

# UNIVERSITI TEKNIKAL MALAYSIA MELAKA IMPROVING STOCK RECORD ACCURACY USING MOBILE APPLICATION

This report is submitted in accordance with the requirement of the Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka (UTeM) for the Bachelor's Degree in Manufacturing Engineering Technology (Process and Technology) with Honours.

by

KEK ZI XIANG B071410232 940428015191

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY 2017

C Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka

### DECLARATION

I hereby, declared this report entitled "Improving Stock Record Accuracy using Mobile Application" is the results of my own research except as cited in references.

Signature	:	
Author's Name	:	KEK ZI XIANG
Date	:	

### APPROVAL

This report is submitted to the Faculty of Engineering Technology of UTeM as a partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Bachelor's Degree in Manufacturing Engineering Technology (Process and Technology) with Honours. The member of the supervisory is as follow:

.....

(DR ROHANA BINTI ABDULLAH)

C Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka

### ABSTRAK

Sejak kebelakangan ini, kawalan inventori sangat penting kepada sesebuah organisasi kerana semua stok mesti diurus, dikawal dan dikesan pada bila-bila masa dan di mana-mana sahaja. Kini, kawalan inventori lebih penting lagi untuk kejayaan dan kesinambungan. Projek ini membincangkan tentang kajian prosedur kawalan inventori semasa di makmal JTKP dan untuk mereka bentuk aplikasi telefon mudah alih mengikut proses pemetaan dan kemudian menguji keupayaan aplikasi telefon mudah alih ini yang dikenali sebagai e-Inventori untuk menguruskan inventori. Aplikasi yang digunakan ialah sistem Android. Data inventori akan disimpan dalam pangkalan data awan yang dikenali sebagai Firebase Real-time Database yang bermaksud pangkalan data boleh diakses pada bila-bila masa dan di mana-mana sahaja melalui pengaksesan internet. E-Inventori mengandungi tiga kategori iaitu "Pengurus", "Admin" dan "Pengguna". E-Inventori menggunakan ciri pengesahan untuk mengenal pasti pengguna dengan menggunakan e-mel dan kata laluan melalui Firebase Authentication. Ujian keupayaan sistem telah dijalankan untuk menguji e-Inventori. Keputusan ujian dan ulasan pengguna dibincangkan dalam kajian ini. Beberapa pengguna telah dipilih untuk menguji aplikasi ini. Kesimpulannya, kajian ini telah dilakukan dan matlamat projek ini telah dicapai. Aplikasi ini diterima oleh pengguna termasuk pengurus stor dan penjaga stor. Akhir sekali, kawalan inventori dengan menggunakan aplikasi telefon mudah alih telah dibuktikan lebih cekap berbanding dengan sistem kawalan inventori semasa.

### ABSTRACT

Recently, inventory control is very important to an organization because all the stock must be managed, controlled and tracked at anytime and anywhere. Nowadays, inventory control is even more crucial to success and sustainability. This project discuss about to study current inventory control procedure in JTKP lab and to design mobile application according to process mapping then to test the capability of the mobile application called E-Inventory to manage the inventory. The mobile application is used Android system. The features of E-Inventory which are manage, count, record stock transaction and track the stock in warehouse. The inventory data will be stored at a cloud database called Firebase Real-time Database which means the database can accessed at anytime and anywhere with internet access. E-Inventory contains three types of categories which are "Manager", "Admin" and "User". The E-Inventory has authentication's feature to identify the user by using E-mail and password through the Firebase Authentication. The system capability testing has been carried to test the E-Inventory. The testing results and user comments are discussed in this study. The end users have been selected to test the mobile application. As to conclude, this study has been done and the objective of this project has been achieved. The mobile application is accepted by the end users which the store executive and store keeper. In the end, the inventory control by using mobile application has been proved to provide more efficient compare to current inventory control system.

## DEDICATION

I would like to dedicate this project to:

My beloved parents,

All my lecturers,

My friends,

Who always encourage me to finish this project.

### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I would like to express my sincere thanks to my project supervisor, Dr Rohana Binti Abdullah giving me a golden opportunity to do this Final Year Project title. I feel very excited with the challenging part of the project. Moreover, I feel so lucky Dr Rohana Binti Abdullah accepted what I have proposed and take charge as my supervisor to guide me throughout this project by providing advises for the problems that I had encountered. She always pointed me to right direction and suggested some solutions when I was feeling lost when doing the project.

In addition, I would like to thank my lovely family and friends. They gave me a lot of innovative ideas and comment which help to improve my Final Year Project. Throughout this project, I have gain a lot of knowledge about inventory control, how to develop mobile application that will give me benefits for my future life.

# **TABLE OF CONTENT**

ABST	ΓRAK	i
ABST	ΓRACT	ii
DEDI	ICATION	iii
ACK	NOWLEDGEMENT	iv
TABI	LE OF CONTENT	v
CHA	PTER 1:INTRODUCTION	1
1.1	PROJECT BACKGROUND	1
1.2	PROBLEM STATEMENT	2
1.3	OBJECTIVE	3
1.4	SCOPE	3
CHA	PTER 2: LITERATURE REVIEW	5
2.1	Inventory	5
2.1.1	Type of Inventory	5
2.1.2	The Importance of Inventory	6
2.2	Inventory Control	7
2.2.1	The Importance of Inventory Control	8
2.2.2	Inventory control with barcode system	8
2.3	Stock/Inventory Record Accuracy	9
2.3.1	The Effect of Stock Record Inaccuracy	10

2.4	Mobile Application	11
2.4.1	Mobile application development Challenges	12
2.4.2	Native Mobile Application Development	14
2.4.3	Android Mobile Application	15
2.4.4	Firebase Database	15
2.4.5	Review on Existing Market Inventory Application	17
CHA	PTER 3: METHODOLOGY	22
3.0	Introduction	22
3.1	Study planning	22
3.1.1	Bachelor Degree Project I	23
3.1.2	Bachelor Degree of Project II	24
3.2	Research Methodology	25
3.2.1	Problem Identification	26
3.2.2	Objective Setting	27
3.2.3	Literature Study	28
3.2.4	Data Collection	28
3.2.5	Mobile Application Design	29
3.2.5.	Project Planning	30
3.2.5.2	2 System Analysis	30
3.2.5.3	B Design	30
3.2.5.4	4 Testing and Fixing Bugs	31
3.2.5.	5 Implementation	32
3.2.6	Result	32

CHAPTER 4: RESULT AND DISCUSSION	33
4.0 Introduction	33
4.1 Project Planning	33
4.2 System Analysis	34
4.2.1 Overview the Current Inventory Management in Store BGH JTKP	34
4.2.2 Proposal of new system	37
4.2.3 Functional Requirement	40
4.2.4 Non-functional Requirement	44
4.2.5 Other requirement	45
4.3 Design	47
4.3.1 System Architecture Design	48
4.3.2 Interface design	49
4.3.2.1 Login Page	49
4.3.2.2 Manager Login Page	50
4.3.2.3 Admin Login Page	52
4.3.2.4 Reset User's Password	54
4.3.2.5 Home Page	55
4.3.2.6 Inventory Items Page	56
4.3.2.7 Scan Items	57
4.3.2.8 New Product Page	58
4.3.2.9 Stock Transaction Record Page	60
4.3.2.10 Product Detail Page	61
4.3.2.11 Stock out Page	62
4.3.2.12 Stock in Page	63
4.3.2.13 Edit Stock Page	65

4.3.2	14 Delete Stock Page	66
4.3.3	Database Design	67
4.3.4	User Security Matrix	70
4.4	Testing	73
4.4.1	Test Organization	73
4.4.2	Test Strategy	74
4.4.3	Test Design Integration Testing	74
4.4.4	Test Data Integration Testing	75
4.4.5	Test Result Integration Testing	76
4.4.6	System Capability Testing	77
4.4.7	Test Result System Capability Testing and Analysis	79
4.4.8	End User Suggestion	84
4.4.9	Comparison between current inventory system and E-Inventory	85
СНА	PTER 5: CONCLUSION	88
5.0	Introduction	88
5.1	Conclusion	88
5.2	Recommendation	89
REF	ERENCES	91
APP	ENDICES	93
APPENDIX A		94
APPI	ENDIX B	99

APPENDIX C	103
APPENDIX D	117
APPENDIX E	121

## LIST OF TABLES

Table 2.1 Importance of Holding Inventory	6
Table 2.2 Adoption of Tun (2014) Mobile Application Development Approach	
Comparison	11
Table 2.3 Adoption of Tun (2014) Comparison of Development Platforms	13
Table 2.4 Advantages and Disadvantages of Native Mobile Application Development	14
Table 2.5 Firebase features	16
Table 2.6 Comparison between Current Existing Market Applications System with	
Propose Application System	17
Table 2.7: Characteristics of ISO 9126 Standards	18
Table 2.8 Sub Characteristics of ISO 9126 Standards	19
Table 4.1 System Requirement	36
Table 4.2 Functional Requirement of Inventory System	40
Table 4.3 Software Requirement	45
Table 4.4 Laptop Requirement	46
Table 4.5 Smartphone Requirement	46
Table 4.6 Network Requirement	47
Table 4.7 Detail for Login Page	49
Table 4.8 Detail for Manager Login Page	50
Table 4.9 Detail for Manager Login Page's Notification	51
Table 4.10 Detail for Admin Login Page	52
Table 4.11 Detail for Admin Login Page's Notification	53
Table 4.12 Detail for Reset User's Password Page	54
Table 4.13 Detail for Reset User's Password Page's Notification	54
Table 4.14 Detail for Home Menu Page	55
Table 4.15 Detail for Scan Items Page	57
Table 4.16 Detail for Scan Items Page's Notification	58
Table 4.17 Detail for New Product Page	59

Table 4.18 Detail for New Product Page's Notification	59
Table 4.19 Detail for Product Detail Page	61
Table 4.20 Detail for Stock out Page	62
Table 4.21 Detail for Stock out Page's Notification	63
Table 4.22 Detail for Stock in Page	64
Table 4.23 Detail for Stock in Page's Notification	64
Table 4.24 Detail for Edit Stock Page	65
Table 4.25 Detail for Edit Stock Page's Notification	66
Table 4.26 Detail for Delete Stock Page	67
Table 4.27 Detail for Delete Stock Page's Notification	67
Table 4.28 Firebase Specification	68
Table 4.29 User Security Matrix	70
Table 4.30 User Role: Manager	71
Table 4.31 User Role: Admin	72
Table 4.32 User Role: Student	72
Table 4.33 Test Organization	73
Table 4.34 System Login Testing	75
Table 4.35 Test Data System Login	75
Table 4.36 Test Data Add New Product	76
Table 4.37 Test Result Integration Testing	76
Table 4.38 ISO 9126 Standard Quality Characteristics	77
Table 4.39 System Capability Rating	78
Table 4.40 Rating Category	79
Table 4.41: Functionality	79
Table 4.42: Reliability	80
Table 4.43: Usability	81
Table 4.44: Efficiency	82
Table 4.45: Portability	82
Table 4.46 User Suggestion	84
Table 4.47 User Role: Admin (New)	85
Table 4.48 Comparison between current inventory system and E-Inventory	85

## **LIST OF FIGURES**

Figure 3.1 Gantt chart of Bachelor Degree Project I	23
Figure 3.2 Gantt chart of Bachelor Degree Project II	24
Figure 3.3 Flow Chart of Methodology	25
Figure 3.4 Mobile Application Development Life Cycles	29
Figure 4.1 Current Processes in Store BGH JTKP	38
Figure 4.2 Proposal of New System	39
Figure 4.3 Inventory System Context Diagram	40
Figure 4.4 Functional Application Diagram	41
Figure 4.5 Use case diagram of Manager	42
Figure 4.6 Use case diagram of Admin	42
Figure 4.7 Use case diagram of Student	43
Figure 4.8 Scenario of Manage Stock-out Record	43
Figure 4.9 System Architecture	48
Figure 4.10 Login Page	49
Figure 4.11 Manager Login Page	50
Figure 4.12 Admin Login Page	52
Figure 4.13 Reset User's Password Page	54
Figure 4.14 Home Menu Page	55
Figure 4.15 Reset Inventory Items Page	56
Figure 4.16 Scan Items Page	57
Figure 4.17 New Product Page	58
Figure 4.18 Stock Transaction Page	60
Figure 4.19 Product Detail Page	61
Figure 4.20 Stock out Page	62
Figure 4.21 Stock in Page	63
Figure 4.22 Edit Stock Page	65
Figure 4.23 Delete Stock Page	66
Figure 4.24 Firebase Authentication Page	68

Figure 4.25 Firebase Real-time Database	69
Figure 4.26 Firebase Real-time Database's Stock Data	69
Figure 4.27 Firebase Real-time Database's Report Data	70

# LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS, SYSMBOLS AND NOMENCLATURE

IRI	Inventory Record Inaccuracy
FTK	Faculty Teknologi Kejuruteraan
JTKP	Jabatan Teknologi Kejuruteraan Pembuatan
UTeM	Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka
Lab	Laboratory
WIP	Work in Progress
MRO	Maintenance, Repair and Operating
JIT	Just In Time
JIC	Just In Case
App	Application
Ram	Random Access Memory
CPU	Central Processing Unit
OS	Open Source
SDK	Software Development Kit
API	Application Programming Interface
UI	User Interface
MB	Megabyte
JSON	JavaScript Object Notation
SQL	Structured Query Language

## **APPENDICES**

APPENDIX A	-	Test Procedure Design
APPENDIX B	-	Test Data
APPENDIX C	-	User Manual
APPENDIX D	-	Stock Information
APPENDIX E	-	User Acceptance Testing Result

# CHAPTER 1

### INTRODUCTION

#### **1.1 PROJECT BACKGROUND**

Inventory control is very important to an organization because all the stock must be managed, controlled and tracked at anytime and anywhere. Nowadays, inventory control is even more crucial to success and sustainability. Inaccurate inventory control can lead to lost business profits. For example an employee telling a customer an item is out of stock however he discovers it is in stock later, it may make the company loss a lot of business. According to Chuang and Oliva (2015), they estimated IRI (Inventory record inaccuracy) reduces a company's total profits, they found that a retail store had IRI 29% of the items it make the company's loss by 10% profits. Manually to manage the stock may also cause inaccuracy data happening and difficult to check the quantity of the stock in a short time. According to Wang et.al (2016), there are many factors to cause the inventory record inaccuracy; the three main sources are stock missing, misplacement of stock and stock transaction errors.

Nowadays, inventory control must require a computerized system for a better record all the stock documents and avoid any aging documents deteriorate occur. Manually tracking and counting inventory is nearly impossible by today's industry standard. There are many types of inventory computer software in market however relying on inventory control and tracking methods solely on a desktop computer is no longer feasible.



According to Smith (2012), there are 88% of United State adults own a mobile phone and there is 55% of mobile phone owners use their phone to go online or Email rather than use laptop or desktop computer.

With stocks flying in and out at warehouse, tracking all the moving quantities can be overwhelming. According to Wang et.al (2014), Smartphone is a miniaturized desktop computer that having an operating system to support potentially thousands of mobile computing software called Mobile application. So that mobile application is one of the ways to manage the inventory. Mobile applications can immediate access inventory information accurately and timely in the palm of your hand. According to Gelogo and Kim (2014), time is money so that a faster decision making is one of the benefit that results from employees having access to real time accurately data whenever it is needed. By using mobile application not only increase the productivity of the staff however also increases the stock record accuracy at all the time.

#### **1.2 PROBLEM STATEMENT**

In Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka, Faculty Engineering Technology (FTK) is a faculty which is aims to educate and train highly skilled manpower to contribute to the advanced industrial countries. FTK has divided the academic system into two categories which are 60% practical assessment and 40% final exam. Therefore, the material stock becomes a very important thing in the laboratory activity. JTKP (Jabatan Teknologi Kejuruteraan Pembuatan) having laboratory and consists of consumable goods. The consumable goods should be controlled in order to ensure that the learning process is running smoothly at all the time and reducing the costs of material in laboratory. Multiple laboratory location suffer when staff have to keep calling each other to find and count quantities of consumable goods or to confirm it is actually at the store. Accurate control the consumable goods will eliminate the issues with consumable goods' stores location. It is identify currently the inventory control for consumable goods in JTKP labs done manually which means that JTKP was used the yellow form paper sheet

to record the stock transaction and used spreadsheet with various columns for stock name, item number, quantity and so on by sing Microsoft Excel to record all the stock data unfortunately the result seem that was not very efficient to the inventory. The consumable goods information difficult to share and stock quantities and details are not transparent to others. JTKP also they need a lot of time to get the real time accurate data in warehouse because they are manually counting the quantities of consumable goods.

#### **1.3 OBJECTIVE**

The stock accuracy is very important in JTKP laboratories this is because the consumable goods should be controlled in order to ensure that the learning process is running smoothly at all the time in laboratories. The objective of this project is to improve the stock record accuracy using mobile application. This objective can be achieved into following specific goals:

- 1. To study current inventory control process in JTKP lab.
- 2. To design a mobile application for inventory control process in JTKP lab.
- 3. To test the capabilities of mobile application in JTKP lab.

#### 1.4 SCOPE

This project is carried out to design a mobile application for the consumable goods for raw material only in the Jabatan Teknologi Kejuruteraan Pembuatan (JTKP) in Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka (UTeM). This is for the creation of an inventory control application with mobile phones. The mobile application of this project called E-

Inventory. This will be a mobile application for Android system. The Android Studio will be used to develop the mobile application. This mobile application requires internet access to operate. This is because the inventory data will be stored in a cloud database called Firebase real-time database. So the inventory data can be accessed at anytime and anywhere with internet access. The E-Inventory can be signed in with multiple users at the same time. All the users will be access the same cloud-database. This project does not consist of any cost analysis. The mobile application will need to know the identity of a user before starting the mobile application need user authentication. The authentication will use the user's email and password. The mobile application will consist of three categories which are "Manager", "Admin" and "Student". The System Development Life Cycle (SDLC) is chosen as methodology of mobile application design. SDLC will consist of project planning, system analysis, design, testing and implementation. However, this project will follow the SDLC until the testing phase only.

### **CHAPTER 2**

### LITERATURE REVIEW

#### 2.1 Inventory

Inventory can be said that is the material or supplies that keep it in the warehouse for future use or sales. Inventory also can be goods or stocks that there are waiting to be processed or converted into the finished goods to the customers. Inventory can be defined as a stock or store of goods.

Inventory can be said that to provide immediate product supply due to increasing over time, inventory also can be said that as a mechanism to affect the product demand, (Aydinliyim et.al, 2017). The meaning of inventory is a physical stock kept in the warehouse to achieve expected demand, (Vrat 2014). Another word to say inventory is an available resource however idle having economic value to a company or organization.

#### 2.1.1 Type of Inventory

Inventory can provide the capability to fulfil the customer's requirement, maintenance, to carry out the production smoothly and etc. According to previous work, there are many types of inventories (Vrat ,2014); Nemtajela and Mbohwa , 2017):

- 1. Work in progress (WIP) or Pipeline inventory partially complete product.
- 2. Raw material and purchased part.
- 3. Finished goods inventories- a product that ready for current customer sales.
- 4. Maintenance, repair and operating (MRO)-spare part and etc
- 5. Bought-out-parts (BOP) inventory the parts which go to assembly production directly.
- 6. Buffer inventory- it can be as safety stock, it can replenish the demand and supply uncertainties.
- 7. Anticipation inventory- stock for future demand and unanticipated supply interruption.
- Cycle inventory the process is unable to supply according the demand and accumulate the inventory product available when processing other types of product.

#### 2.1.2 The Importance of Inventory

Inventory is considered as a waste in the Just-in-Time (JIT) in manufacturing however the inventory plays a very important role in an industry's company. If an industry does not have inventory, it may cause the materials shortages, production delays and project cannot run smoothly at all the time, (Vrat 2014). There are some of the important reasons for obtaining and holding inventory is:

Table 2.1 Importance of Holding Inventory

No	Reason	Description
1	Time lag between ordering and	Replenishment lead time means that there
	getting the stocks at the point of	is a time lag between placing order the
	consumption	stock and shipping time.
2	Demand variability	Company are unable to estimate the actual
		demand. Due to the uncertainties in