**GPS CLOCK** 

## NUR SAKINAH BINTI ABDUL RAZAK

This report is submitted in partial fulfillment of requirements for the Bachelor of Electronic Engineering (Industrial Electronic) with honours

> Faculty of Electronics and Computer Engineering Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka

> > June 2013

🔘 Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka

D-	NIVERSTI TEKNIKAL MALAYSIA MELAKA RUTERAAN ELEKTRONIK DAN KEJURUTERAAN KOMPUTER Borang pengesahan status laporan PROJEK SARJANA MUDA II
Tajuk Projek : GPS CL	OCK
Sesi Pengajian : 1 2	/ 1 3
	<b>DUL RAZAK</b> mengaku membenarkan Laporan Projek Sarjana dengan syarat-syarat kegunaan seperti berikut:
1. Laporan adalah hakmilik Unive	rsiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka.
2. Perpustakaan dibenarkan memb	uat salinan untuk tujuan pengajian sahaja.
	uat salinan laporan ini sebagai bahan pertukaran antara institusi
pengajian tinggi.	
4. Sila tandakan ( $$ ):	
SULIT*	*(Mengandungi maklumat yang berdarjah keselamatan atau kepentingan Malaysia seperti yang termaktub di dalam AKTA RAHSIA RASMI 1972)
TERHAD**	**(Mengandungi maklumat terhad yang telah ditentukan oleh organisasi/badan di mana penyelidikan dijalankan)
TIDAK TERHAD	
5	Disahkan oleh:
	A & DAVA KING
Jez.	Fakutti Kejurutaraan Elektronik ban Kejurutaraan Komputer Fakutti Kejurutaraan Elektronik ban Kejurutaraan Komputer
(TANDATANGAN PENUL	IS) Fakulti Kejurutaraan Lannikal Maraysia Malaka (U UNA) (COMPARY TANIGA FANGARAPENXELIA) 76100 Durian Tunggal, Melaka.
	76100 0000
Tarikh: $11/06/2013$	Tarikh: $11/06/2013$
	7
	A

18.5

"I hereby declare that this report is the result of my own work except for quotes as cited in the references"

83

:

Signature Author's Name Date

"I hereby declare that I have read this report and in my opinion this report is sufficient in terms of the scope and quality for the award of Bachelor of Electronic Engineering (Industrial Electronics) with honours"

> Signature Supervisor's Name Date

: Siti Aisyah binti Anas : 11/06/2013

iv

Dedicated in thankful for appreciation for support, encouragement understanding to my beloved mother and all my family members



#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

التحمزال تحت

In the Name of Allāh, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful

First of all, I would like to thank to Allah S.W.T to have me here in Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka. I would also like to acknowledge and thank a lot to my supervisor, Miss Siti Aisyah binti Anas and also Mr Mazran bin Esro for all the guidance, advice and inspiration along completing this project.

Secondly, I would like to appreciate a lot of thankfulness to my loving mother, Hajah Zanib bt Md Gozali and also my late father, Abdul Razak bin Ali, to all my family members and all of my lecturers for teaching and also for the moral support given when I was facing difficult to complete this project.

Finally, I would to thanks all my friends for their patience, understanding, helpfulness, informational sharing and cooperation to complete our final year degree together.

### ABSTRACT

The purpose of this project is to develop a GPS clock where the information of GPS data is extracted from GPS modem. GPS Modem is a device that provides accurate information such as time, date, longitude, and latitude. To ensure the accuracy of the GPS clock, GPS clock is compare with Malaysian Standard Time. The advantages of this GPS clock is it can provide the most accurate time to user and it also required less technical maintenance. The difference between GPS clock and high spot wall clock is that the time sometimes need to be adjusts because the time deviation is not very accurate. The user needs to climb up manually to adjust the wall clock where it is hard to reach. GPS clock provide the solution for this problem which automatically correct time information. In addition, this GPS clock is embed with Xbee, a wireless communication device that can transmit and receive the time data accordingly. The transmitter of Xbee will transmit the data from fragmentation date and time data of GPS and sent to the community and act as reference clock anywhere.

### ABSTRAK

Tujuan projek ini ialah untuk membangunkan satu jam GPS di mana maklumat data GPS dikeluarkan dari modem GPS. GPS Modem ialah sebuah alat yang memberikan maklumat tepat seperti masa, tarikh, garis bujur , dan latitud. Untuk memastikan ketepatan jam GPS, jam GPS bandingkan dengan Standard Malaysia Time. Kelebihan jam GPS ini ialah ia boleh menyediakan paling masa tepat untuk pengguna dan ia juga perlukan penyenggaraan yang kurang teknikal. Perbezaan antara jam GPS dan jam dinding yang tinggi adalah kadangkala paparan masa perlu dilaraskan semula kerana sisihan masa tidaklah terlalu tepat. Pengguna perlu melaras jam secara manual untuk membetulkan paparan jam dinding di mana ia adalah sukar untuk dicapai. Jam GPS menyediakan penyelesaian untuk masalah masa ini yang secara automatik membetulkan maklumat tersebut. Di samping itu, jam GPS ini disambungkan dengan XBee, alat komunikasi tanpa wayar yang boleh menghantar dan menerima data masa sewajarnya. Pemancar XBee akan menghantar data dari pemecahan data GPS masa dan tarikhn; dan dihantar ke alamat destinasi penerima Xbee. Diharapkan bahawa projek ini memberi manfaat kepada masyarakat sebagai rujukan masa di mana saja.

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

## CHAPTER CONTENT

### PAGE

PROJECT TITLE	i
AUTHORIZATION FORM	ii
STUDENT DECLARATION	iii
SUPERVISOR DECLARATION	iv
DEDICATION	V
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	vi
ABSTRACT	vii
ABSTRAK	viii
TABLE OF CONTENTS	ix
LIST OF TABLES	xii
LIST OF FIGURES	xiii
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	xvi

# 1 INTRODUCTION

1.1	Overview	1
1.2	Introduction of Project	1
1.3	Project Objectives	4
1.4	Problem Statement	5
1.5	Project Scope	6

1.6	A Short Description of Methodology	7
1.7	Report Structure	8

## 2 LITERATURE REVIEW

2.1	Introduction	10
2.2	GPS System	11
2.3	The Comparison of Three Different GPS Modem	12
2.4	String Filtering Method	13
2.5	GPS Pseudorange	15
2.6	System Performance of GPS Clock	16

# 3 METHODOLOGY

3.1	Introduction	19
3.2	Preliminary Stage	19
3.3	Stage 1: Project Plan & Flow Chart	19
3.4	Stage 2: Data Acquisition	22
3.5	Stage 2: Software Development	26
3.6	Stage 4: Hardware Development	31
3.7	Stage 5: Combine The Program Code of	31
	Microcontroller with GPS Modem, Xbee Modem	
	and LCD Display	
3.8	Stage 6: Test And Optimize The Program Code	32
3.9	Stage 8: Integration of Overall System	32
3.10	The Expected Result	32

## 4 **RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS**

4.1	Introduction	34
4.2	Preliminary Result PSM 1	34
4.3	Final Result (PSM2)	37
4.4	Result of Project	49
4.5	Data Analysis	52

# 5 CONCLUSION

5.1	Conclusion	54
5.2	Suggestion for Future Development	55
5.3	Application for the System	55

# **REFERENCES** 56

APPENDIX A	57
APPENDIX B	58
APPENDIX C	60

# LIST OF TABLES

NO	TITLE	PAGE
1	PIC Device Features	24
2	The Basic C Program Structure for PIC	30
3	Data accuracy analysis	53
4	Gantt chart	58

# LIST OF FIGURES

NO	TITLE	PAGE
1	Two part in this project	1
2	Orbits for global positioning system (GPS) satellites	11
3	Satellites in geostationary orbit	12
4	Flow chart method "string filter" from journal [1]	14
5	A schematic diagram showing how the GPS pseudorange	16
5	observation is related to the satellite and receiver clocks	
6	The flow chart of reset and alter signals sequences	17
7	Flow chart of the project	20
8	Flow chart of the software development	21
9	Flow chart of the hardware development	22
10	Pin Diagram PIC16F876A	24
11	Pin Diagram PIC16F877A	24
12	Circuit Diagram of PIC16F876A 28-pin microcontroller	25
13	Flow chart of printed circuit board (PCB) design	26
14	PIC C Compiler	29
15	An example of overview of PIC C Compiler software	30
16	RS232 data interface cable	35
17	The connection test for the GPS data extract from GPS	35
17	modem by using RS232	
18	The result as show in HyperTerminal software	36
19	The GPS modem LED blinking	36
20	Circuit diagram in ISIS Proteus software	38

21	Circuit diagram for LCD display connection to port B	38
22	The connection in main GPS clock (TX)	39
23	The connection in wireless clock (RX)	39
24	PCB design in ARES Proteus software for Main GPS clock	40
25	PCB design for wireless clock of GPS clock	40
26	PCB design for LCD display connection to port B	40
27	The 3D output view of PCB design	40
28	The PCB design after fabrication process	41
29	Circuit board with component after soldering process	41
30	Test and troubleshoot circuit board design	42
31	The 1st Xbee modem detect (COM8)	43
32	The 1st Xbee modem detect (COM9)	43
33	Test COM8 by send "WELCOME" message to COM9	44
34	COM9 successfully receive the "WELCOME" message	44
34	from COM8	
35	Test COM9 by send "WELCOME" message to COM8	45
26	COM8 successfully receive the "WELCOME" message	45
36	from COM9	
37	COM8 serial number	46
38	COM9 serial number	46
39	COM8 as coordinator	47
40	COM9 as router / end device	47
41	Complete integration software and hardware development	48
42	The GPS and Xbee modem placed bottom PIC circuit	48
43	PIC16F876A at top and Xbee at bottom	48
44	Prototype front, side and top view	49
45	The system block diagram for GPS clock project	49
46	Flowchart of GPS clock (Software & Hardware)	50
47	Test the indoor range inside double-storey house	51
48	Indoor range test	51
49	Malaysian Standard Time	52

XV



## LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

ASCII	-	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
BOR	-	Brown-out Reset
EEPROM	-	Erasable Programmable Read Only Memory
GPS	-	Global Positioning System
GPGGA	-	Global Positioning System Fix Data
GLL	-	Geographic Latitude and Longitude
GSA	-	GPS DOP and active satellites
GSV	-	GNSS Satellites in View
GMT	-	Greenwich Mean Time
IEEE	-	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
I/O	-	Input or Output
LCD	-	Liquid Crystal Diode
NMEA	-	National Marine Electronics Association
OST	-	Oscillator Start-up Timer
PIC	-	Programmable Interface Controllers
PC	-	Personal Computer
PWM	-	Pulse Width Modulation
PDIP	-	Plastic Dual Inline Package
POR	-	Power-On Reset
PWRT	-	Power-up Timer
QFN	-	Quad Flat No-Lead
RS232	-	Recommended Standard 232
RISC	-	Reduced Instruction Set Computer



RMC	- Recommended Minimum Specific GPS Data
SOIC	- Small-Outline Integrated Circuit
SIRIM	- Standards & Industrial Research Institute of Malaysia
UTeM	- Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka
UTC	- Coordinated Universal Time
VTG	- Course over Ground and Ground Speed
ZDA	- Time and Date

### **CHAPTER 1**

#### INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Background

Global Positioning System or GPS is well known and widely used. Example of application using global positioning system is the current smart phone. This system provides location and time information in all weather conditions and can help the user to give exact location time based on their current location.

There have been many types of global positioning system such as sport GPS system and watches; phones with GPS and street navigation system.

#### **1.2** Introduction of Project

This project starts with a research form internet and observation surrounding. Nowadays, the GPS information system only focuses to application for vehicle and mobile phone user. Hence, the project to design a prototype of broadcast system to display the time information via GPS clock system needed to be developed. The systems provide an accurate time and date information for the clock to display on LCD with GPS



fragmentation data. GPS receiver will provide location position and current time information. The data from GPS will be sent to an embedded microcontroller device to process and display the time and date. The system will automatically correct and update current time and date accordingly through GPS modem data.

The GPS clock is a digital display clock. When the GPS clock is turned on, it will initialize less than one second for GPS to modem receive the information data and PIC microcontroller extract the data. The GPS fragmentation data after that displayed on LCD which include the time and date. At the same time, fragmentation of data will be broadcast from one point to another point via Xbee modem and displayed on LCD. The GPS clock time and date will continuously update and autocorrect information as long as the power supply is turned on. This will reduce the need for maintenance in the future when the system is fully produced. GPS systems can also be implemented on the time display to be positioned in a building or other facility.

These GPS clock is divided into two clock device, one is main GPS clock and another one is wireless clock of GPS clock. The main GPS clock is contain GPS modem, PIC microcontroller, Xbee modem and LCD display. The wireless clock of GPS clock is only consist Xbee modem and PIC microcontroller. Xbee is used as wireless communication devices that transmit and receive the time and date data. This wireless clock used Xbee modem as receive the time and date from the transmitter of Xbee at main GPS clock and display the receive data at LCD display. This system consists two parts which is main GPS clock and wireless clock of GPS clock:-

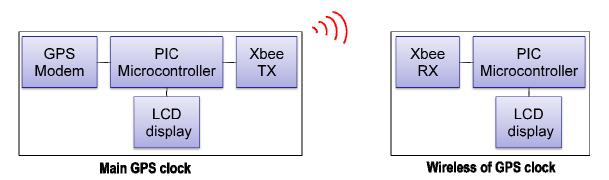


Figure 1: Two part in this project

Using the GPS receiver as a data resource of an accurate time gives more positive and useful for user. The advantages of GPS clock is:

- i. An autocorrect clock system when power is up because it is used DC supply.
- ii. Free maintenance: Consumer no need to adjust the clock data (time) because it is autocorrect clock.
- iii. Inside building: Consumer inside the building get the right and same information of time and date of GPS clock in their broadcast range.
- iv. Education: Give more time for learning. For lecture or teacher, it will help most of class time by drafting time teach them with more quality per chapter. But for student, it will teach students to be more punctual when step to classes. So it will increase potential of the student community to more appreciate the value of time.
- v. Government or Non-government sector: The employer will standardize the time of employees punch in and out. With an accuracy of time-tracking, it will capture lost productivity with precise timing by following their standardize time and goal.
- vi. Public: If the GPS clock placed in high spot and clearly to see, it can help public estimate their travel time from one destination to another destination. So, it will educate society to more appreciate in time.
- vii. Corporate: The employees improve productivity and increase accountability for managing time starting and ending their day on time. The meeting will start and finish on schedule and as to keep breaks limited time stated in Human Resource policy.

### **1.3 Project Objectives**

The main objectives of this GPS Clock project are to give the user the accurate time with real time system.

The objectives to develop this project are:



- 1. To design and developed a GPS clock.
- To extract data and time from GPS modem, then segregate the data, and display on the LCD display.
  - a) The GPS modem receives a continuously data string with contains location and time in NMEA protocol. The GPS clock only use and display data of time which is hour, minute and second. By using developed software, the data string of another information and time need to be successfully extract from GPS modem, then segregate the data, and display only time on LCD display.
- To develop an algorithm to update or reset clock when deviation from GPS clock is high.
  - a) The algorithm to update or reset clock when deviation from GPS clock high is developed by using programmed software. The meaning of GPS clock deviation high is when GPS receive data which include of UTC time. The problem is UTC time need to update or reset by refer to local time zones. As developed software is an algorithm to correct the time accurately in this project.
- 4. To compare accuracy of GPS clock with Malaysian Standard Time
  - a) The accuracy of GPS clock and Malaysian Std. Time is compare manually. The collected data is presented in table analysis in result.
- 5. To establish a communication between the GPS modem, PIC microcontroller, Xbee modem and LCD display.
  - a) The communication between each component influence in this project must troubleshoot and test their performance as show the final result of GPS clock is achieved.

#### **1.4 Problem Statement**

There have several problems if user does not know the time of a day accurately. It is important to neither get perfect time for arranged working time nor do anything else. GPS Clock with navigational system determines us the time of a day accurately and display only hour, minute and second in LCD display in any weather. In the situation where when wall clock were in high spot and difficult to be achieved, consumer no need to keep climb up to adjusted anymore the time but the GPS clock will automatically adjusting time if any inaccurate time occurs during it function.

There have been several problem statements that involve implementing this GPS clock project:

- Useless battery consumption: The used of disposable battery consumption affect the performance of clock making the performance slow and time display not accurate. The disposable battery also cannot use for long term.
- 2. No accurate time: There no standardize of time display in inside building or in office room, the employee will not punctual in and out. This will cause the weakness productivity and quality of time management because of the time display not correct.
- 3. No exactly time display: Consumer will deliberately or certainly set their clock leading than usual time clock. This is to avoid them from too late get up at the morning, to complete the work or task, and any other reason. This is because people are do not know the exactly the time, so they lead the time than usual.
- 4. Difficult maintenance: In high spot wall clock, sometimes the time need to adjust because the time is lag or lead is high. The consumer need to climbing up to manually adjust wall clock were it is difficult to be achieve.
- 5. No automatic correct for the clock when the power source is off.

As problem statement listed above, by implement this GPS clock will display an accurate and exactly time display, use direct current source which maintain clock

performance, free maintenance and autocorrect the clock automatically when power up. This will cause generate society is disciplined and more appreciating time. Furthermore, it is will improve and enhance productivity and quality of time management in that facility area.

#### 1.5 Project scope

There are three main parts involve in this project of GPS clock which is research of other related project, software developed and hardware developed. In research with other related project is a from literature review with other related GPS clock project. In software developed is study in basic C programming, GPS data protocol, writing program command for GPS clock, setting Xbee modem for broadcast GPS clock data and show on LCD display. The design circuit of GPS clock is also carried out in design circuit software. For the hardware part is the process of connection the PIC microcontroller, GPS modem, Xbee modem and LCD display. After that, integrate the program code with hardware. The test and troubleshoot implement if there is an error occur. All parts should be completed to ensure this system operates properly.

The scope of work in this project is described as follows:

- 1. Literature Review of GPS clock project
- 2. Study the Basic C Programming
- 3. Design the PIC microcontroller of PIC16F876A circuit
- 4. Setting the condition of Xbee transmitter and receiver address number
- 5. PIC Programming for GPS Clock, Xbee and the LCD display
- 6. Integrate Program Code with Hardware
- Configure communication between microcontroller PIC16F877A, GPS modem, Xbee modem and LCD display
- 8. Develop the hardware
- 9. Test and Troubleshoot the system

The scope of work in this project is included design circuit diagram of PIC microcontroller (PIC16F876A) and it is connection to GPS modem, Xbee modem and LCD display.

#### 1.6 A Short Description of Methodology

The project will be dividing into two parts, which is part 1 and part 2. The part 1 of the project will be done on the first semester and part 2 will be done on the second semester. Further explanation of methodology will discuss in Chapter 3.

Part 1 will cover a few stages, which are:

- a) Research and understand the flow of GPS system function.
- b) The reliability of GPS data extracted from GPS modem must be test with a PC through RS232.
- c) Extract the GPS data from the GPS modem and display on the HyperTerminal software.
- d) Understand the function of GPS data output that produce in NMEA protocol.

Part 2 will cover a few stages, which are:

- a) Design and developed the circuit of PIC16F876A circuit.
- b) Setting the Xbee modem for transmitter and receiver.
- c) Write the program code for extract data string from GPS receiver module and segregate it into a useful data for time synchronizing and then display at LCD.
- d) The developed program code as an algorithm to update or reset clock and then compare with Malaysia Standard Time.
- e) Develop the integration of software and hardware, testing and troubleshoot if have any error.