

UNIVERSITI TEKNIKAL MALAYSIA MELAKA

DEVELOPMENT OF CONVEYOR TOWER LIGHT ALARM SIGNAL AND MONITORING SYSTEM IN FACTORY USING LABVIEW

This report submitted in accordance with requirement of the Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka (UTeM) for the Bachelor's Degree in Electronic Engineering Technology (Bachelor's Degree in Electronics Industry Technology with Honours)

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TAJUK: DEVELOPMENT OF CONVEYOR TOWER LIGHT ALARM SIGNAL AND
MONITORING SYSTEM IN FACTORY USING LABVIEW

SESI PENGAJIAN: 2016/17 Semester 1

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APPROVAL

This report is submitted to the Faculty of Engineering Technology of UTeM as a partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Engineering Technology (Department of Electronics & Computer Engineering Technology) (Bachelor's Degree in Electronics Electronics Industry Technology with Honours). The member of the supervisory is as follow:



(IR. MOHAMMAD'AFIF BIN KASNO)

ABSTRAK

Projek tahun akhir bertujuan mendedahkan pelajar menjalani kajian teknikal yang lebih tinggi kepada pemikiran dan logik yang perlu dibangunkan untuk memastikan sesuatu yang dapat mengintegrasikan / idea beliau menjadi sesuatu yang berguna. Ini dimulakan dengan permulaan idea atau konsep, yang bukan sahaja bertujuan untuk membangunkan produk (Hardware Perisian), tetapi juga kajian yang mendalam mengenai produk yang sedia ada sebelum ini dalam kategori yang sama dan kekurangan mereka. Oleh itu pendekatan yang diambil untuk mencadangkan penyelesaian, yang lebih baik dari yang sebelumnya dari satu segi atau yang lain. Dengan pendekatan yang sama dalam fikiran, saya, pelajar tahun akhir Sarjana Muda Teknologi Kejuruteraan Elektronik (Industri Elektronik), telah mengambil tajuk projek PEMBANGUNAN PENGHANTAR TOWER LIGHT ISYARAT PENGGERA DAN SISTEM PEMANTAUAN DI KILANG MENGGUNAKAN LabVIEW sebagai projek tahun akhir saya. Sistem ini adalah berguna untuk mengurankan perbelanjaan peyelenggaraan. Projek ini menyediakan penghantaran data ralat isyarat ke dalam excel untuk membantu jurutera untuk mengurangkan masa penyelenggaraan. Tambahan pula, ini adalah suku-manual log data ke dalam excel dengan menggunakan webcam untuk menangkap warna sebagai isyarat masukkan untuk menghantar isyarat ke dalam sistem LabVIEW.

ABSTRACT

The final year project aims at exposing the students undergoing higher technical studies to the thoughts and logic that must be developed to ensure that one is able to integrate his/her ideas into something useful. This generally is initiated by the inception of an idea or a concept, which not only aims at developing a product (Hardware of Software), but also the in-depth study of the earlier existing products in the same category and their deficiencies. Accordingly an approach is taken to propose a solution, which is better from the previous ones in one respect or the other. With the same approach in mind, I, the final year student of Bachelor of Engineering Technology Electronic (Electronic Industry), have taken project tittle DEVELOPMENT OF CONVEYOR TOWER LIGHT ALARM SIGNAL AND MONITORING SYSTEM IN FACTORY USING LABVIEW as my final year project. These systems are useful to reduce time of maintenance. This project is providing data logging error signal into Microsoft Excel and this project is to monitoring machine working hour by monitoring tower light. Furthermore, this is semi-manual logging data into excel by using webcam to capture color as input signal to send the signal into program LabVIEW.

DEDICATIONS

I would like to dedicate this project to my supervisor, IR. MOHAMMAD'AFIF BIN KASNO that assists me develop this project. I also want to thank to my family members, lectures and friends that help me in developing this project.



ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

"In the name of Allah, the Most Gracious and the Most Merciful"

Alhamdulillah, Praise to Allah S.W.T for his blessing and guidance have helped me carry out my thesis completely. I would like to express my deepest gratitude to my supervisor MR. MOHAMMAD'AFIF BIN KASNO for his support and guidance to help me completion of my project development and final report. His kindness for accepting me as his student final year's project will be always remembered.

My sincere appreciation also to my family, especially my lovely parents JASMI BIN ARASAD and HASNAH BINTI MD DIN who always behind me and supported me either morally or financially. Thanks so much to them for the faith that put in me.

Lastly, I would like to express gratitude to my friend MOHD SHAHRIL BIN MAADIS and all classmate members who help me so much to ensure my project completed on time. I hope our friendship will stand forever.

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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.0 Introduction

This project is about the Development of Conveyor Tower Light Alarm Signal and Monitoring in factory using LabVIEW. This project is developed for industry which monitoring the tower light alarm usually has at the production line. Basically, tower light is purposing to remain or alert worker weather the machine is running or stop. Propose of tower light monitoring system is to minimize the cost of rejecting product and reduce time maintenance for machine.

1.1 Project Background

The project here is about Conveyor Tower Light Alarm Signal with a combination of LabVIEW software. In this project I have planned to develop a logging system for detecting signal error into Microsoft excel by using a webcam. The webcam will act as the input of the system which is detecting color of tower light signal (RED, GREEN, YELLOW) by following the LabVIEW program. Once the webcam is detecting signal, the data will send into Microsoft excel to record the data. There is other program that helps engineers to solve the problem by referring reason of the error signal. The program will continuously record 12-hour working conveyor. This system not just can use in Conveyor Tower Light Alarm Signal, but it also can be practically used in system monitoring.

1.2 Project Objective

The objective of this development are:

- 1. To study of solution for efficiency of the Conveyor Tower Light Alarm Signal.
- 2. To design circuit for monitoring of Conveyor Tower Light Alarm Signal.
- 3. To develop a data logging system referring to the previous study.
- 4. To analyze output Conveyor Tower Light Alarm Signal using developmentally monitoring system.

1.3 Problem Statement

The problem statement is the information causes and reason machine breakdown is not store for future reference. There is problem when output target is no achieve. A lot of time is used to identify the problem. Therefore, this project is to monitoring machine working hour by monitoring tower light.

1.4 Project Scope

The scope for this project is to build data logging system which is to record real time and causes of error by using LabVIEW software platform. Furthermore, this project is for tower light system and to record output of product into Microsoft Excel. The data logging will then be analyzed in order to improve the productivity.

CHAPTER 2

LITERATURE REVIEW

2.0 Introduction

This chapter will discuss about finding and analysis of previous project that related with Monitoring Conveyor Tower Light Alarm Signal. All the detail is taken from various resources such as journal, thesis, book and valid websites. Monitoring Conveyor Tower Light Alarm Signal is similar with system attendance monitoring by using sheet to record machine problem. The idea to create Monitoring Conveyor Tower Light Alarm Signal because to help engineer fix problem or maintenance the machine. The system maybe a problem to who are responsible to record signal error by manually. Base on Murizah Kassim, Hasbullah Mazlan, Norliza Zaini, and Muhammad Khidhir Salleh in 2012 have done research of a system called Student Attendance, there are few disadvantage by using sheet, because record data sheet maybe missing or time error and problem error is not properly write down in record sheet (Kassim et al. 2012). Therefore, Monitoring Conveyor Tower Light Alarm Signal is a semi-automated system that related with monitoring system and color image processing. This project is to Monitoring Conveyor Tower Light Alarm Signal for every second and record the error signal by using LabVIEW software. This project is using combination of IMAQ and Input / Output file LabVIEW platform to capture color of tower light signal and record data into Microsoft Excel.

2.1 Background History

For a long time, industry has been searching for acceleration in speed of development and reduce costs of experiment to store the data for future plane. The conveyor tower light system is the best achievement in this search for monitoring system.

2.1.1 Monitoring System

Base on Teh Wei Hsiung and Shahrizat Shaik Mohamed in 2011 show development for a system called Performance of Iris Recognition using Low Resolution Iris Image for Attendance Monitoring. The purpose of this project is to upgrade system attendance manually to the automation system and to achieve good quality performance of iris recognition using low resolution image for the attendance monitoring system. Two methods had been analysis, which is Hough Transform and Daugman's Integro Differential. Method of Hough Transform can recognize the low resolution iris with the accuracy of 100% and 86.88% Daugman's Integro Differential method. Hough Transform is technique that uses vertical and horizontal to detect iris boundary, pupil boundary and determine the eyelids and Daugman's technique, the techniques will search for maximum change if the pixel values on the circular path (Hsiung & Shaik Mohamed 2011). The benefit of this project is the security is not reliable such as the password may be forgotten or hacked and ID card may be lost or forged. For limitation of this project is system may be problem cannot purpose well, therefore no other choice to wait maintaining the system.



Figure 1: Iris Recognition System

Base on Murizah Kassim, Hasbullah Mazlan, Norliza Zaini, and Muhammad Khidhir Salleh in 2012 show development of a system called Student Attendance System Using RFID Technology. The productive of this project is to improve the current manual attendance record to semi-automated system by using RFID system and to help raise academic of student. RFID system has two type of reader, one is active reader that need internal battery 12 voltage power

supply and other one is passive reader that no need internal battery, that are main difference of active and passive reader. There are six methods that relate to RFID processing, which are RFID reader and tag, Data reporter, Web Server, Data Collector, Database and Graphical User Interface (GUI). There are two purpose of Database, one is store the information capture by a RFID reader and store information assembled from online web-interface and can controlled the record data(Kassim et al. 2012). The weakness of this system is the cost of installation and unsettling influence from other electronic gadgets will diminish the force as separation get substantial.

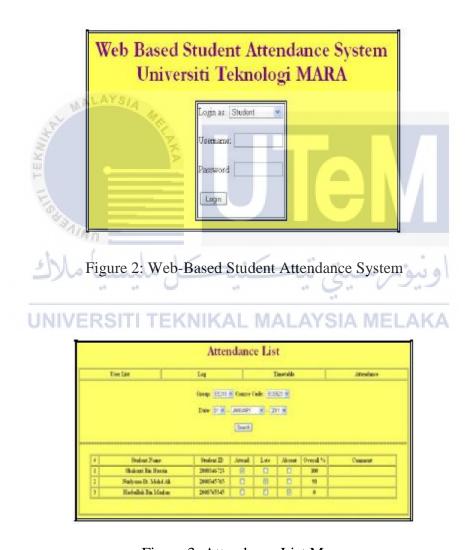


Figure 3: Attendance List Menu

2.2 Related Project

The related project is about reference of application or system in used that related with project. This project is used Color Image Processing, Data Storage and Application Camera. Three of the processing is to capture color of tower light (RED, YELLOW, And GREEN). Tower light is purpose to alert surrounding about the machine.

2.2.1 Color Image Processing

Base on Mao Xiaobo, Yang Jing, 2011. Have done research on Product-Background Segmentation of Color Image Base on LabVIEW. Research is about benefit, limitations and recommendation in combination of three methods are threshold segmentation, magic wand processing and morphological image. The purpose of this research is to extract image from a complex background by using LabVIEW and NI - IMAQ Vision software platform. There are benefits of this research is to realize color image target and background separation (Xiaobo & Jing 2011). For the limitation, this three combination is quite complicated to program and to extract from the background need to adjustable HSL (hue-saturation-lightness) to show the result.

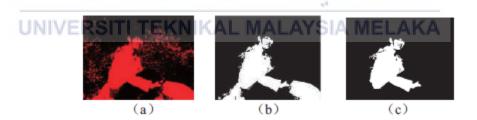


Figure 4: Synthesis Algorithm Extraction Result: (a) Single Color Factor Image Threshold Segmentation. (b) Morphology Processing Result with Graph (a). (c) Wand Extraction Image with Graph (b)

Base on Roland Szabo, Aurel Gontean and Loan Lie, 2011 show development of Cheap Live Color Recognition with Webcam. The productive of this project is to reduce investment of industry to create system which can recognize color. Two method that can recognize color which

is first method IMAQ USB, with combination of IMAQ USB In it (for initialization), IMAQ USB Grab Setup (for grabbing the configuration), IMAQ USB Grab Acquire (for acquire image) and IMAQ USB Close (close the drive) these combination is for gray background, that represent USB webcam drive. Moreover, combination of IMAQ Create (need for IMAQ USB Grab Acquire) and IMAQ Learn which calculate color spectrum, by using LabVIEW and combination with IMAQ platform, color image can be capture (Roland Szabo, Aurel Gontean 2011). Benefit of this method is can work with any USB webcam and can recognize color in real-time by using color spectrum calculation. Second method LabWindows/cvi ANSI C programming language. This method is including C language to verify third party webcam and vision driver for color image. Benefit of this method is can easily to recognize color by changing the binary value for specific color (Roland Szabo, Aurel Gontean 2011).



Figure 5: Front Panel (Blue Ball)



Figure 6: Front Panel (Red Ball)

2.2.2 Data Storage

Based on Devdutt Pradhan, Lakshmi Lakshminarayanan, Vineeth Patil, 2014 have develop system A LabVIEW Based Power Analyzer. Base Power Analyzer is combination of Power Analyzer, Power Quality Indices and Events (Harmonics) and Event Logging. This system is done because of poor power quality and conventional power equipment are not having the ability to store data for future reference. Event Logging is a process for store the data into MS-Excel. By using Technical Data Management Streaming (TDMS) software file input/output platform. TDMS comprises of two particular file, which are binary file that save and record about the information and a binary index file that gives merged data on all the traits and pointers in the binary file (Devdutt Pradhan, Lakshmi Lakshminarayanan 2014). The weakness of this system is the TDMS are specific to a binary file.

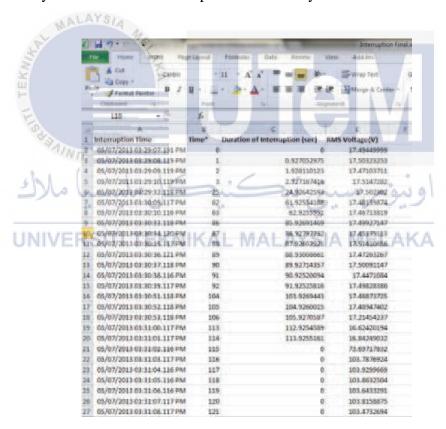


Figure 7: Data Logging using MS-Excel Sheet Generated using TDMS File Format

2.2.3 Application Camera

Base on Yael Pritch, Alex Rav-Acha, Avital Gutman and Shmuel Peleg. Have done research on Webcam Synopsis, peeking around the world. The purpose of this research is to generate a short video (Pritch et al. 2007). There are two process of webcam, first is online phase it done in real time. Second is Response Phase. This phase may take a few minutes, depending on the activity in the time period of interest.



Figure 8: Top: Three Image Taken over Two Days from a Webcam at the (Quiet), Stuttgart
Airport Bottom: A frame From a 1 Minute Synopsis of This Period

2.4 Comparison Image Processing

Table 1: Comparison Image Processing

Product-Background Segmentation of	Color Recognition with Webcam
Color Image	
- Need to set proper threshold in order	- Easily to recognize color by changing
to carry on the image segmentation	the binary value for specific color.
more accurately.	

- Complicated combination to realize color image target and background separation.
- Easy to capture color image by using color spectrum range.



CHAPTER 3

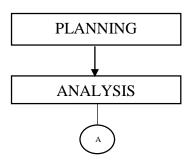
METHODOLOGY

3.0 Introduction

In this chapter, the arrangement of activities needed to solve a problem were discussed. Generally, there are several methodologies that can be utilized to develop a system. The research of methodology refers to the method most suitable to conduct research and determine the procedure to be the most effective answer to the problem of study. To carry out this study more effectively, the methodology is designed to involve the selection of design, data collection methods, flow chart or process systems and software development.

3.1 Work Flow to Implement Project

It is implement in the early design stage so that the project becomes more organized. There are five step to implement project. Which is plan, analysis, design, and test. Figure 1 is show the flow chart of this project.



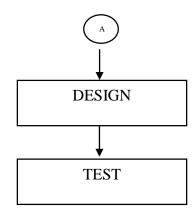


Figure 9: Flow Chart of Implement Project

3.1.1 Planning

For the first stage, planning is the most important part before start the project. Which problem is identified and researched is made to solve or reduced the problem or weakness. That have covered in chapter 1. The identification of the productive of the system to get a clear picture of the system being developed are include in Chapter 1.

3.1.2 Analysis

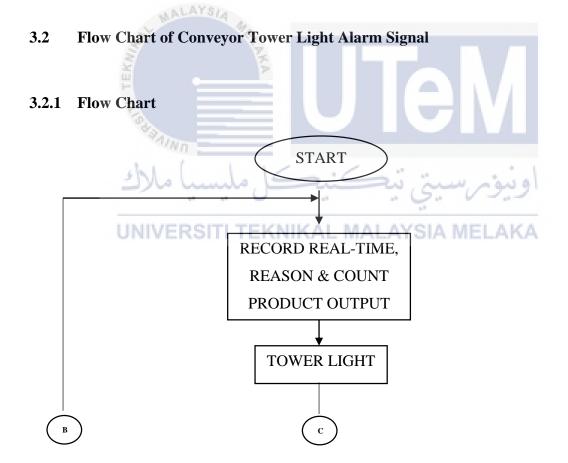
For the second stage, data analysis is part that user requirements and the system to be developed. By using quantitative method is made as a part of request acquire theory and evaluation the outcome result. Which an analysis of the method that are being used are also important to ensure the smoothness of the system will be developed. The analysis is covered in chapter 2.

3.1.3 Design

For the third stage, design a user interface that will be the intermediate between the user and the system developed. System part is designed and implemented based on early hypothesis whether it will achieve the productive or not. This stage will discuss hardware and software system in more detail and will discussed in chapter 3.

3.1.4 Test

Last stage, the completed result of the project is testing for certain period to decide the defective or any imperfections of the product and also to estimate product durability.



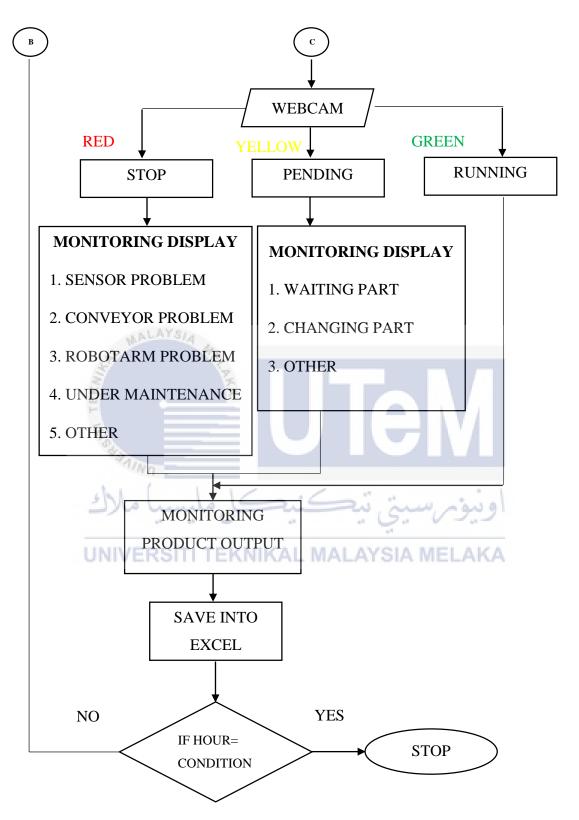


Figure 10: Flow Chart

3.2.2 Explanation of Flow Chart

Figure 3.2.1 are about flow of the system. There are 8 section of process, which is record real-time, reason and product checked. This process is to record all the signal into MS-Excel in every second. For tower light is an output of the system that purpose to send signal into webcam for process determine the condition. There are three condition that state in the system (red, yellow, green). First condition is green, running system, second condition is yellow, pending system and red condition is stop system. There are two condition to record, which is (red and yellow). This system is semi-manual, once the signal is red or yellow the worker need to observed and record the problem of conveyor system into program software. There are program of monitoring display that will display the reason of the problem. Next process is monitoring product output is to record the product is score or not. Lastly the save data into Microsoft Excel for every second and operation time (12 Hour).

3.3 Block Diagram Monitoring Tower Light Conveyor Alarm System

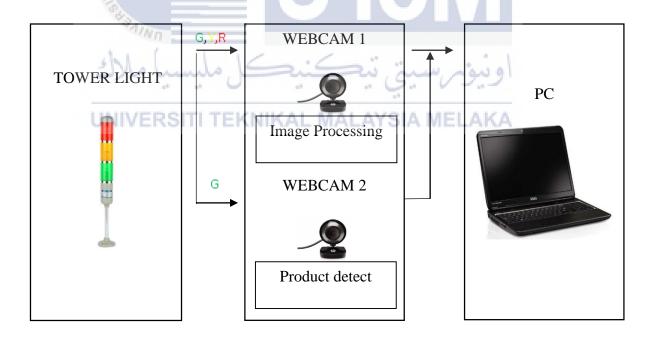


Figure 11: Hardware Block Diagram

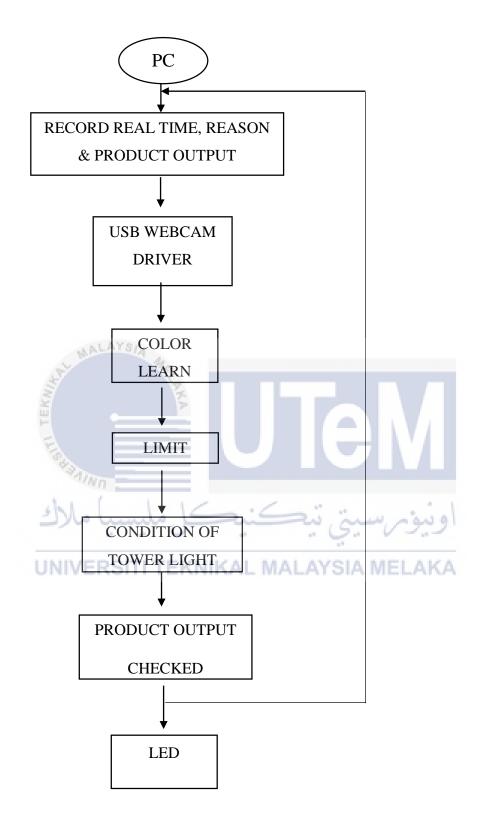


Figure 12: Software Block Diagram

3.4 Explanation of Block Diagram

In figure 11, there are three part of hardware that used in Monitoring Conveyor Tower Light Alarm Signal, which are tower light, webcam and PC.

In figure 12, flow software part. 90% of the Monitoring Conveyor Tower Light Alarm Signal project are done by software. All recognition and storage data file is work by software. There are 7 parts of software, which are USB Webcam drive (IMAQ), Record real time, Reason and Quality product, Color Learn, Limit, Quality product, LED.

3.4.1 Tower Light

This part is about indicator light that are commonly used on equipment in industrial manufacturing and process control environments to provide visual and audible indicators of a machine state or process event. There are three indicator lights which RED is condition machine faulty, YELLOW is warning signal, and GREEN is normal machine.

3.4.2 Webcam

This part will discuss about webcam, webcam is a video camera that streams the image in real time through a computer. Webcam is generally connected by a USB cable. Webcam 1 is function to monitor and record the condition of Tower Light which is RED, YELLOW and GREEN into excel.CSV. Furthermore, the function of Webcam 2 is to count the product when Tower Light Green operate. Therefore, when the Green Light is active the webcam 2 will count the product running at that time. Green Light mean the condition is GOOD (product good).

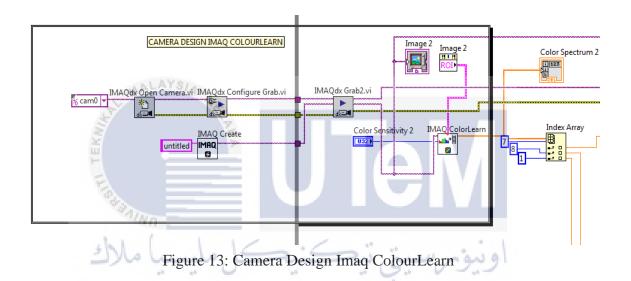
3.4.3 Laptop

The laptop is a device that can be programmed to carry out a set of arithmetic or logical operations automatically. Therefore, this project using a laptop to build a simulation.

3.5 Software Project

3.5.1 Color Image Processing Design

This part will discuss about IMAQ .VI, IMAQ. VI is one of the LabVIEW platform software. Color image can be capture by using the combination of 7 IMAQ.Vi, which are IMAQdx Open Camera VI, IMAQdx Configure Grab VI, IMAQdx Grab2 VI, IMAQdx Close Camera VI, IMAQ Create VI, IMAQ Dispose VI and IMAQ ColorLearn VI.



3.5.1.1 IMAQdx Open Camera VI

Table 2: IMAQdx Open Camera VI

ICON	DISCRETION
* ¹	Opens a camera, queries the camera for its capabilities, loads a camera configuration file, and creates a unique reference to the camera. Use the IMAQdx Close Camera VI when you are finished with the reference.

3.5.1.2 IMAQdx Configure Grab VI

Table 3 IMAQdx Configure Grab VI

Configures and starts a grab acquisition that grab performs an acquisition that continually on a ring of buffers. Use to VI for high-speed image acquisition. IMAQdx Grab VI to copy an image of buffer. If you call this VI before call that Ody, Open Camers, VI, the IMAQdx Ody, Open Camers, VII, the IMAQdx Ody, Open Camers, VI
IMAQdx Open Camera VI, the IN Configure Grab VI uses cam0 by defa the IMAQdx Configure Acquisition

3.5.1.3 IMAQdx Grab2 VI

Table 4: IMAQdx Grab2 VI

ICON	DISCRETION
	Acquires the most current frame into Image
•	Out. Call this VI only after calling IMAQdx
d ≈⊐4	Configure Grab.vi. If the image type does not
	match the video format of the camera, this VI
	changes the image type to a suitable format.

3.5.1.4 IMAQdx Close Camera VI

Table 5: IMAQdx Close Camera VI

ICON	DISCRETION
	Stops an acquisition in progress, releases
	resources associated with an acquisition, and closes the specified Camera Session.

3.5.1.5 IMAQ Create VI

Table 6: IMAQ Create VI

ICON	DISCRETION	H M M
IMAQ Ø	Creates a temporary memory location for an image. Use IMAQ Create in conjunction with the VI to create or dispose of NI Vision images in LabVIEW.	و نیونس

3.5.1.6 IMAQ Dispose VI

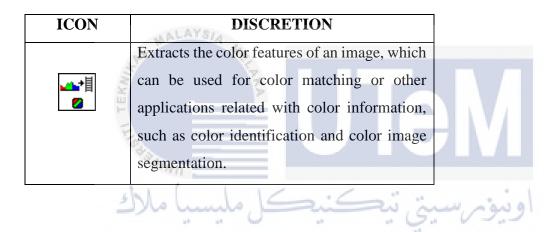
Table 7: IMAQ Dispose VI

ICON	DISCRETION
Û	Destroys an image and frees the space it occupied in memory. This VI is required for
8	each image created in an application to free
	the memory allocated to the IMAQ Create VI.

Execute IMAQ Dispose only when the image is no longer needed in your application. You can use IMAQ Dispose for each call to IMAQ Create or just once for all images created with IMAQ Create.

3.5.1.7 IMAQ ColorLearn VI

Table 8: IMAQ ColorLearn VI



3.5.2 Data Storage Design

This part will discuss about spreadsheet file, file purpose is folder of data, which need to save in form Microsoft excel or Microsoft word. This project have to save data into excel.CSV file. CSV is a comma separated values file which allow structure format.

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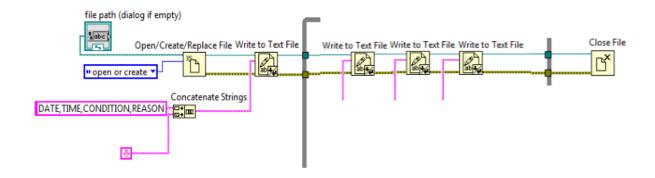


Figure 14: Data Storage Design

3.5.2.1 Open/Create/Replace File Purpose

Table 9: Open/Create/Replace File Purpose

ICON

DISCRETION

Opens an existing file, creates a new file, or replaces an existing file, programmatically or interactively using a file dialog box. This purpose does not work for files inside an LLB.

3.5.2.2 Write to Text File Purpose

Table 10: Write to Text File Purpose

ICON	DISCRETION
ab Ha	Write a string otherwise a grouping of strings as lines to a file. This purpose ensures work for documents inside an LLB.

3.5.2.3 Close File Purpose

Table 11: Close File Purpose

ICON	DISCRETION		
Ľ	Closes an open file stated by refnum and returns the lane to the file related with the refnum.		

3.5.2.4 Concatenate Strings Purpose

Table 12: Concatenate String Purpose

ICON	DISCRETION
□ → IBZ	Concatenates input strings and 1D grouping of strings into a single output string. For array inputs, this purpose concatenates each element of the array.

3.5.3 Condition Design

This part will discuss about condition of project, there are 3 combination of case structure is use, to state the reason of signal which Running, Pending or Stop.

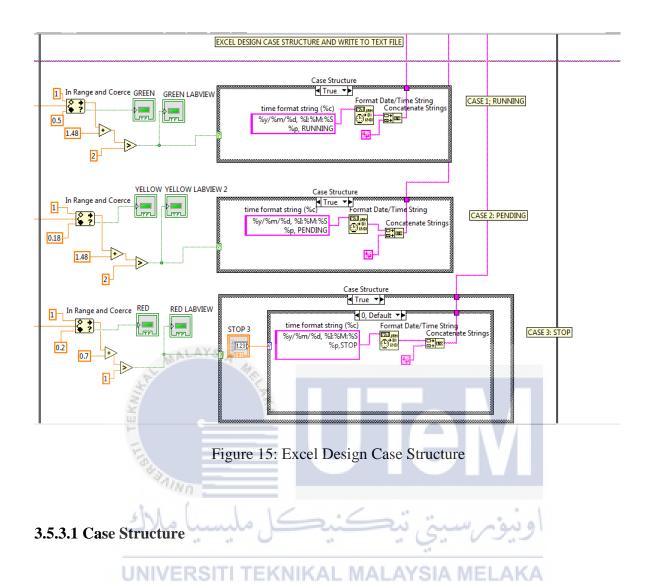


Table 13: Case Structure

ICON	DISCRETION		
◀True ▼▶	Contains one or more sub figures, or cases, exactly one of which performs when the structure performs. The value wired to the situation selector determines which case to execute.		

3.5.3.2 Format Date/Time String Purpose

Table 14: Format Data/Time String Purpose

ICON	DISCRETION		
F) 15:01	Shows a timestamp value or a numeric value as time in the format you specify using time format codes.		

3.5.3.3 In Range and Coerce Purpose

Table 15: In range and Coerce Purpose

3	7 2		
ICON 🚡	DISCRETION	7 . V. I	
=	Defines whether x falls within a range		
\$?	specified by the upper boundary and lower	444	
	boundary inputs and optionally coerces the		
5	value to fall within the range. The purpose		
	performs the coercion only in Compare		
UI	Elements mode. This purpose accepts time	A MELAKA	
	stamp values if all inputs are time stamp		
	values. You can change the comparison style		
	of this purpose.		

3.5.4 Real Time and Time Elapsed Design

This part will discuss about elapsed time. This design is to set the system run or stop.

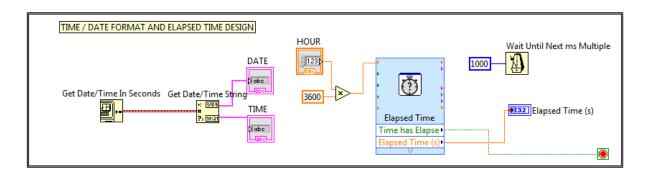


Figure 16: Time/Date Format and Elapsed Time Design

3.5.4.1 Get Data/Time in Second

Table 16: Get Date/Time in Second

rns a timestamp of the recent time.
VIEW analyzes this timestamp using the per of seconds elapsed ever since 12:00 Friday, January 1, 1904, Universal

3.5.4.2 Get Date/Time String Purpose

Table 17: Get Date/Time String Purpose

ICON	DISCRETION		
	Changes a timestamp value or a numeric		
H: 1/89	value to a date and time string in the time		
? ; 10:21	zone formed for the computer. The purpose		
	understands timestamp and numeric values as		

the time-zone-independent number of seconds that have elapsed ever since 12:00 a.m., Friday, January 1, 1904, Universal Time.

3.5.4.3 Wait until millisecond Multiple Purpose

Table 18: Wait Until millisecond Multiple Purpose

ICON	DISCRETION
	Waits up until the value of the millisecond
M	timer becomes a multiple of the stated
[[]	millisecond multiple. Use this purpose to
5	synchronize events. You can call this purpose
	in a loop to control the loop execution rate.
	However, it is probable that the first loop
	period might be short. Wiring a value of 0 to
=	the milliseconds multiple input forces the
	current thread to yield control of the CPU.
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3.5.5 Expected Result without Count Product

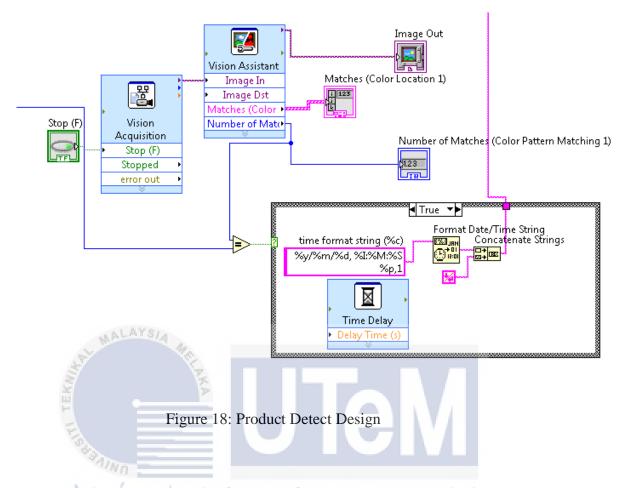
The figure 17 is expected result of this project that saved in excel by use LabVIEW.

DATE	TIME	CONDITION	REASON
16-05-18	01:42:43 AM	PENDING	
16-05-18	01:42:45 AM	PENDING	
16-05-18	01:42:45 AM	PENDING	
16-05-18	01:42:46 AM	PENDING	
16-05-18	01:42:47 AM	PENDING	
16-05-18	01:42:49 AM	PENDING	
16-05-18	01:42:50 AM	PENDING	
16-05-18	01:42:51 AM	PENDING	
16-05-18	01:42:52 AM	PENDING	
16-05-18	01:42:53 AM	PENDING	
16-05-18	01:42:56 AM	PENDING	
16-05-18	01:42:59 AM	RUNNING	
16-05-18	01:43:00 AM	RUNNING	
16-05-18	01:43:01 AM	RUNNING	
16-05-18	01:43:02 AM	RUNNING	
16-05-18	01:43:03 AM	RUNNING	
16-05-18	01:43:03 AM	RUNNING	
16-05-18	01:43:04 AM	RUNNING	
16-05-18	01:43:05 AM	RUNNING	
16-05-18	01:43:07 AM	RUNNING	
16-05-18	01:43:08 AM	RUNNING	
16-05-18	01:43:09 AM	RUNNING	
16-05-18	01:43:10 AM	RUNNING	
16-05-18	01:43:11 AM	PENDING	
16-05-18	01:43:12 AM	PENDING	
16-05-18	01:43:12 AM	PENDING	
16-05-18	01:43:13 AM	PENDING	
16-05-18	01:43:14 AM	PENDING	
16-05-18	01:43:15 AM	PENDING	
16-05-18	01:43:17 AM	PENDING	
16-05-18	01:43:18 AM	PENDING	
16-05-18	01:43:19 AM	PENDING	
16-05-18	01:43:21 AM	STOP	
16-05-18	01:43:21 AM	STOP	
16-05-18	01:43:22 AM	STOP	
16-05-18	01:43:23 AM	STOP	
16-05-18	01:43:25 AM	STOP	
16-05-18	01:43:26 AM	STOP	
16-05-18	01:43:27 AM	STOP	
16-05-18	01:43:28 AM	STOP	SENSOR PROBLEM
16-05-18	01:43:29 AM	STOP	SENSOR PROBLEM
16-05-18	01:49:30 AM	STOP	CONVEYOR PROBLEM
16-05-18	01:43:30 AM	STOP	CONVEYOR PROBLEM

Figure 17: Expected Result MS-Excel

3.5.6 Improvement Progress Product Detect Design

This figure 18 design function to count the output product and the function to check which is good or not good.



3.5.6.2 Vision Acquisition Purpose

Table 19: Vision Acquisition Purpose

ICON	DISCRETION		
	NI Vision Acquisition is driver software for acquiring, showing, logging, and monitoring images from a multitude of camera types.		

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3.5.6.3 Vision Assistant Purpose

Table 20: Vision Assistant Purpose

ICON	DISCRETION			
	Tool for prototyping and testing image			
	dispensation applications. To prototype an			
	image dispensation application, build custom			
	algorithms with the Vision Assistant scripting			
	feature. The scripting feature records every			
	step of the dispensation algorithm. After			
	implementation the algorithm, you can test it			
	on other images to make sure it works.			



CHAPTER 4

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

4.0 INTRODUCTION

This section is shown in the figure of Time and condition of in this chapter the result about the effectiveness of the system depending on the experiment done at the previous chapter. The effectiveness of the system will focus on accuracy. Discussion of the experimental result will be included in this chapter.

4.1 GUI SOFTWARE

This is the result of figure 19 the combination design, there are include design of Color Image Processing, Data Storage, Condition, Time Stamp and Product detected.

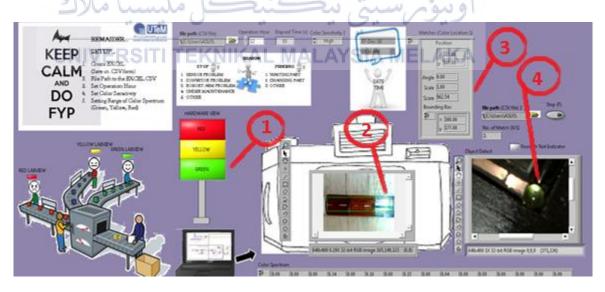


Figure 19: Green Light GUI Design with Good Product (Save into Excel PD)

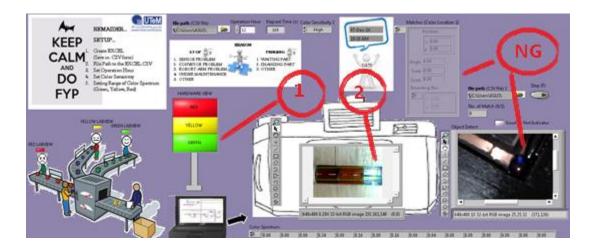


Figure 20: Green Light GUI Design with Not Good Product (Not save into Excel PD)

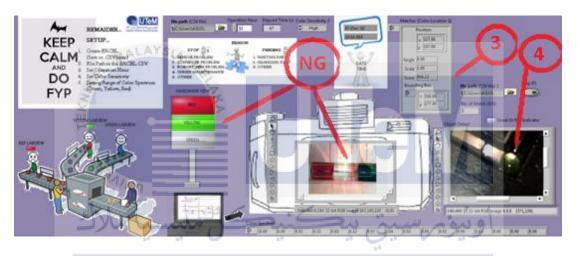


Figure 21: Yellow Light GUI Design with Good Product (Not save into Excel PD)

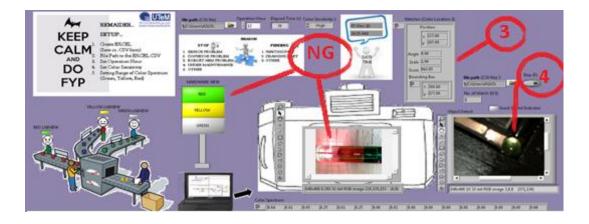


Figure 22: Red Light GUI Design with Good Product (Not save into Excel PD)

The figure 19 is about the GUI design include product detects and image processing. The design condition to store into excel.CSV are conditioned to store the data into excel.CSV is score highest 800 and Green Light must be 1. Therefore, Figure 19 Green Light GUI Design with Good Product is result saved into excel.CSV to count the output product. Once the Green Light is functioning, the second Webcam 2 will capture the product pass by and count as 1 to the output folder excel.CSV, Figure 20 Green Light GUI Design with Not Good Product is result not saved into excel.CSV because of the product is not match with the score Product Detect Design, Figure 21 and Figure 22 result not save into excel.CSV because of the condition the program.

4.1.1 Product Scale

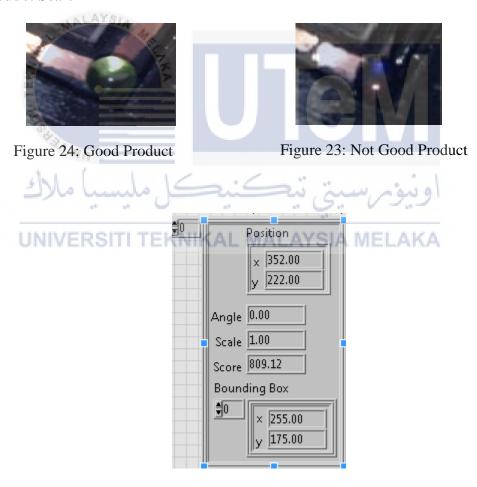


Figure 25: Match ColourLearn (Score 800 above)

4.1.2 Result Count Output Product

	Α	В	С
1	DATE	TIME	OUTPUT
2	16-12-07	10:15:34 AM	1
3	16-12-07	10:15:37 AM	1
4	16-12-07	10:15:39 AM	1
5	16-12-07	10:15:41 AM	1
6	16-12-07	10:16:54 AM	1
7	16-12-07	10:16:56 AM	1
8	16-12-07	10:16:58 AM	1
9	16-12-07	10:17:00 AM	1
10	16-12-07	10:17:02 AM	1
11	16-12-07	10:17:04 AM	1
12	16-12-07	10:17:06 AM	1
13	16-12-07	10:17:08 AM	1
14	16-12-07	10:17:10 AM	1
15	16-12-07	10:17:12 AM	1
16	16-12-07	10:17:15 AM	1
17			
18			

Figure 26: Excel store the Good Product

4.2 Cause of Equipment Failure

Equipment Failure represents any critical timeframe in which gear is organized to produce however is not running because of a disappointment or some likeness thereof. A more summed up approach to consider hardware disappointment is as any impromptu stop or down time. Gear disappointment is an Availability Loss.

Cases of normal purposes behind gear disappointment incorporate tooling disappointment, breakdowns, and impromptu upkeep. From the more extensive viewpoint of impromptu stops, other basic reasons incorporate no administrators or materials, being famished by upstream gear or being obstructed by downstream hardware.

Overall Equipment Effectiveness	Recommended Six Big Losses	Traditional Six Big Losses			
	Unplanned Stops	Equipment Failure			
Availability Loss	Planned Stops	Setup and Adjustments			
Performance Loss	Small Stops	Idling and Minor Stops			
remormance Loss	Slow Cycles	Reduced Speed			
Quality Loss	Production Rejects	Process Defects			
Quality Loss	Startup Rejects	Reduced Yield			

Figure 27: Table cause of Six Big Losses

This is 6 factor losses in industries, one of them is an Equipment Failure (unplanned stops) because of this factor, come out with the idea to develop a monitoring system to record cause and reason to stop the machine.

4.3 Result of Monitoring Graph

This section is shown in the figure of Time and condition of Tower Light. There are figure Time in Second and Hour. Moreover, reason for Stop is Sensor Problem, Conveyor Problem, Robot Arm Problem, Under Maintenance Problem, Other and reason of Pending is Waiting Part, Changing Part and Other. There are blank, the blank is value count of Pending, Stop and Running which are not having reason run the Tower Light. The data form MS-excel is convert into table (Pivot Table).

4.3.1 Date 21.8.2016

DATE: 21.8.2016 -22.8.2016	_			
		SENSOR PROBLEM	(blank)	Grand Total
o 16−08−21	6814	3006	23	9843
PENDING			1	1
RUNNING			11	11
STOP	6814	3006	11	9831
o 16−08−22	184	1	23125	23310
PENDING			14521	14521
RUNNING			8599	8599
STOP	184	1	5	190
Grand Total	6998	3007	23148	33153

Figure 28: Time in Second

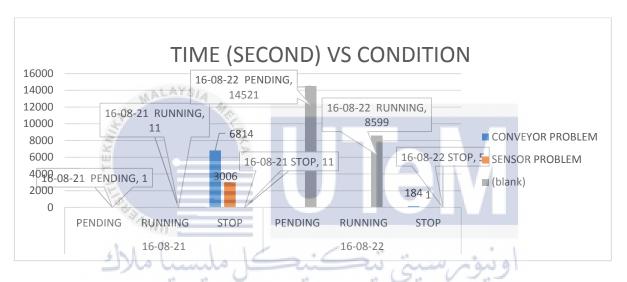


Figure 29: Graph Time (second) VS Condition (reason)

Table 21: Time (Hour)

DATE: 21.8.2016 (HOUR)	WAITI NG PART	CHANGIN G PART	OTHER	SENSOR PROBLE M	CONVEY OR PROBLE M	ROBOT ARM PROBLE M	UNDER MAINTEN ANCE	OTHER2	BLANK	TOTAL TIME
PENDING	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
RUNNING	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
STOP	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.84	1.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	2.74
TOTAL TIME	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.84	1.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	2.74

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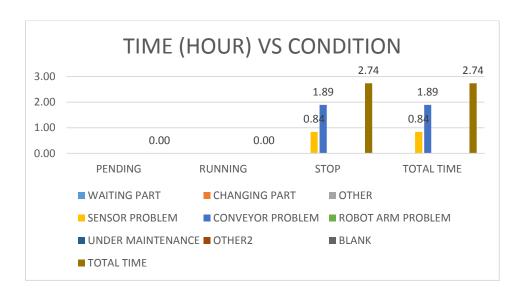


Figure 30: Graph Time (hour) VS Condition (reason)

This result of table 21, show 3 Hour and 46 Minutes of the process is stopped because of Sensor Problem 50 Minute, 2 Hour and 43 Minutes because of Conveyor Problem and 3 Minutes for blank which stop without Reason. The result show cause of the problem and time running the system.

4.3.2 Date 7.12.2016 - 8.12.2016

Table 22: Time (second)

DATE: 7.12.2016 - 8.12.20	016							
	▼ blank CHANG	ING PART	OTHER	ROBOT ARM	SENSOR PROBLE	UNDER MAINTY	VAITING PART	Grand Total
■16-12-07	149	1685	3944	3450	33	1703	1779	12743
RUNNING	149							149
PENDING		1685					1779	3464
STOP			3944	3450	33	1703		9130
■16-12-08	453	1142	1222		1211			4028
RUNNING	453							453
PENDING		1142	1222					2364
STOP					1211			1211
Grand Total	602	2827	5166	3450	1244	1703	1779	16771

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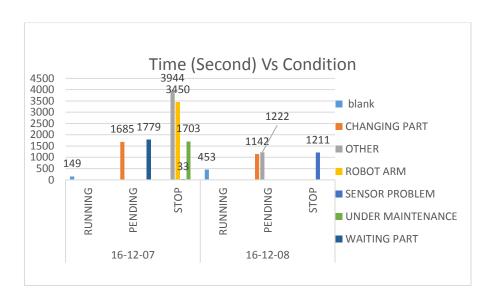
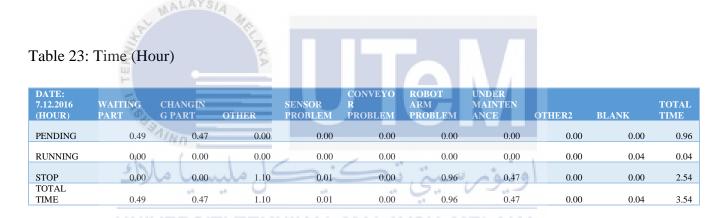


Figure 31: Graph Time (second) VS Condition (reason)



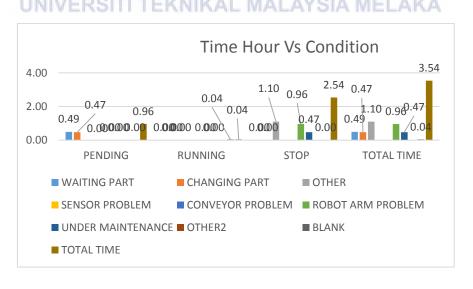


Figure 32: Graph Time (hour) VS Condition (reason)

Table 24: Time (Hour)

DATE: 8.12.2016 (HOUR)	WAITING PART	CHANGIN G PART	OTHER	SENSOR PROBLEM	CONVEYO R PROBLEM	ROBOT ARM PROBLEM	UNDER MAINTEN ANCE	OTHER2	BLANK	TOTAL TIME
PENDING	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32
RUNNING	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.47
STOP	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.34
TOTAL TIME	0.00	0.32	0.34	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	1.12

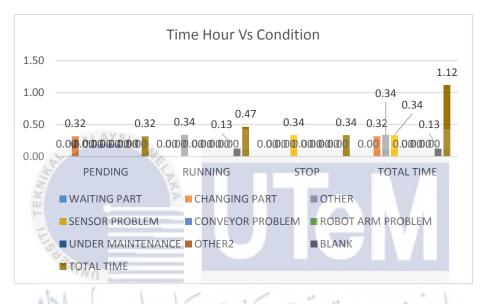


Figure 33: Graph Time (hour) VS Condition (reason)

This result shows the purpose of the Conveyor Monitoring System, to monitor the runtime process by using a webcam and tower light.

4.4 Result of Output Monitoring Graph

This section is about the result of Monitoring Output Product. There are tables of Output Product Detected and Minute of Running Processes.

Table 25: Output Product Detect

Date 7.12.2016 - 8.12.2016		
	1 Grand Total	
16-12-07	9	9
16-12-08	38	38
Grand Total	47	47

Table 26: Minute of Running Process (Green Light)

Colum	n 1			2 Minute .4 Second	7 Minute.8 Second	
Date	7.12.2016	-	8.12.2016			
(RUNN	ING)				9	38



Figure 34: Graph Output (product) VS Time (minute)

The table 26, show 2 minutes and 4 second because of the processing time is 11.57PM and the date 7.8.2016. Therefore, the process is continued 7 minutes and 8 second. Record to 12.07 AM and the result continues into date 8.12.2016. Refer to table 23 and table 24 shows the total time is 5 hours and 6 minutes and the running time (blank) is 9 minutes and 12 second get the output of product is 47. Except, 9 minute and 12 second, total time to stop and pending condition is 4 hours and 57 minutes.

4.5 Accuracy of Capture Output Product

This section is to measure accuracy of design. Therefore, two analyses, product defect is taken which is 30 products and 50 products. The result is taken at running condition.

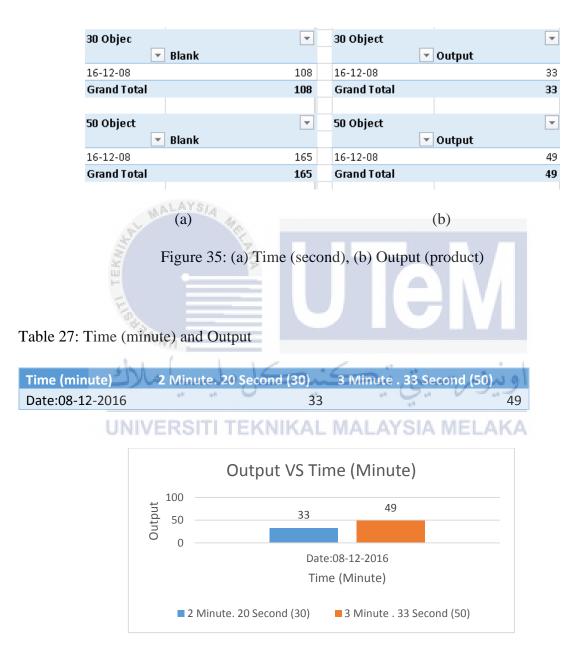


Figure 36: Graph Output (product) VS Time (minute)

Figure 35 is data storage in second. Therefore, table 27 is convert second into minute. This section is to measure accuracy of Product Detect Design which is analysis 30 and 50 product. The result shown 3 errors in the first 30 product run test, it is because of delay time in the design is 2second. Therefore, the design change to 3second delay to count 50 of the product and less 1 of the product because of product run faster than 3second.



CHAPTER 5

CONCLUSION AND FUTURE RECOMMENDATION

5.1 Conclusion

Overall, the objective of this project has been achieved. A lot of time was spent during this research exploring the LabVIEW design of Color, Image Processing, Data Storage, Condition, Time Stamp, Product detected and Excel.CSV. After that, the execution of the software was able to help the researcher to understand the command and the tools used in the program. There are a lot of knowledge and new skill gained throughout this project. It explains the operation of a system which software execution. Furthermore, this project is able to record the time, date, and condition of signal into Microsoft Excel and the prototype is designed to ensure the brightness of tower light is not effective to the Color Image Processing design and time have been manually converting into a table and graph. Moreover, image of good product must be saved as reference for Product Detect Design to determine the product is good or not. The time shown in every second of condition. Lastly, this project is plug in play.

5.2 Future Recommendation

In this section, the idea to improve the project is replacing record every second of condition into excel to every changing condition by using step sequence design and case structure or record the data not in second but in the hour. Furthermore, change the laptop as medium to MyRIO. MyRIO is LabVIEW instrument capabilities to work alone (MyRIO can save the excel.CSV same as laptop function).



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APPENDIX

Gant Chart PSM I

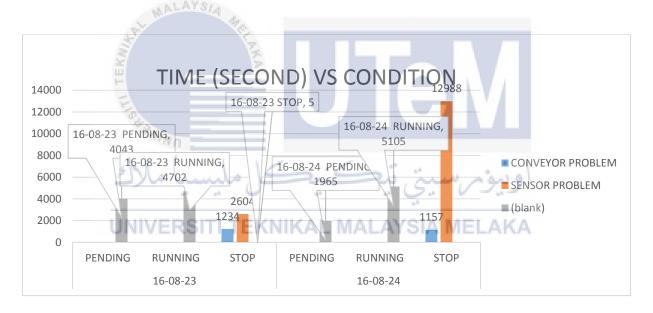
PROJECT	PLA	NN	IIN(G F	OR	PS	M 1							
				F	EBI	RUA	.RY	- M.	AY 2	2016				
PROJECT ACTIVITY							WE	EK						
TROJECT ACTIVITY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
PSM Briefing														
Meeting and project discussion with supervisor Research on project information Literature review					K			EAK	V					
Submit proposal	BP BRIEFING	بن	_		٠.	ŝ	متعيدة	SEM BREAK	ۇە	ون				
Study for project progress WWERSITI TEKN Study on programming software	IK.	AL	M	ΑL	AY	SI	AI	MID	LA	K	1			
Prepare for the report PSM I														
Submit report PSM I and present								-						

Gant Chart PSM II

PROJECT	PL	ANI	NIN	G F	OF	R PS	SM	2						
	SEPTEMBER - DECEMBER 2016													
PROJECT ACTIVITY	WEEK													
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Development and lab review on software														
Find equipment for hardware and focus on hardware part	Ī	Ī	Ī						1					
Hardware and software combination			J			J	7	EAK	\	4				
Test, run and troubleshooting circuit		ب.			: 2:	ي		SEM BREAK	Ċ	نبو	او			
Whole project testing	IK	AL	. IV	AL	Α'	15	Α	MID	EL	Ar	A			
Rearrange information and supervisor verification														
Complete and submit draft report														
Submit report PSM II and present														

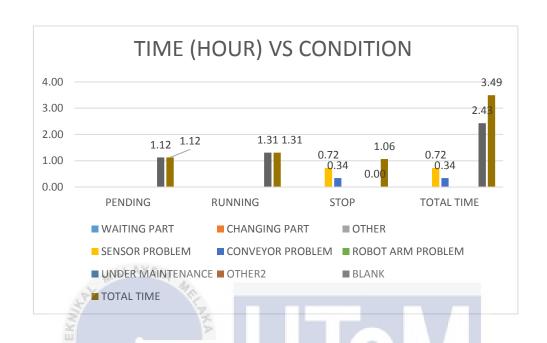
AUGUST 2016

DATE: 23.8.2016 - 24.8.2016				
	CONVEYOR PROBLEM	SENSOR PROBLEM	(blank)	Grand Total
16-08-23	1234	2604	8750	12588
PENDING			4043	4043
RUNNING			4702	4702
STOP	1234	2604	5	3843
16-08-24	1157	12988	7070	21215
PENDING			1965	1965
RUNNING			5105	5105
STOP	1157	12988		14145
Grand Total	2391	15592	15820	33803

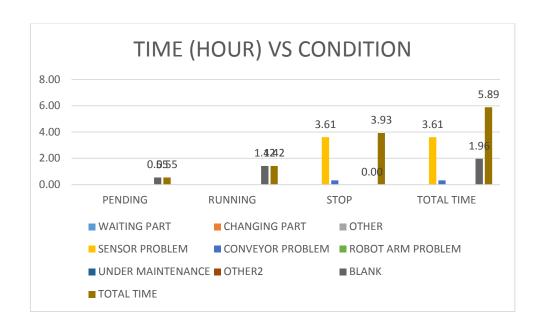


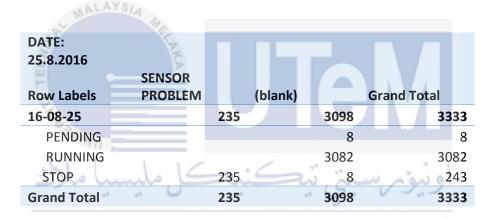
DATE: 23.8.20 16 (HOUR)	WAITI NG PART	CHANG ING PART	OTHER	SENSO R PROBL EM	CONVE YOR PROBL EM	ROBOT ARM PROBL EM	UNDER MAINT ENANC E	OTHER 2	BLANK	TOTAL TIME
PENDI NG	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	1.12	1.12
RUNNI	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	1 21	1 21
NG STOP	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.72	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.31 1.06

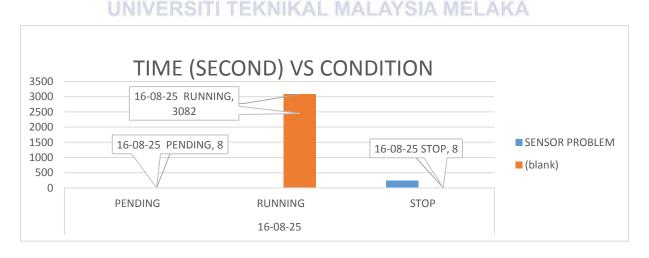
TOTAL										
TIME	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.72	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.43	3.49



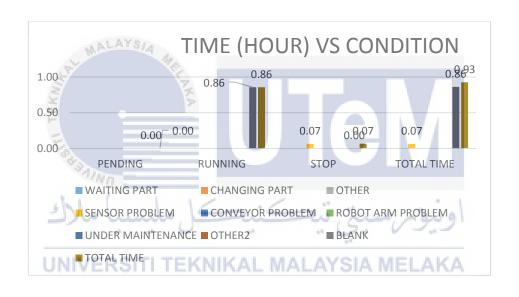
DATE:	2						4 A A			
24.8.20		Allen =		SENSO	CONVE	ROBOT	UNDER			
16	WAITI	CHANG		R	YOR	ARM	MAINT			
(HOUR	NG	ING	املي	PROBL	PROBL	PROBL	ENANC	OTHER		TOTAL
)	PART	PART	OTHER	EM	EM	EM	E/ Jan	2	BLANK	TIME
PENDI						4.7		_		
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00	NIKAI	_ MAL	AY 0.00	0.00	(A 0.00	0.55	0.55
RUNNI										
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	1.42	1.42
STOP	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.61	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.93
TOTAL										
TIME	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.61	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.96	5.89







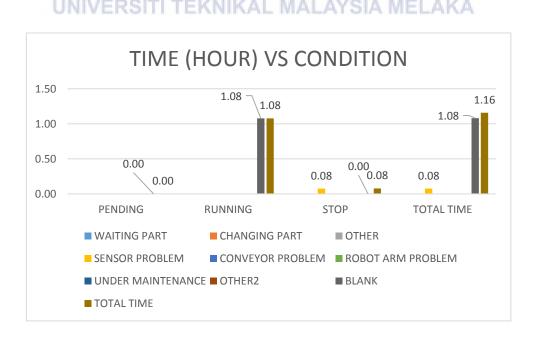
DATE: 25.8.20 16 (HOUR)	WAITI NG PART	CHANG ING PART	OTHER	SENSO R PROBL EM	CONVE YOR PROBL EM	ROBOT ARM PROBL EM	UNDER MAINT ENANC E	OTHER 2	BLANK	TOTAL TIME
PENDI										
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RUNNI										
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.86	0.86
STOP	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07
TOTAL										
TIME	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.86	0.93



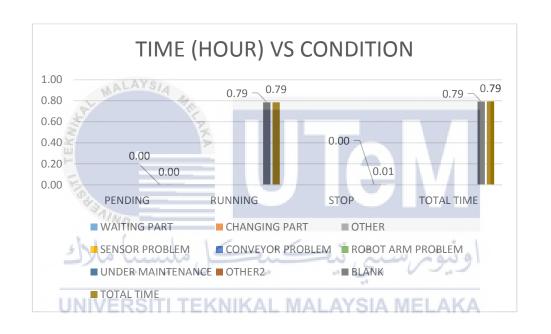
Count of TIME Row Labels	Column Labels CONVEYOR PROBLEM	SENSOR PROBLEM	(blank)	Grand Total
16-08-30	6	9	2839	2854
PENDING			12	12
RUNNING			2827	2827
STOP	6	9		15
16-08-29		278	3894	4172
PENDING			3	3
RUNNING			3885	3885
STOP		278	6	284
Grand Total	6	287	6733	7026



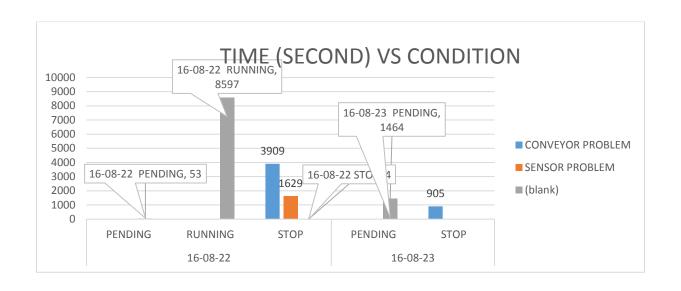
DATE: 29.8.20 16 (HOUR)	WAITL NG PART	CHANG ING PART	OTHER	SENSO R PROBL EM	CONVE YOR PROBL EM	ROBOT ARM PROBL EM	UNDER MAINT ENANC E	OTHER 2	BLANK	TOTAL TIME
PENDI NG	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RUNNI	0.00	2777	0.00			-		0.00	0.00	0.00
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	1.08	1.08
STOP	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08
TOTAL						6.	200	2		
TIME	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.08	1.16
NG STOP TOTAL	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0



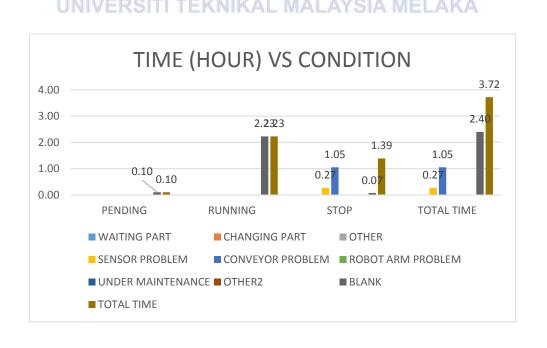
DATE: 30.8.20 16 (HOUR)	WAITI NG PART	CHANG ING PART	OTHER	SENSO R PROBL EM	CONVE YOR PROBL EM	ROBOT ARM PROBL EM	UNDER MAINT ENANC E	OTHER 2	BLANK	TOTAL TIME
PENDI										
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RUNNI										
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.79	0.79
STOP	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
TOTAL										
TIME	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.79	0.79



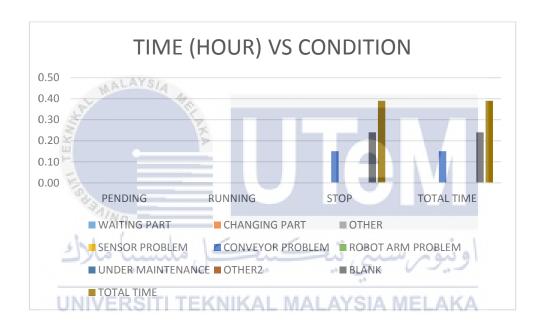
DATE:22.82016 - 23.8.2016				
	CONVEYOR PROBLEM	SENSOR PROBLEM	(blank)	Grand Total
16-08-22	3909	1629	8654	14192
PENDING			53	53
RUNNING			8597	8597
STOP	3909	1629	4	5542
16-08-23	905		1464	2369
PENDING			1464	1464
STOP	905			905
Grand Total	4814	1629	10118	16561



DATE: 22.8.20	4	MALAYS	MA Me	SENSO	CONVE	ROBOT	UNDER			
16	WAITI	CHANG	8	R	YOR	ARM	MAINT			
(HOUR	NG	ING	\$	PROBL	PROBL	PROBL	ENANC	OTHER		TOTAL
)	PART	PART =	OTHER	EM	EM	EM		2	BLANK	TIME
PENDI	=									
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.10
RUNNI	*	311Wa								
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	2.23	2.23
STOP	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	1.39
TOTAL		4		- 1		6.	1	7		
TIME	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.40	3.72



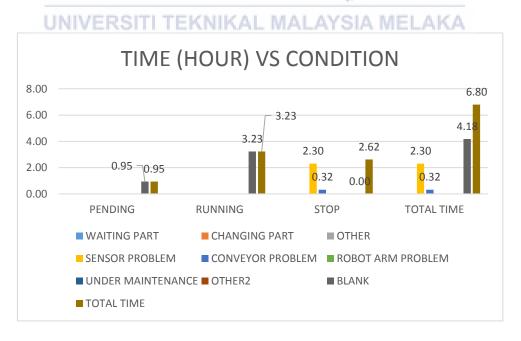
DATE: 23.8.20 16 (HOUR)	WAITI NG PART	CHANG ING PART	OTHER	SENSO R PROBL EM	CONVE YOR PROBL EM	ROBOT ARM PROBL EM	UNDER MAINT ENANC E	OTHER 2	BLANK	TOTAL TIME
PENDI NG	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00			0.00
RUNNI	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00			0.00
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00			0.00
STOP	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.15	0.00	0.00		0.24	0.39
TOTAL										
TIME	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.39



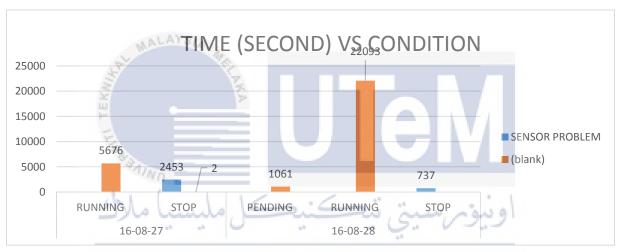
DATE:			
25.8.2016	25		
	SENSOR		
	PROBLEM	(blank)	Grand Total
16-08-25	8281	15044	23325
PENDING		3410	3410
RUNNING		11629	11629
STOP	8281	5	8286
Grand Total	8281	15044	23325



DATE:										
25.8.20		MALAY	3/4	SENSO	CONVE	ROBOT	UNDER			
16	WAITI	CHANG	Art.	R	YOR	ARM	MAINT			
(HOUR	NG	ING	E	PROBL	PROBL	PROBL	ENANC	OTHER		TOTAL
)	PART	PART	OTHER	EM	EM	EM		2	BLANK	TIME
PENDI	H	-								
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.95
RUNNI	10				- /	KA	4 A A			
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	3.23	3.23
STOP	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.30	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.62
TOTAL	5	بيا ما	املي	<u>_</u> .		al man	بين م	Δ		
TIME	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.30	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.18	6.80

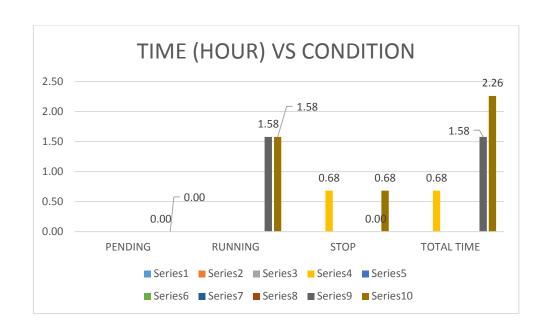


DATE: 27.8.2016 - 28.8.2016	27-28 SENSOR PROBLEM	(blank)	Grand Total
16-08-27	2453	5678	8131
RUNNING		5676	5676
STOP	2453	2	2455
16-08-28	737	23154	23891
PENDING		1061	1061
RUNNING		22093	22093
STOP	737		737
Grand Total	3190	28832	32022



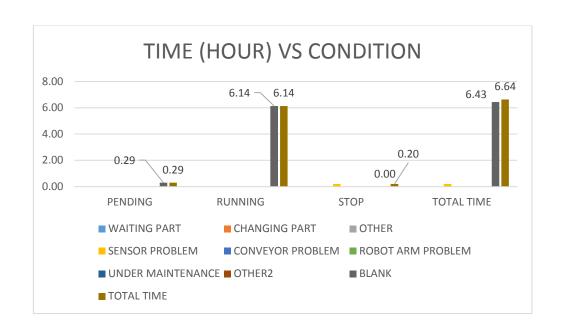
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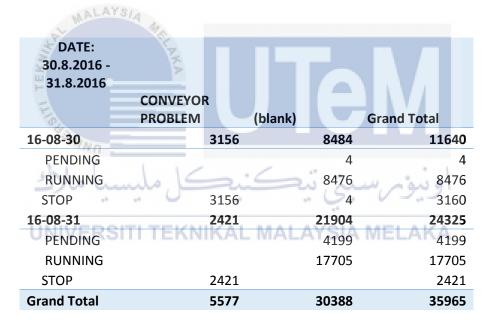
DATE: 27.8.20 16 (HOUR)	WAITI NG PART	CHANG ING PART	OTHER	SENSO R PROBL EM	CONVE YOR PROBL EM	ROBOT ARM PROBL EM	UNDER MAINT ENANC E	OTHER 2	BLANK	TOTAL TIME
PENDI NG	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RUNNI NG	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	1.58	1.58
STOP	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.68		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.68
TOTAL TIME	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.58	2.26

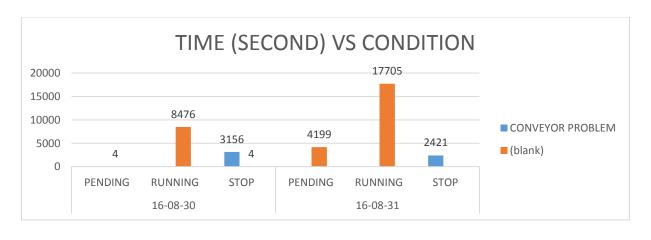


MALAYSIA

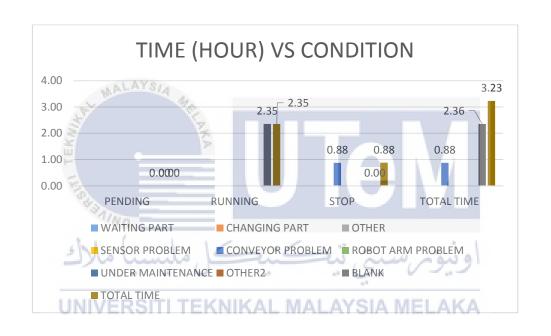
	6		4							
DATE:	3		19							
28.8.20	\$		3	SENSO	CONVE	ROBOT	UNDER			
16	WAITI	CHANG		R	YOR	ARM	MAINT			
(HOUR	NG	ING		PROBL	PROBL	PROBL	ENANC	OTHER		TOTAL
)	PART	PART	OTHER	EM	EM	EM	EV	2	BLANK	TIME
PENDI	10	§2000 ==								
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.29
RUNNI	3 1	٨				27 10	•			
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	6.14	6.14
STOP	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20
TOTAL	UNI	VERSI	TI TEK	NIKAI	_ MAL	AYSIA	MELAI	KA		
TIME	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.43	6.64



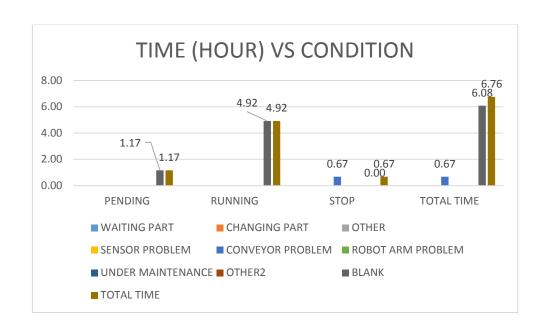


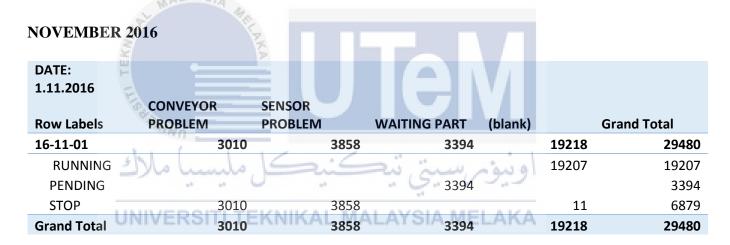


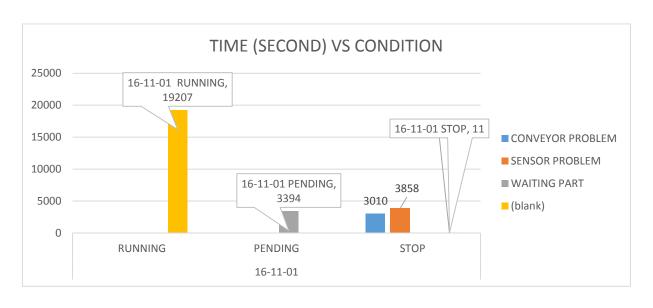
DATE: 30.8.20 16 (HOUR)	WAITI NG PART	CHANG ING PART	OTHER	SENSO R PROBL EM	CONVE YOR PROBL EM	ROBOT ARM PROBL EM	UNDER MAINT ENANC E	OTHER 2	BLANK	TOTAL TIME
PENDI NG	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RUNNI										
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	2.35	2.35
STOP	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88
TOTAL TIME	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.36	3.23



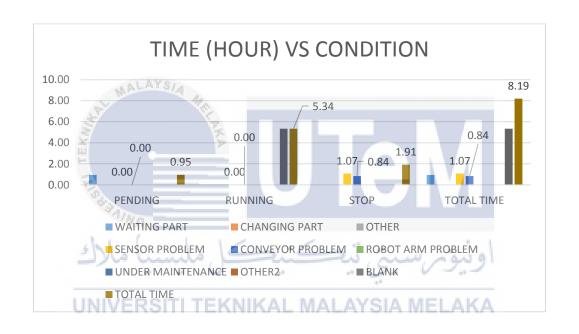
DATE:										
31.8.20				SENSO	CONVE	ROBOT	UNDER			
16	WAITI	CHANG		R	YOR	ARM	MAINT			
(HOUR	NG	ING		PROBL	PROBL	PROBL	ENANC	OTHER		TOTAL
)	PART	PART	OTHER	EM	EM	EM	E	2	BLANK	TIME
PENDI										
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	1.17	1.17
RUNNI										
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	4.92	4.92
STOP	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.67
TOTAL										
TIME	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.08	6.76



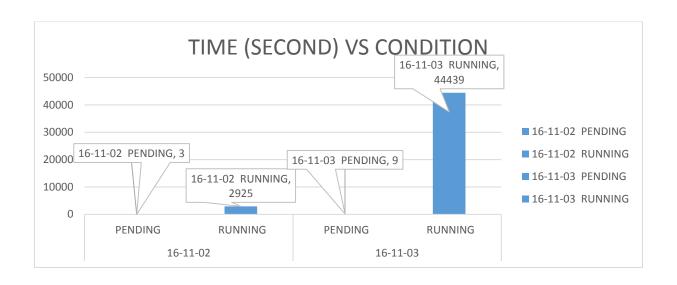




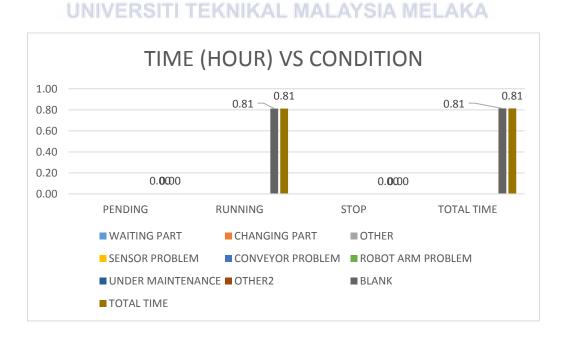
DATE: 01.11.2 016 (HOUR)	WAITI NG PART	CHANG ING PART	OTHER	SENSO R PROBL EM	CONVE YOR PROBL EM	ROBOT ARM PROBL EM	UNDER MAINT ENANC E	OTHER 2	BLANK	TOTAL TIME
PENDI										
NG	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.95
RUNNI										
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.34	5.34
STOP	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.07	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.91
TOTAL										
TIME	0.94	0.00	0.00	1.07	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.34	8.19



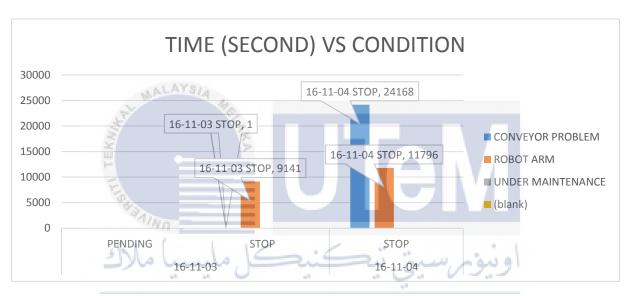
DATE: 02.11.2016 - 03.11.2016								
	(blank)	Grand	Total					
16-11-02		2928	2928					
PENDING		3	3					
RUNNING		2925	2925					
16-11-03		44448	44448					
PENDING		9	9					
RUNNING		44439	44439					
Grand Total		47376	47376					



DATE: 2.11.20 16 (HOUR)	WAITI NG PART	CHANG ING PART	OTHER ^D	SENSO R PROBL EM	CONVE YOR PROBL EM	ROBOT ARM PROBL EM	UNDER MAINT ENANC E	OTHER 2	BLANK	TOTAL TIME
PENDI NG	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RUNNI NG	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.81	0.81
STOP	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL TIME	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.81	0.81

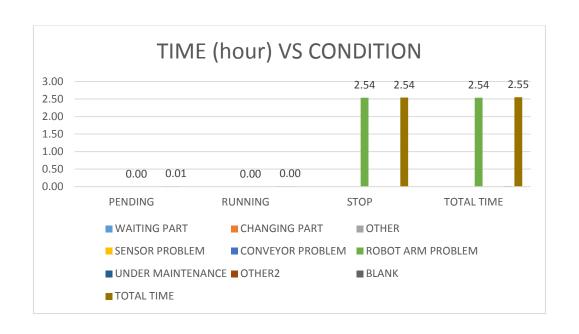


DATE: 03.11.2016 - 04.11.2016	CONVEYOR PROBLEM	ROBOT ARM	UNDER MAINTENANCE	(blank)	Grand Total
16-11-03	1	9141		44	9186
PENDING				27	27
STOP	1	9141		17	9159
16-11-04	24168	11796	1		35965
STOP	24168	11796	1		35965
Grand Total	24169	20937	1	44	45151



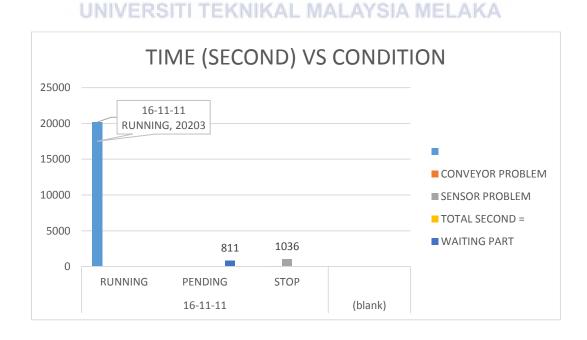
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DATE: 3.11.20 16 (HOUR)	WAITI NG PART	CHANG ING PART	OTHER	SENSO R PROBL EM	CONVE YOR PROBL EM	ROBOT ARM PROBL EM	UNDER MAINT ENANC E	OTHER 2	BLANK	TOTAL TIME
PENDI NG	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01
RUNNI NG	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
STOP	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.54
TOTAL TIME	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.54	0.00	0.00	0.01	2.55

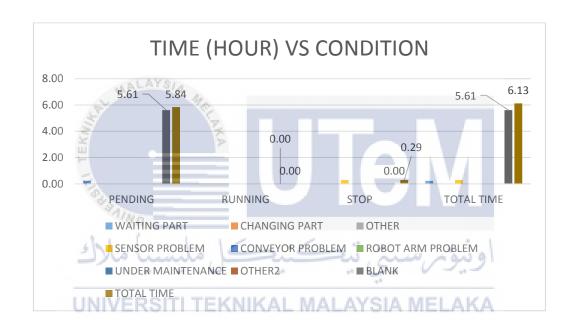


MALAYSIA

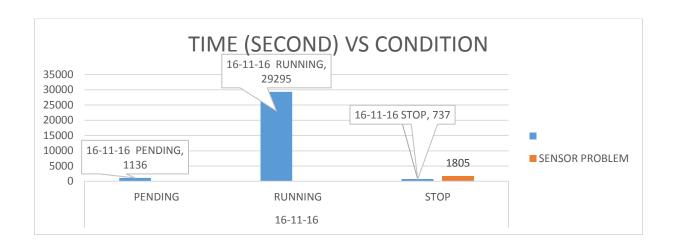
	2							
11.11.2016	8	7						
	Z.	CONVEYOR	SENSO	OR	TOTAL	WAITI	NG	
	<u> </u>	PROBLEM	PROBI	LEM	SECOND =	PART		Grand Total
16-11-11	20203		3	1036		. Y / L	811	22053
RUNNING	20203							20203
PENDING	AINI						811	811
STOP	661	1 1/	3	1036				1039
(blank)	سيا مالاك	ك ملد	2:5	$=\omega$	ررسيس	اوسوم		
Grand Total	20203		3	1036	9.0	10	811	22053



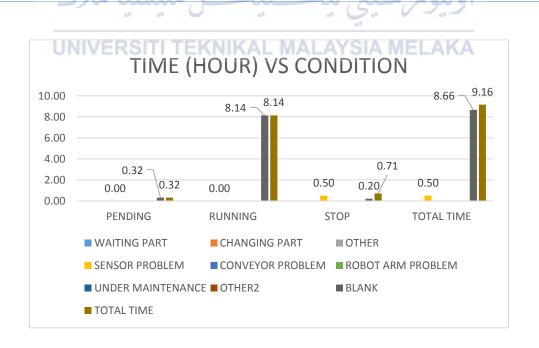
DATE: 3.11.20 16 (HOUR)	WAITI NG PART	CHANG ING PART	OTHER	SENSO R PROBL EM	CONVE YOR PROBL EM	ROBOT ARM PROBL EM	UNDER MAINT ENANC E	OTHER 2	BLANK	TOTAL TIME
PENDI										
NG	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.61	5.84
RUNNI										
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
STOP	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29
TOTAL										
TIME	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.61	6.13



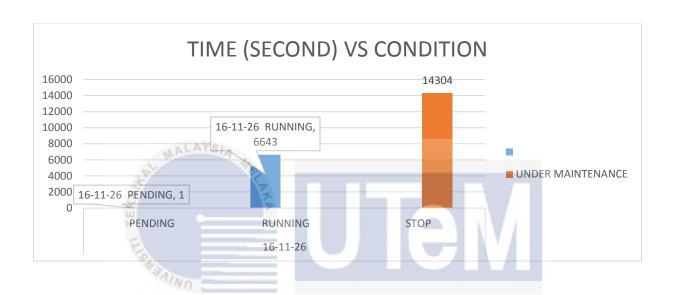
16.11.2016			
		SENSOR	
		PROBLEM	Grand Total
16-11-16	31168	1805	32973
PENDING	1136		1136
RUNNING	29295		29295
STOP	737	1805	2542
Grand Total	31168	1805	32973



DATE: 16.11.2		CHANG		SENSO	CONVE	ROBOT	UNDER			
016 (HOUR	WAITI NG	CHANG ING	IA MA	R PROBL	YOR PROBL	ARM PROBL	MAINT ENANC	OTHER		TOTAL
)	PART	PART	OTHER	EM	EM	EM	E .	2	BLANK	TIME
PENDI	2		3							
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.32
RUNNI	-									
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.14	8.14
STOP	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.71
TOTAL		. /								
TIME	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.66	9.16



26.11.2016		UNDER MAINTENANCE	Grand Total
16-11-26	6644	14304	20948
PENDING	1		1
RUNNING	6643		6643
STOP		14304	14304
Grand Total	6644	14304	20948



	1/2	1.		_		4 4				
DATE:		,,	~·			سیکی س	~~~	יע		
26.11.2				SENSO	CONVE	ROBOT	UNDER			
016	WAITI	CHANG	TI TEK	RIKAL	YOR	ARM /	MAINT	(A		
(HOUR	NG	ING		PROBL	PROBL	PROBL	ENANC	OTHER		TOTAL
)	PART	PART	OTHER	EM	EM	EM	Е	2	BLANK	TIME
PENDI										
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RUNNI										
NG	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.85	1.85
STOP	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.97	0.00	0.00	3.97
TOTAL										
TIME	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.97	0.00	1.85	5.82

