choice where it have low profile, inexpensive and easy to fabricate. Circular Polarized (CP) Antenna is particularly useful for this project in order to improve the efficiency of polarization radiation of antenna. Furthermore, multilayer metasurface structure is proposed in this project to enhance gain of antenna. The proposed antenna operated at 5GHz band for the WLAN application system.

1.2 Problem Statement

The technology of wireless telecommunication communication devices develop quickly in the most recent years. Wireless application can perform better if the important part especially the antenna can transmit and receive the signal with low signal losses according to the misalignment. When the device is located in different position and orientation, there is misalignment angle between receive and transmit antenna. This is called polarization mismatch. This condition will cause only small percentage of signal will be received by the antenna. To overcome this problem, the Circular Polarization (CP) antenna is preferable in term of polarization parameter where it can transmit the signal in all plane. With CP radiation, the efficiency of transmission can be increased. However CP antenna has the disadvantages which are more complex and more expensive.

MPA is chosen for easy fabrication and smaller in size. The low cost FR-4 at microwave frequency has relative high dielectric constant leads to declining of MPA performance such as narrow bandwidth, low gain and poor efficiency. The low gain is the primary issue that limit the data rate in system

Metasurface (MS) have been studied can improve the performance of antenna include the efficiency, gain and larger bandwidth (BW).MS has succinct structure with low profile, so MS structure is propose to combine with CP patch in order to enhance performance, yet retaining the low profile structure.

1.3 Objectives

- Design, simulation and fabrication of circular polarized antenna with multilayer meta-surface for wireless communication system.
- To achieve the axial ratio (AR) value less than 3dB to create circular polarization
- To achieve the gain of the antenna more than 4dB for the improvement of performance of the antenna

1.4 Scope of work

This project is to design circular polarized antenna with multilayer metasurface for wireless communication system. In design process, CP antenna will be designed using any technique. The polarization can be either left-hand circular polarization (LHCP) or right-hand circular polarization (RHCP). Then, the antenna will be designed using the multilayer metasurface structure.

Then simulate the value of the antenna parameter by using CST software tools. Antenna parameters include input impedance, bandwidth, efficiency, gain, and polarization and radiation pattern.

For the fabrication process, the material is FR4 substrate with a thickness of 1.6 mm, a dielectric constant of 4.4, and a loss tangent of 0.019 with chemical etching technique. The value of the antenna parameter such as resonant frequency, return loss (RL), gain, bandwidth (BW), directivity, efficiency and radiation pattern will be measured after the fabrication process. This value will be analyzed to compare the value measured and simulation.

1.5 Thesis Outline

In Chapter 1, the chapter introduces the background of circular polarized antenna with multilayer metasurface, the problem statement, the objectives, the scope of the work and the thesis outlines.

Next, Chapter 2 covers literature review related to basic principle of MPA, polarization and metasurface. This chapter is actually covers the previous design that accomplished by the researchers includes the design of the circular polarized antenna and structure of metasurface.

Chapter 3 presents the methodology used in the completing the project and the process flow of the project. Initially CP antenna is designed, then combine the antenna with MS. Investigation on different type of design and structure of metasurface. The simulation, fabrication and measurement process are well explained in this chapter.

Chapter 4 presents the result from the simulation and measurement for the antenna parameter include return loss, axial ratio, gain, efficiency, directivity and radiation pattern. The results will be discussed and analyzed for the performance done of this project.

Finally, Chapter 5 deduces the result achieved and objectives desired. Recommendation on future works or improvements that can be made for the project are also suggested by this chapter.